

**EXHIBIT 2**

**THIS PROPOSED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS NOT A SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN. ACCEPTANCES OR REJECTIONS OF THE PLAN MAY NOT BE SOLICITED UNTIL THE BANKRUPTCY COURT HAS APPROVED A DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT TO DATE. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS NOT AN OFFER TO SELL ANY SECURITIES AND IS NOT A SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY ANY SECURITIES.**

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re

Lordstown Motors Corp., *et al.*,<sup>1</sup>

Debtors.

Chapter 11

Case No. 23-10831 (MFW)

(Jointly Administered)

**DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. § 1125 WITH  
RESPECT TO [FIRST AMENDED](#) JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF  
LORDSTOWN MOTORS CORP. AND ITS AFFILIATED DEBTORS**

<sup>1</sup> The Debtors and the last four digits of their respective taxpayer identification numbers are: Lordstown Motors Corp. (3239); Lordstown EV Corporation (2250); and Lordstown EV Sales LLC (9101). The Debtors' service address is 27000 Hills Tech Dr., Farmington Hills, MI 48331.

**WHITE & CASE LLP**

Thomas E Lauria ([admitted](#) *pro hac vice*  
~~admitted~~)

Matthew C. Brown ([admitted](#) *pro hac vice*  
~~admitted~~)

Fan B. He ([admitted](#) *pro hac vice* ~~admitted~~)  
200 S. Biscayne Blvd  
Miami, FL 33131

David M. Turetsky ([admitted](#) *pro hac vice*  
~~admitted~~)

1221 Avenue of the Americas  
New York, New York 10020

Jason N. Zakia ([admitted](#) *pro hac vice* ~~admitted~~)  
111 South Wacker Drive  
Chicago, IL 60606

~~Roberto Kampfner (*pro hac vice* admitted)~~  
~~Doah Kim (*pro hac vice* admitted)~~  
~~RJ Szuba (*pro hac vice* admitted)~~  
~~555 South Flower Street, Suite 2700~~  
~~Los Angeles, CA 90071~~

**~~RICHARDS, LAYTON & FINGER, P.A.~~**

~~Kevin Gross (No. 209)~~

~~Daniel J. DeFranceschi (No. 2732)~~

~~Paul N. Heath (No. 3704)~~

**WHITE & CASE LLP**

Roberto Kampfner (admitted *pro hac vice*)

Doah Kim (admitted *pro hac vice*)

RJ Szuba (admitted *pro hac vice*)

555 South Flower Street, Suite 2700

Los Angeles, CA 90071

**WOMBLE BOND DICKSON (US) LLP**

~~Amanda R. Steele~~ (Donald J. Detweiler (Bar

No. ~~5530~~3087)

~~Jason M. Madron~~ (Morgan L. Patterson (Bar

No. ~~4431~~5388)

~~One Rodney Square~~

~~920 N. King Street~~

1313 North Market Street, Suite 1200

Wilmington, ~~DE~~Delaware

19801

Counsel and Proposed Co-Counsel to the Debtors and Debtors in Possession

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
<b>ARTICLE I INTRODUCTION</b>	<b>1</b>
A. Definitions	1
B. Exhibits	1
C. Purpose of this Disclosure Statement	1
D. Important Notices and Disclaimers	2
E. Brief Overview of the Plan	4
<b>ARTICLE II OVERVIEW OF THE DEBTORS</b>	<b><del>5</del>6</b>
A. The Debtors' Background and Prepetition Business Operations	<del>5</del> 6
1. SPAC Merger	<del>6</del> 7
2. Partnership with Foxconn	7
B. The Debtors' Corporate Structure	<del>8</del> 9
C. The Debtors' Capital Structure	<del>8</del> 9
D. The Debtors' <del>Workforce</del> <u>Board</u> and <del>Facilities</del> <u>Management</u>	10
<u>E. The Debtors' Workforce and Facilities</u>	<u>11</u>
<del>E</del> <u>F.</u> Prepetition Litigation	<del>10</del> <u>12</u>
1. SEC Investigation and Securities Actions	<del>10</del> <u>12</u>
2. Karma Litigation	<del>13</del> <u>16</u>
<del>F</del> <u>G.</u> Circumstances Leading to the Commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases	<del>13</del> <u>16</u>
<b>ARTICLE III OVERVIEW OF THE CHAPTER 11 CASES</b>	<b><del>15</del>18</b>
A. Commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases	<del>15</del> 18
B. First Day and Second Day Relief	<del>15</del> 18
1. Operational First Day Motions and Relief Granted	<del>15</del> 18
2. Procedural First and Second Day Motions	<del>16</del> 19
C. The Sale Process	<del>17</del> 19
<u>D. Potential Assumption, Assignment, and Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases</u>	<u>22</u>
<del>D</del> <u>E.</u> Retention of Debtors' Chapter 11 Professionals	<del>18</del> 23
<del>E</del> <u>F.</u> Appointment of <del>Creditors'</del> <u>Derivative Claims Oversight Committee</u> <del>18</del> and Retention of Special	<del>18</del>
<u>G. Appointment of UCC</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>H. Appointment of the EC</u>	<u>24</u>
<del>F</del> <u>I.</u> Schedules and Statements and Claims Bar Dates	<del>19</del> 24
<del>G</del> <u>J.</u> Exclusivity	<del>19</del> 25
<del>H</del> <u>K.</u> The Foxconn Adversary Proceeding	<del>20</del> 26
<del>I</del> <u>L.</u> Foxconn's Motion to Dismiss or Convert the Chapter 11 Cases	<del>20</del> 26
<del>J</del> <u>M.</u> The Debtors' Preliminary Injunction Proceeding	<del>20</del> 27
<del>K</del> <u>N.</u> Karma Developments and Settlement	<del>21</del> 27
<u>O. Post-Petition Directors and Officers Litigation</u>	<u>28</u>
<b>ARTICLE IV THE PLAN</b>	<b><del>22</del>31</b>
A. Overview of the Plan	<del>22</del> 31

<b>B.</b>	<b>Unclassified Claims</b>	<b>2432</b>
1.	Unclassified Claims Summary	2432
2.	Unclassified Claims	2433
<b>C.</b>	<b>Classification and Treatment Under the Plan</b>	<b>2735</b>
1.	Summary of Classification of Claims and Interests	2735
2.	Classified Claims and Interests Details	3141
3.	Elimination of Vacant Classes	3449
4.	Separate Classification of Secured Claims	3549
5.	Voting Classes; Presumed Acceptance by Non-Voting Classes	3549
6.	Controversy Concerning Impairment	3549
<b>D.</b>	<b>Acceptance or Rejection of the Plan; Effect of Rejection By One or More Classes of Claims <u>or Interests</u></b>	<b>3549</b>
1.	Classes Entitled to Vote	3549
2.	Class Acceptance Requirement	3550
3.	Cramdown and No Unfair Discrimination	3650
<b>E.</b>	<b>Means of Implementation of the Plan</b>	<b>3650</b>
1.	Consolidation for Distribution Purposes Only	3650
2.	Post-Effective Date Status	3752
3.	Sources of Consideration for Distributions	3852
4.	Claims <del>Administrator</del> <u>Ombudsman</u>	3852
5.	Post-Effective Date Matters	4055
6.	Board of Directors and Officers	4055
7.	Vesting of Assets	4156
8.	Existing Securities	4156
9.	Preservation of Net Operating Losses	4156
10.	Preservation of Causes of Action	4257
11.	Preservation of Insurance	4358
<u>12.</u>	<u>Preservation of Evidence Related to Putative Class Actions</u>	<u>59</u>
<del>12</del> 13.	<del>Indemnification Obligations</del>	<del>43</del> 59
<del>13</del> 14.	<del>Setoffs and Recoupments</del>	<del>43</del> 59
<del>14</del> 15.	<del>Exemption from Certain Taxes and Fees</del>	<del>44</del> 60
<del>15</del> 16.	<del>Approval of Plan Documents</del>	<del>44</del> 60
<del>16</del> 17.	<del>Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions</del>	<del>44</del> 60
<del>17</del> 18.	<del>Tax Matters</del>	<del>44</del> 60
<del>18</del> 19.	<del>Settlements</del>	<del>45</del> 61
<del>19.</del>	<del>Equitable Subordination of Foxconn Interests</del>	<del>45</del>
20.	<del>GUTC Cash Pool Adjustment</del> <u>Litigation Trust</u>	<u>46</u> 61
21.	<del>General Unsecured Trade Claim Recoveries</del> <u>Claims Payable by Third Parties</u>	<u>46</u>
<b>F.</b>	<b>Provisions Regarding Distributions</b>	<b>4662</b>
1.	Distribution Record Date	4662
2.	Cash Payments	4762
3.	Allocation of Distributions; Postpetition Interest on Claims	4762
4.	Delivery of Distributions	4763
5.	Compliance with Tax Requirements	4863
6.	No Distribution in Excess of Allowed Amounts	4864

7.	<i>Special Rules for Distributions to Holders of Disputed Claims and Interests</i>	4964
8.	<i>Manner of Payment Under Plan</i>	4964
G.	<i>Procedures for Disputed Claims</i>	5065
1.	<i>Allowance of Claims</i>	5065
2.	<i>Claims and Interests Administration Responsibilities</i>	5066
3.	<i>Estimation of Claims</i>	5166
4.	<i>Adjustment to Claims Register Without Objection</i>	5267
5.	<i>Disallowance of Claims</i>	5267
6.	<i>Reimbursement or Contribution</i>	5267
7.	<i>Amendments to Proofs of Claim</i>	5368
8.	<i>No Distributions Pending Allowance</i>	5368
9.	<i>Allowed and Disputed Claims Reserve Reserves</i>	5368
10.	<i>Distributions After Allowance</i>	5369
11.	<i>Single Satisfaction of Claims</i>	5469
H.	<i>Settlement, Release, Injunction, and Related Provisions</i>	5469
1.	<i>Compromise and Settlement of Claims, Interests, and Controversies</i>	5469
2.	<i>Discharge of Claims and Termination of Interests</i>	5470
3.	<i>Releases by the Debtors</i>	5570
4.	<i>Releases by Holders of Claims and Interests</i>	5572
5.	<i>Exculpation</i>	5674
6.	<i>Injunction</i>	5775
7.	<i>Release of Liens</i>	5876
I.	<i>Executory Contracts</i>	5876
1.	<i>Rejection of Executory Contracts</i>	5876
2.	<i>Time for Filing Rejection Claims</i>	5876
3.	<i>Reservation of Rights</i>	5977
J.	<i>Conditions Precedent to Confirmation and the Effective Date</i>	5977
1.	<i>Conditions to Occurrence of the Effective Date</i>	5977
2.	<i>Waiver of Conditions to Confirmation and Effective Date</i>	5977
3.	<i>Effect of Failure of Conditions to the Effective Date</i>	6078
K.	<i>Effect of Confirmation</i>	6078
1.	<i>Deemed Consent</i>	6078
2.	<i>No Waiver</i>	6078
3.	<i>Disallowed Claims and Disallowed Interests</i>	6079
L.	<i>Retention of Jurisdiction</i>	6179
ARTICLE V	<i>CERTAIN TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN</i>	6381
A.	<i>Certain Tax Treatment Consequences to Holders of Interests</i>	6583
B.	<i>Certain Tax Treatment Consequences to Holders of General Unsecured Trade Claims</i>	6583
C.	<i>Certain Tax Consequences to Holders of Section 510(b) Claims</i>	83
CD.	<i>Certain Tax Consequences to the Debtors</i>	6584
1.	<i>Cancellation of Indebtedness Income</i>	6584
a.	<i>In General</i>	6584

b.	<i>Limitation of NOL Carryforwards and Other Tax Attributes</i>	<del>66</del> 84
i.	<i>General Section 382 Annual Limitation</i>	<del>66</del> 84
ii.	<i>Special Bankruptcy Exception</i>	<del>67</del> 85
<b>ARTICLE VI SOLICITATION AND VOTING PROCEDURES</b>		<del>68</del> 86
A.	<i>Holders of Claims and Interests Entitled to Vote on the Plan</i>	<del>68</del> 86
B.	<i>Voting Record Date</i>	<del>68</del> 87
C.	<i>Solicitation Package</i>	<del>68</del> 87
D.	<i>Voting on the Plan</i>	<del>69</del> 88
E.	<i><u>Special Notice Concerning Releases Associated with Voting</u></i>	88
<b>ARTICLE VII <u>RISK</u> FACTORS TO CONSIDER BEFORE VOTING</b>		<del>70</del> 90
A.	<i>Risk of Amendment, Waiver, Modification or Withdrawal of the Plan</i>	<del>70</del> 90
B.	<i>Parties May Object to the Plan's Classification of Claims and Interests</i>	<del>70</del> 90
C.	<i>The Debtors May Not Be Able to Obtain Confirmation of the Plan</i>	<del>71</del> 91
D.	<i>The Chapter 11 Cases May Be Converted to Cases Under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code</i>	<del>71</del> 91
E.	<i>The Conditions Precedent to the Effective Date of the Plan May Not Occur</i>	<del>71</del> 91
F.	<i>Holders of Claims and Interests May Recover Less Than Projected</i>	<del>71</del> 91
G.	<i>The Allowed Amount of Claims May Differ from Current Estimates</i>	<del>72</del> 92
H.	<i>Valuation of the Assets Is Speculative</i>	<del>72</del> 92
I.	<i>Risks Related to Income Taxation</i>	<del>73</del> 93
J.	<i>The Sale Process May Not Result In Consummation of a Sale</i>	<del>73</del> 93
K.	<i><u>Certain Impacts on Distributions as a Result of Treatment of Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests</u></i>	93
<del>KL.</del>	<i>Certain Risks to Holders of Interests</i>	<del>73</del> 93
<del>LM.</del>	<i>Litigation</i>	<del>73</del> 94
<b>ARTICLE VIII ALTERNATIVES TO CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN</b>		<del>74</del> 94
A.	<i>Liquidation under Chapter 7 or dismissal</i>	<del>74</del> 94
B.	<i>Alternative Chapter 11 Plan</i>	<del>75</del> 95
<b>ARTICLE IX CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN</b>		<del>75</del> 95
A.	<i>Acceptance of the Plan</i>	<del>75</del> 96
B.	<i>Best Interests Test</i>	<del>76</del> 97
C.	<i>Feasibility</i>	<del>76</del> 97
D.	<i>Confirmation Hearing and Plan Objection Deadline</i>	<del>77</del> 97
E.	<i>Payment of Statutory Fees</i>	<del>79</del> 100
F.	<i>Governing Law</i>	<del>79</del> 100
G.	<i>Notice of Entry of Confirmation Order and Relevant Dates</i>	<del>80</del> 100
H.	<i>Modification of the Plan and Amendments</i>	<del>80</del> 100
I.	<i>Revocation, Withdrawal or Non-Consummation of Plan</i>	<del>80</del> 100
J.	<i>Binding Effect</i>	<del>80</del> 101
K.	<i>Severability of Plan Provisions</i>	<del>80</del> 101

<i>L.</i>	<i>No Admissions</i>	<del>81</del> <u>101</u>	
<i>M.</i>	<i>Dissolution of the <del>Committee</del></i>	<del>81</del> <u>UCC and EC</u>	<u>101</u>
<i>N.</i>	<i>Time</i>	<del>81</del> <u>102</u>	
<i>O.</i>	<i>Successors and Assigns</i>	<del>81</del> <u>102</u>	
<i>P.</i>	<i>Conflict between Plan, Disclosure Statement and Plan Documents</i>	<del>82</del> <u>103</u>	
<i>Q.</i>	<i>Substantial Consummation</i>	<del>82</del> <u>103</u>	
<i>R.</i>	<i>Plan Exhibits</i>	<del>82</del> <u>103</u>	
<i>ARTICLE X CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION</i>		<del>83</del> <u>104</u>	



**EXHIBITS**

**EXHIBIT A:** Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Lordstown Motors Corp. and its Affiliated Debtors

**EXHIBIT B:** Organizational Chart

**EXHIBIT C:** Liquidation Analysis

**EXHIBIT D:** Foxconn Complaint

## **ARTICLE I**

### **INTRODUCTION<sup>2</sup>**

This is the disclosure statement (the “**Disclosure Statement**”) of Lordstown Motors Corp. (“**LMC**”) and its affiliated debtors (collectively, the “**Debtors**” or the “**Company**”), in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases (collectively, the “**Chapter 11 Cases**”) pending in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “**Bankruptcy Court**”), filed pursuant to section 1125 of title 11 of the United States Code (the “**Bankruptcy Code**”) and in connection with the *First Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Lordstown Motors Corp. and its Affiliated Debtors* (the “**Plan**”),<sup>3</sup> a copy of which is annexed to this Disclosure Statement as **Exhibit A**. The Plan constitutes a separate chapter 11 plan for each Debtor; *provided that* the estates of the various Debtors shall be consolidated for the purposes of effectuating distributions under the Plan.

#### **A. Definitions**

Unless otherwise defined herein, capitalized terms used in this Disclosure Statement shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Plan or as the context otherwise requires.

#### **B. Exhibits**

The following exhibits to this Disclosure Statement are incorporated as if fully set forth herein and made part of this Disclosure Statement:

- **Exhibit A** – Plan
- **Exhibit B** – Organizational Chart
- **Exhibit C** – Liquidation Analysis
- **Exhibit D** – Foxconn Adversary Complaint

#### **C. Purpose of this Disclosure Statement**

The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide information that (i) summarizes the Plan, (ii) advises holders of Claims or Interests of their rights under the Plan, (iii) assists parties entitled to vote on the Plan in making informed decisions as to whether they should vote to accept or reject the Plan, and (iv) assists the Bankruptcy Court in determining whether the Plan complies with the provisions of chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and should be confirmed.

<sup>2</sup> This Disclosure Statement remains subject to ongoing revisions of the Debtors in all respects.

<sup>3</sup> The Plan reflects modifications to and supersedes the *Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Lordstown Motors Corp. and its Affiliated Debtors* dated September 1, 2023 [Docket No. 360] (the “**Initial Plan**”).

By Order dated [●] [Docket No. [●]] (the “**Disclosure Statement Order**”), the Bankruptcy Court approved the Disclosure Statement finding, among other things, that it contains “adequate information,” as that term is used in section 1125(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Bankruptcy Court’s approval of this Disclosure Statement is not an endorsement of the Plan.

The Debtors believe that confirmation and implementation of the Plan is in the best interests of the Debtors’ estates, creditors, and equity interest holders. The Debtors urge that all persons entitled to vote on the Plan vote to accept the Plan.

The Plan is also supported by the UCC and the EC, which have been appointed as official committees to respectively represent the interests of Holders of General Unsecured Claims and Holders of Common Stock Interests. The UCC and EC likewise urge that Holders of General Unsecured Claims, Common Stock Interests, and all other persons entitled to vote on the Plan vote to accept the Plan.

#### **D. Important Notices and Disclaimers**

**THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CONTAINS IMPORTANT INFORMATION THAT MAY BEAR UPON YOUR DECISION TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN. PLEASE READ AND CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE ENTIRE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THE PLAN, AND ANY ATTACHMENTS, EXHIBITS, SUPPLEMENTS, AND ANNEXES RELATED TO THE PLAN BEFORE SUBMITTING BALLOTS IN RESPONSE TO SOLICITATION OF THE PLAN. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO COMPLETION OR AMENDMENT. THE DEBTORS RESERVE THE RIGHT TO FILE AN AMENDED PLAN AND RELATED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.**

**THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN NEITHER APPROVED NOR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (“SEC”), NOR HAS THE SEC PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SUMMARIZES THE TERMS OF THE PLAN, BUT SUCH SUMMARY IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY THE ACTUAL TERMS AND PROVISIONS OF THE PLAN. TO THE EXTENT THERE ARE ANY INCONSISTENCIES BETWEEN THE PLAN AND THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THE TERMS OF THE PLAN SHALL CONTROL. THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ARE MADE ONLY AS OF THE DATE HEREOF, AND THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE THAT THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN WILL BE CORRECT AT ANY TIME AFTER THE DATE HEREOF.**

**THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1125 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE AND BANKRUPTCY RULE 3016(B) AND NOT NECESSARILY IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAW OR OTHER APPLICABLE NON-BANKRUPTCY LAW. PERSONS TRADING IN OR OTHERWISE PURCHASING, SELLING OR TRANSFERRING CLAIMS OF THE DEBTORS SHOULD EVALUATE THIS DISCLOSURE**

**STATEMENT AND THE PLAN IN LIGHT OF THE PURPOSE FOR WHICH THEY WERE PREPARED.**

**IF THE PLAN IS CONFIRMED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT AND THE EFFECTIVE DATE OCCURS, ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST, AND HOLDERS OF INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS (INCLUDING THOSE HOLDERS OF CLAIMS OR INTERESTS WHO DID NOT SUBMIT BALLOTS TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN OR WHO ARE NOT ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE PLAN) WILL BE BOUND BY THE TERMS OF THE PLAN.**

**IF THE PLAN IS NOT CONFIRMED, OR IS CONFIRMED BUT DOES NOT BECOME EFFECTIVE, THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN SHALL HAVE NO FORCE OR EFFECT. NEITHER THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT NOR ANY STATEMENT CONTAINED HEREIN CONSTITUTES AN ADMISSION OF ANY FACT OR LIABILITY BY ANY PERSON, NOR ARE THEY ADMISSIBLE IN ANY COURT OR LEGAL FORUM FOR ANY PURPOSE WHATSOEVER. NOTHING IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO BE CONCLUSIVE ADVICE ON THE TAX, SECURITIES, OR OTHER LEGAL EFFECTS OF THE PLAN AS TO HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST, OR EQUITY INTERESTS IN, THE DEBTORS AND DEBTORS-IN-POSSESSION IN THESE CASES.**

**APPROVAL OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A DETERMINATION BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT OF THE FAIRNESS OR MERITS OF THE PLAN OR OF THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.**

**HOLDERS OF CLAIMS OR INTERESTS SHOULD CAREFULLY READ AND CONSIDER THE PLAN AND THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. EACH HOLDER SHOULD CONSULT WITH ITS OWN LEGAL, FINANCIAL AND TAX ADVISOR(S) WITH RESPECT TO MATTER CONCERNING THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THE PLAN, AND THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED THEREBY.**

**BALLOTS FOR VOTING TO ACCEPT AND REJECT THE PLAN MUST BE RECEIVED BY AT [●] AT 4:00 P.M. (PREVAILING EASTERN TIME). THE HEARING TO CONSIDER CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN WILL BE HELD ON [●] BEFORE THE HONORABLE MARY F. WALRATH.**

The information contained in this Disclosure Statement has been obtained from the Debtors' books and records and from motions and other papers filed with the Bankruptcy Court by the Debtors. Reasonable efforts have been made to present accurate information and such information is believed to be correct as of the date hereof, unless otherwise specified. This Disclosure Statement is intended, among other things, to summarize the Plan and must be read in conjunction with the Plan and its exhibits.

### **WHERE TO FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

LMC currently files annual reports with, and furnishes other information to, the SEC. Copies of any document filed with the SEC may be obtained by visiting the SEC website at <http://www.sec.gov> and performing a search under the “Company Filings” link. Each of the following filings is incorporated as if fully set forth herein and is a part of this Disclosure Statement (but later information filed with the SEC that updates information in the filings incorporated by reference will update and supersede such information):

- Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on March 6, 2023;
- Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2023 and June 30, 2023 filed with the SEC on May 4, 2023 and August 14, 2023, respectively; and
- Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC between January 1, 2023 and ~~August~~ 29 October 19, 2023.

### **E. Brief Overview of the Plan**<sup>34</sup>

The Debtors’ ~~have~~ filed their ~~bankruptcy cases~~ Chapter 11 Cases to, among other things, sell ~~their~~ assets in an efficient and value maximizing manner, consolidate the resolution of claims in a single forum, prosecute their substantial claims against Foxconn and maximize Distributions to ~~holders~~ Holders of Allowed Claims and Interests. As a result, the Debtors ~~have commenced a court-approved~~ undertook a process to market and sell ~~their~~ assets; and have obtained Court approval to sell assets to LandX Motors Corp. for an aggregate cash purchase price of \$10,200,000; established Bar Dates for parties to file Claims against the Debtors and are working to resolve the material claims against them; ~~and have~~ In addition the Debtors filed a complaint against Foxconn in the Bankruptcy Court on the Petition Date. The Plan is consistent with these purposes. It provides for the ~~liquidation of any assets remaining after the sale process, the preservation and~~ continuation of the litigation against Foxconn; ~~as well as any and~~ other causes of action of the Debtors, the resolution of ~~claims~~ Claims against the Debtors, ~~and for the distribution~~ the preservation of the Debtors’ tax attributes, the prompt distribution of certain of the Debtors’ Cash; ~~including proceeds generated from the sale of assets and the litigation against Foxconn, to holders of Allowed Claims and Interests in accordance with the relative priority established by the Bankruptcy Code. The Plan also preserves the ability of the Debtors to~~ to ~~creditors and the preservation of the Debtors’ Interests (which are expected to benefit from existing Cash), the future generation of litigation proceeds, and the preservation of the Debtors’ ability to conduct business and~~ enter into one or more transactions after the Effective Date to ~~monetize certain of their~~ maximize value, including transactions that could permit the Post-Effective Date Debtors to make use of substantial tax attributes; all in a manner that is superior to a liquidation.

<sup>34</sup> This overview is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Plan. The treatment of Claims and Interests under the Plan is not intended to, and will not, waive, compromise, or limit any rights, claims, or causes of action if the Plan is not confirmed. You should read the Plan in its entirety before voting to accept or reject the Plan.

The Plan ~~contemplates~~provides for the appointment of a Claims ~~Administrator to disburse funds to Holders~~Ombudsman to oversee administration of General Unsecured Trade Claims. ~~The Claims Administrator will be authorized to administer a pool of cash that will be established under the Plan to pay Holders of General Unsecured Trade Claims,~~ and to carry out and implement all provisions of the Plan delegated to the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman. The Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman will be selected by the ~~Committee~~UCC and EC with the consent of the Debtors. The identity of the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman has not yet been determined and will be disclosed prior to confirmation.

As further described in Article IV below, the Plan classifies all Claims and Interests, except for Administrative Claims, in accordance with section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. The following table summarizes the classification and treatment of Claims and Interests under the Plan and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the Plan:

Class	Claim / Interest	Status	Voting Rights	Est. Amount	Est. Recovery
1	Other Priority Claims	Unimpaired	Not Entitled to Vote (Presumed to Accept)	Estimated at \$ <del>[●]</del> <u>0 – \$20,000</u>	100%
2	Secured Claims	Unimpaired	Not Entitled to Vote (Presumed to Accept)	Estimated at \$ <del>[●]</del> <u>0</u>	100%
3	General Unsecured <del>Trade</del> Claims	Impaired	Entitled to Vote	Estimated at \$ <del>[●]</del> <u>23,484,831 – \$33,484,831</u>	<del>[●]%</del> <u>to [●]100%</u>
4	<del>Other</del> <del>Unsecured</del> <u>Interco</u> <u>mpany</u> Claims	<del>Impaired</del> <u>Unimpaired</u>	<u>Not</u> Entitled to Vote (Presumed to Accept)	Estimated at \$ <del>[●]</del> <u>0</u>	<del>[●]%</del> <u>to [●]%</u> <del>N/A</del>
5	Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests	<del>Impaired</del> <u>Unimpaired</u>	Deemed to <del>Reject</del> <u>Accept</u> (Provided that Provisional Votes Will Be Solicited)	300,000 shares	<del>\$0.00</del> <u>N/A</u>
6	Intercompany Interests	Unimpaired	Deemed to Accept	N/A	N/A
7	Common Stock Interests	Impaired	Entitled to Vote	15,953,212 shares	<del>\$[●] to \$[●]</del> <del>per share</del> <u>N/A</u> <sup>5</sup>
<u>8</u>	<u>Section 510(b)</u>	<u>Impaired</u>	<u>Entitled to Vote</u>	<u>Unliquidated</u>	<u>See Art. IV.C.viii.c.</u>

<sup>5</sup> See note directly below “Summary of Expected Recoveries” chart in Article IV.C.1 of this Disclosure Statement.

Class	Claim / Interest	Status	Voting Rights	Est. Amount	Est. Recovery
	<u>Claims</u>				<u>hereof</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>RIDE Section 510(b) Claims</u>	<u>Impaired</u>	<u>Entitled to Vote</u>	<u>Unliquidated</u>	<u>See Art. IV.C.ix.c, hereof</u>
<u>10</u>	<u>Ohio Securities Class Action Claims</u>	<u>Unimpaired</u>	<u>Deemed to Accept</u>	<u>Unliquidated</u>	<u>If election is exercised each Holder will receive its pro rata share of : \$1,000,000</u>

## **ARTICLE II**

### **OVERVIEW OF THE DEBTORS**

#### **A. The Debtors' Background and Prepetition Business Operations**

The Debtors were founded for the purpose of developing, manufacturing, and selling electric vehicles (“EVs”) primarily to commercial fleet customers. The commercial segment, including government fleets, has been generally underserved, with very few light-duty EVs specifically geared towards the sector until recently. The Company’s mission of accelerating adoption of EVs by commercial fleets would meaningfully drive down tailpipe emissions insofar as commercial fleets account for a significant amount of vehicle miles driven. As of the Petition Date, the Company was one of the only light-duty original equipment manufacturers (“OEM”) focused solely on EVs for commercial fleet customers in the United States. The Company’s first vehicle, the Endurance, is a full-size, all-electric pickup truck, one of the first all-electric trucks sold in North America. As of the Petition Date, the Company, however, was still in its nascent stages, and only approximately 65 Endurance trucks were manufactured. By the time the production of the Endurance ceased, shortly after the Petition Date, a total of approximately 80 Endurances had been manufactured.

The Endurance’s most unique design attribute is its hub motor design, which features a propulsion hub motor in each wheel. The Company licenses certain of the non-proprietary intellectual property for the Endurance hub motors from an Eastern European company (Elaphe Propulsion Technologies Ltd.) that developed the base technology. The Company has made various enhancements to the base technology. The Company believes the core hub motor technology is not being pursued by any other light-duty OEM in the United States. The hub motor technology has certain design attributes that would make the vehicle even more attractive to potential customers. For example, it allows for a superior turning radius, maneuverability and traction.

The Debtors’ business was initially exciting and attractive. LMC was able to become a publicly-traded company with an equity market capitalization that reached \$5.3 billion. But, as is typical for most start-up businesses, the Company experienced some challenges that delayed its initial product launch. That is why, beginning in 2021, the Debtors forged what they thought would be a mutually beneficial partnership with Hon Hai Technology Group and Foxconn EV Technology, Inc. (collectively with their affiliates, “**Foxconn**”), the world’s largest electronics manufacturer. As further explained in Article II.A.2 below, the purpose of the Foxconn

partnership was to help address the Company's funding needs and allow the Company to shift its business strategy from a vertically integrated OEM to a less capital-intensive model, focused on developing, engineering, testing, and industrializing EVs in close partnership with Foxconn. What started out as a promising partnership devolved, over a two-year period, as Foxconn failed to satisfy its commitments to provide operational support and funding under the parties' investment agreement and failed to honor commitments in the parties' manufacturing agreement to help to reduce the production cost of the Endurance, access Foxconn's supplier network and to assist in improving the commercial terms of procurement with suppliers, along with the other actions outlined in the complaint against Foxconn. Foxconn's actions have damaged the Company's business relationships, employee morale and relations, and the Company's future prospects. Given these challenging circumstances and the fact that the Debtors' assets would only continue to erode otherwise, the Debtors filed the Chapter 11 Cases to maximize value for the benefit of their stakeholders. To achieve this end, the Debtors ~~are engaging~~engaged in a sale process to sell ~~substantially all~~certain of their operating assets, are pursuing their claims against Foxconn, and are working to quickly and efficiently resolve material claims against them. The Debtors believe that this will result in substantial recoveries to Holders of Claims and, if funds are sufficient, potentially material recoveries to Holders of Interests.

## 1. SPAC Merger

On November 13, 2018, LMC was incorporated under the name DiamondPeak Holdings Corp. ("**DiamondPeak**").<sup>46</sup> DiamondPeak was a Delaware special purpose acquisition company, or SPAC, incorporated for the purpose of completing an initial public offering and, thereafter, effecting a business combination. In March 2019, DiamondPeak completed its initial public offering (the "**Initial Public Offering**").

On April 30, 2019, the entity now known as Lordstown EV Corporation (*i.e.*, LEVC, which the Company refers to as "**Legacy Lordstown**") was incorporated in Delaware. On October 30, 2020, Legacy Lordstown which, at that time, was called Lordstown Motors Corp., consummated a merger (the "**SPAC Merger**") with DiamondPeak and DPL Merger Sub Corp ("**Merger Sub**"). Pursuant to the SPAC Merger, Merger Sub merged with and into Legacy Lordstown, with Legacy Lordstown (post-merger, LEVC) surviving as a subsidiary of DiamondPeak. In connection with the SPAC Merger, DiamondPeak changed its name to Lordstown Motors Corp. (such post-SPAC Merger entity, "**LMC**") and the surviving entity in the SPAC Merger became LEVC.

On October 29, 2020, the Company formed Lordstown EV Sales LLC ("**LMC Sales**") to sell vehicles directly to customers. LMC Sales is the wholly owned subsidiary of LEVC which, in turn, is the wholly owned subsidiary of LMC.

<sup>46</sup> DiamondPeak, as used herein, refers to the entity now known as Lordstown Motors Corp. prior to its name change.



## 2. Partnership with Foxconn

In the second half of 2021, in the face of significant liquidity needs to fund the expansion of its business at a time when the market for new capital, in size, for SPACs was proving more difficult to obtain, the Company made the decision to significantly change its business model to one that would focus on deep collaboration with one or more strategic partners, and began the search that ultimately resulted in its partnership with Foxconn. The Company began its relationship with Foxconn in September 2021 after exploring other potentially attractive options. The purpose of the Foxconn partnership was to allow the Company to shift its business strategy from a vertically integrated OEM to a less capital-intensive model, focused on developing, engineering, testing, and industrializing EVs in close partnership with Foxconn. Although the Company's partnership with Foxconn did not turn out as the Company had hoped (or had been led to believe), there were many good reasons for the Company to pursue this path. The Company believed that by pairing its innovation, technology, manufacturing expertise and global supply chain capabilities, the Company would be best positioned to thrive.

On September 30, 2021, the Company and Foxconn entered into an Agreement in Principle (the "**AIP**") to form a deep partnership and work jointly on electric vehicle programs. The AIP contemplated that Foxconn and the Company would (a) enter into an asset purchase agreement by which Foxconn would buy the Debtors' manufacturing Plant in Lordstown, Ohio (the "**Plant APA**"), (b) enter into a manufacturing supply agreement (the "**Contract Manufacturing Agreement**" or "**CMA**") by which Foxconn would manufacture the Endurance, and (c) jointly collaborate on the development of future vehicle programs. On November 10, 2021, the parties signed the Plant APA. After a delay, Foxconn closed the Plant APA on May 11, 2022, executed the CMA, and entered into a joint venture agreement (the "**JV Agreement**").

At Foxconn's request, the Company agreed, on November 7, 2022, to pivot away from the JV Agreement and, instead, the Company and Foxconn (through its subsidiary Foxconn Ventures Pte. Ltd.) entered into a direct investment agreement (the "**Investment Agreement**"). The Investment Agreement provided that the parties' respective obligations under the JV [Agreement](#) would be terminated, but would be replaced with even greater direct funding into the Company.<sup>57</sup> Under the Investment Agreement, Foxconn agreed to make necessary equity investments in the Company through the purchase of \$70 million of Common Stock and up to \$100 million in Series A convertible preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, issued by LMC ("**Preferred Stock**"), subject to certain conditions. Foxconn and the Company closed the initial investment under the Investment Agreement on November 22, 2022.

After the initial closing, however, Foxconn created delay and refused to honor its further obligations under the Investment Agreement, including the obligation to close on an additional \$47.3 million investment into the Company (the "**Subsequent Common Closing**"), for which [the Company believes](#) all funding conditions had been satisfied. As of the Petition Date, Foxconn continued to refuse to honor its obligation to consummate Subsequent Common Closing, starving the Company of needed capital Foxconn was required to contribute. As of the

<sup>57</sup> On April 21, 2023, a certificate of cancellation was filed with the State of Delaware dissolving the ~~JV~~[parties' joint venture](#).

Petition Date, the Company continued to experience severe liquidity constraints and, in light of such constraints and the additional circumstances leading to the commencement of the chapter 11 cases discussed in Article II.F below, the Company determined that filing for chapter 11 protection was in the best interest of its creditors and stakeholders.

As discussed in more detail below, on the Petition Date, the Company filed the Foxconn Adversary Proceeding in the Bankruptcy Court seeking relief for fraudulent and tortious conduct as well as breaches of the Investment Agreement, the ~~parties' joint venture agreement~~JV Agreement, the Plant APA, and the CMA that the Company believes were committed by Foxconn. The Company's adversary complaint against Foxconn (the "**Foxconn Complaint**"), attached as **Exhibit D**, sets forth additional detail regarding the Company's causes of action against Foxconn. As further described in the Foxconn Complaint, the Company believes that Foxconn's actions have caused substantial harm to the Company's operations and prospects resulting in significant damages.

### **B. The Debtors' Corporate Structure**

The Company is comprised of the three entities that are Debtors in these Chapter 11 Cases: (1) LMC; (2) Lordstown EV Corporation ("**LEVC**"); and (3) Lordstown EV Sales LLC ("**LEVS**"). LMC is the publicly traded parent of the other Debtors. LMC directly owns 100% of LEVC, which is the operating entity. In turn, LEVC owns 100% of LEVS, an entity created for the purposes of vehicle sales. An organizational chart depicting the Debtors' overall ownership structure is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

### **C. The Debtors' Capital Structure**

As of the Petition Date, none of the Debtors are borrowers or obligors with respect to any funded debt obligations. Instead, the Debtors' capital comes from the SPAC Merger, additional capital raises, and sales of LMC's Preferred Stock and Common Stock, as well as the sale of the Plant to Foxconn.

As of the Petition Date, the Debtors had approximately \$136 million in cash on hand, which the Debtors believe was and is entirely unencumbered by any liens, with the exception of (i) one \$100,000 account related to the Debtors' purchase card program, (ii) deposits with landlords, and (iii) customs bonds.<sup>6</sup>

In addition, as of December 31, 2022, the Debtors estimated that they had valuable tax attributes including, without limitation, (i) federal NOLs of approximately \$629.6 million, which generated a deferred tax asset of \$132 million, (ii) local NOLs of approximately \$327 million, which generated a deferred tax asset of \$3.7 million, and (iii) an indeterminate amount of net

<sup>6</sup> ~~The company maintains one encumbered bank account in connection with its purchase card program, which has an account balance of only \$100,000 as of the Petition Date.~~

unrealized built-in loss. The amount of the Debtors NOLs may be higher upon emergence from these Chapter 11 Cases.<sup>8</sup>

As of the Petition Date, the Debtors estimated that there were 300,000 outstanding shares of Preferred Stock, all of which were held by Foxconn.<sup>7</sup> As of the Petition Date, there were 15,952,991 shares of Common Stock either outstanding or in the process of being settled for equity awards that vested prior to the Petition Date, ~~which.~~ The foregoing total share number reflects a 1:15 reverse stock split (the “Reverse Stock Split”) that the Debtors implemented on May 23, 2023. As of the Petition Date, Foxconn held approximately 8.4% of the Common Stock, excluding the impact of conversion of any of its Preferred Stock into Common Stock, and there were no other holders that ~~held~~ held 5% or more of Common Stock.

Prior to the Petition Date, LMC’s Common Stock traded on the NASDAQ Global Stock Market under the symbol “RIDE.” ~~For~~ On the date prior to the Petition Date, the closing Common Stock share price was approximately \$2.76. On June 28, 2023, the Debtors received notification from Nasdaq that it was commencing a customary delisting process in light of the commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases. Trading of LMC’s Common Stock was suspended at the opening of business on July 7, 2023 and a Form 25 was filed with the SEC on July 27, 2023 to delist the Common Stock from Nasdaq. The delisting became effective August 6, 2023. As a result, LMC’s Common Stock began trading on the OTC Pink Marketplace under the symbol “RIDEQ” on July 7, 2023, and such market is currently the only trading market for our Class A common stock.

#### **D. The Debtors’ Board and Management**

LMC’s board of directors (the “Board of Directors”) has all such powers and does all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Corporation, subject, to the provisions of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware and LMC’s certificate of incorporation (as amended and restated) and bylaws. Among other things, the Board of Directors oversees the

<sup>8</sup> As discussed in Article V.D.1.b of this Disclosure Statement, there may be limitations on the Debtors’ ability to use the NOLs.

<sup>7</sup> ~~As discussed herein, The Company commenced an adversary proceeding against Foxconn in the Bankruptcy Court seeking relief for fraudulent and tortious conduct as well as breaches of the Investment Agreement, the parties’ joint venture agreement, the Plant APA, and the CMA that the Company believes were committed by Foxconn. In addition, through the Plan, which shall serve as a motion to equitably subordinate Foxconn’s Interests, including its Preferred Stock Interests, the Company is seeking to subordinate Foxconn’s Interests. Subject to these actions and the Company’s other rights with respect to Foxconn’s Interests, Preferred Stock ordinarily ranks senior to Common Stock with respect to dividend rights; distribution rights in the event of a liquidation or wind down; and redemption rights. Absent challenge to such Interests (such as the Debtors’ with respect to Foxconn’s Preferred Stock Interests), Holders of Preferred Stock are entitled to receive cumulative dividends at a rate of 8% per annum, compounding on a quarterly basis to the extent they are not paid by the Company. Pursuant to the Company’s certificate of designation regarding Preferred Stock, shares of Preferred Stock are typically entitled to receive distributions in cash in the greater of (i) \$100 per share plus accrued unpaid dividends or (ii) the amount the holder would have received had it converted such share into Common Stock immediately prior to the date of such liquidation event, before any distributions shall be made on any shares of Common Stock.~~

Company's management, reviews its long-term strategic planning, conducts board meetings, and exercises decision-making authority in key areas.

The following individuals are members of LMC's Board of Directors served in such roles during the pendency of the Chapter 11 Cases (through the date hereof): (i) Daniel A. Ninivaggi, (ii) David Hamamoto, (iii) Dale Spencer, (iv) Keith Feldman, (v) Edward Hightower, (vi) Angela Strand, (vii) Jane Reiss, (viii) Laura Soave, and (ix) Joseph B. Anderson, Jr.

The following individuals are executive officers of the Company and have served in such roles during the pendency of the Chapter 11 Cases (through the date hereof): (i) Daniel A. Ninivaggi (Executive Chairman), (ii) Edward T. Hightower (Chief Executive Officer and President), (iii) Adam B. Kroll (Chief Financial Officer), (iv) Melissa A. Leonard (Executive Vice President, General Counsel & Secretary), and (v) Dr. Donna L. Bell (Executive Vice President, Product Creation, Engineering and Supply Chain). Each of the foregoing individuals is a Chapter 11 Director & Officer, as such term is defined in the Plan.

The Plan provides for the appointment of the New Board of the Post-Effective Date Debtors after the Effective Date, the composition of which shall be identified by the EC, with the consent of the Debtors (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld), and as set forth in the Plan Supplement.

#### **E. ~~D.~~ The Debtors' Workforce and Facilities**

As of the Petition Date, the Debtors had approximately 243 employees across three main locations in Lordstown, Ohio, Farmington Hills, Michigan, and Irvine, California. Of these employees, approximately 225 were active full-time employees and approximately 18 were active hourly employees.

On May 9, 2023, the Debtors issued notices to 17 employees in the Farmington Hills, Michigan office location pursuant to the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification ("WARN") Act. 29 U.S.C. §§ 2101–09. On May 18, 2023, the Debtors issued a second round of WARN notices ~~(together with the notices issued on May 9, 2023, the "WARN Notices")~~ to 98 employees, all located in the Farmington Hills, Michigan office location.<sup>89</sup> The Debtors notified these employees that permanent layoffs could begin as early as July 8, 2023 and no later than July 21, 2023. ~~The Debtors also notified the relevant government authorities.~~ These layoffs ~~are~~were due to insufficient funding resulting primarily from a dispute with Foxconn regarding its contractual obligations to LMC. As a result of the various WARN ~~Notices~~notices and associated layoffs, the Debtors employ ~~119~~88 employees as of the date of filing of this Disclosure Statement.

During September 2023, the Debtors issued a third round of WARN notices (together with the notices issued on May 9, 2023, and May 18, 2023, the "WARN Notices") to approximately 45 employees assigned to its Farmington Hills, Michigan locations. The Debtors

<sup>89</sup> Some of these employees have been placed on administrative leave. Therefore, they are not reporting to work but are continuing to be paid.

notified these employees that permanent layoffs could begin between November 3 and November 10, 2023. The Debtors also notified the relevant government authorities of the WARN Notices.

The Debtors ~~operate~~have operated out of the following leased facilities: (1) office space leased from Foxconn at the Plant in Lordstown, Ohio (from which fewer than ~~106~~ employees currently operate); (2) two sites in Farmington Hills, Michigan, including space for engineering, product development, vehicle inspection and benchmarking, labs for testing, validation and prototyping, and corporate offices (from which ~~fewer than 85~~approximately 50 employees currently operate); and (3) an engineering, vehicle development, and service center in Irvine, California, primarily for developing advanced electronic hardware and software for infotainment systems as well as vehicle cybersecurity, connected vehicle and fleet services systems (and from which fewer than ~~202~~ employees currently operate). In addition, fewer than 10 of the Debtors' employees currently work remotely, serving in managerial, administrative, sales, and research and development roles.<sup>910</sup>

Following the closing of the sale to LandX Motors Corp. described in Article III.C of this Disclosure Statement, anticipated to occur no later than October 31, 2023, the Debtors remaining employees will be working from one site in Farmington Hills, Michigan, the Plant in Lordstown, Ohio and remotely.

#### **F. ~~E.~~ Prepetition Litigation**

As of the Petition Date, the Debtors were party to numerous civil actions, including in various state and U.S. federal courts and investigations by the SEC (collectively, the “**Prepetition Litigation**”), as described below.

##### **1. SEC Investigation and Securities Actions**

In February 2021, the SEC initiated an investigation (the “**SEC Investigation**”) related to the SPAC Merger with DiamondPeak and LMC's reported pre-orders for vehicles, production timeline and certain other matters. The SEC Investigation remains ongoing. As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, the SEC has not Filed any Proofs of Claim against any Debtor, but the deadline for the SEC to File any such Claims (i.e., the Governmental Claims Bar Date of December 26, 2023 at 5:00 p.m. (ET)) has not yet passed.

Following the initiation of the SEC Investigation, a series of plaintiffs brought class action and ~~derivatives~~derivative suits against LMC, certain of its current and former directors and officers (“**D&Os**”) and/or employees. The class actions and derivative actions include the following:

- **Ohio Securities Class Action.** A consolidated securities fraud class action that was pending in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Ohio (the “Ohio District Court”) prior to the Petition Date, captioned *In re Lordstown Motors Corp. Sec. Litig.*,

<sup>910</sup> All employee estimates in this paragraph are as of the date of filing of this Disclosure Statement.

No. 4:21-cv-616-DAR (N.D. Ohio) (the “Ohio Securities Class Action”). This matter consists of six consolidated putative securities fraud class action lawsuits in which certain putative class plaintiffs<sup>4011</sup> assert claims against LMC, Lordstown EV Corp., and certain D&O defendants<sup>4412</sup> for violations of Section 10(b), Section 14(a), Section 20(a), and Section 20A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“**Exchange Act**”) and SEC Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder. On November 9, 2021, the Debtors and D&O defendants filed a motion to dismiss the Ohio Securities Class Action. The motion ~~has been~~was fully briefed ~~since~~by March 3, 2022 and was awaiting the court’s scheduling of a hearing and ruling as of the Petition Date. Discovery was stayed pending resolution of the motion to dismiss. As of the Petition Date, no deadline had been set for plaintiffs to seek class certification and no trial date had been set. Following the Petition Date, on June 28, 2023 the Debtors and the D&O defendants filed a notice of bankruptcy filing, and on July 11, 2023, an amended notice of bankruptcy filing, stating that prosecution of any and all claims against the Debtors in the action is subject to the automatic stay imposed pursuant to section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. On August 28, 2023, the Ohio District Court entered an order in the Ohio Securities Class Action stating that, given the notice of bankruptcy filing and “the resulting automatic stay of further proceedings, the pending motion to dismiss [ ] is denied without prejudice, subject to its potential re-filing following the lifting of the stay.” The lead plaintiff in the Ohio Securities Class Action, George Troicky (the “**Ohio Lead Plaintiff**”) Filed (i) an unliquidated Proof of Claim against each of the Debtors on behalf of himself [Proof of Claim Nos. 1379, 1380, and 1394] and (ii) separately, a Proof of Claim in the face amount of “[n]o less than 695,000,000.00” against each of the Debtors, purportedly for himself and on behalf of the putative class that he represents in the Ohio Securities Class Action [Proofs of Claim No. 1368, 1426, and 1434]. The Ohio Lead Plaintiff has not filed a motion for entry of an order seeking certification of the putative class in the Ohio Securities Action and has not sought authority from the Bankruptcy Court to file its purported class Proof of Claim. The Debtors dispute that the Ohio Lead Plaintiff has authority to File a class Proof of Claim in these Chapter 11 Cases. The Debtors further dispute each of the Proofs of Claim filed by the Ohio Lead Plaintiff.

- **Delaware Shareholder Class Action.** A consolidated ~~stockholders~~stockholder class action was pending in the Delaware Court of Chancery prior to the Petition Date, captioned *In re Lordstown Motors Corp. Stockholders Litig.*, C.A. No. 2021-1066-LWW (Del. Ch.) (“**Delaware Shareholder Class Action**”). This matter consists of two consolidated putative class action lawsuits filed by plaintiffs Benjamin Hebert and Atri Amin, respectively, asserting breach of fiduciary duty claims against certain D&O

<sup>4011</sup> The plaintiffs ~~are in~~in the Ohio Securities Class Action are: George Troicky, Jesse Brury, FNY Managed Accounts LLC, Robert Palumbo, Matthew Rico, Raymond Romano, ~~George Troicky~~, and Sulayman Zuod.

<sup>4412</sup> The D&O defendants in the Ohio Securities Class Action are: Stephen S. Burns, Shane Brown, Caimin Flannery, David T. Hamamoto, Julio Rodriguez, Phil Richard Schmidt, and Darren Post. Of the D&O defendants in the Ohio Securities Class Action, only David Hamamoto (who served as a board member of LMC after the Petition Date) and Darren Post (who served as the Debtors’ Chief Engineer after the Petition Date) are Chapter 11 Directors and Officers (as such term is defined in the Plan). All other D&O defendants in the Ohio Securities Class Action are Former Directors and Officers (as such term is defined in the Plan).



defendants.<sup>1213</sup> On February 3, 2023, the D&O defendants filed an answer to the amended complaint. Discovery has commenced. While the Debtors were not named as a defendant, defendants have asserted indemnification rights against the Debtors and, on June 9, 2023, the chancery court granted, in part, a motion to compel document discovery from Debtor LMC. On July 21, 2023, the plaintiffs filed a motion for class certification. On August 21, 2023, the defendants in the action filed their answering brief. A trial date has been set for March 11, 2024.

As described in more detail below (in Article III.J), the Debtors brought an adversary proceeding to extend the automatic stay to the current and former directors and officers named in the Delaware Class Action. In the adversary proceeding, the Debtors sought a preliminary injunction to extend the automatic stay, which motion the Bankruptcy Court denied without prejudice.

- Ohio Derivative Action.** A derivative action that was pending in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Ohio prior to the Petition Date, captioned *Thai v. Burns et al.*, No. 4:21-cv-01267 (N.D. Ohio) (**“Ohio Derivative Action”**). On June 30, 2021, Derivative Plaintiff An Thai brought this shareholder derivative lawsuit on behalf of LMC, as nominal defendant, against nineteen D&O defendants<sup>1314</sup> asserting violations of Sections 14(a), 10(b), and 20(a), and for contribution under Sections 10(b) and 21D, of the Exchange Act, as well as claims for breach of fiduciary duty, unjust enrichment, abuse of control, gross mismanagement, and waste of corporate assets. On October 21, 2021, the Court entered a stipulated stay of the action and scheduling order relating to defendants’ anticipated motion to dismiss and/or subsequent motion to stay that is conditioned on the resolution of the motion to dismiss in the Ohio Securities Class Action. Discovery had not yet commenced, and no trial date had been set. From and after the Petition Date, the Ohio Derivative Action was stayed by operation of the automatic stay.
- District of Delaware Derivative Action.** A consolidated derivative action was pending in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware prior to the Petition Date under lead case captioned *In re Lordstown Motors Corp. Shareholder Derivative Litigation*,

<sup>1213</sup> The D&O defendants in the Delaware Shareholder Class Action are: David Hamamoto, Mark Walsh, Andrew Richardson, Steven Hash, and Judith Hannaway. DiamondPeak Sponsor LLC, a non-debtor entity that was involved in the SPAC Merger, was also named as a defendant, but was dismissed, without prejudice, by order entered by the chancery court on June 21, 2023. Of the D&O defendants in the Delaware Shareholder Class Action, only David Hamamoto is a Chapter 11 Director and Officer (as such term is defined in the Plan). All other D&O defendants in the Delaware Shareholder Class Action are Former Directors and Officers (as such term is defined in the Plan).

<sup>1314</sup> The D&O defendants in the Ohio Derivative Action are: Stephen S. Burns, Phil Richard Schmidt, Julio Rodriguez, Angela Strand Boydston, Shane Brown, Michael Fabian, Keith A. Feldman, Michael D. Gates, David T. Hamamoto, Judith A. Hannaway, Steven R. Hash, Mickey W. Kowitz, Darren Post, Jane Reiss, Andrew C. Richardson, Martin J. Rucidlo, Dale G. Spencer, Chuan D. “John” Vo, and Mark A. Walsh. Of the D&O defendants in the Ohio Derivative Action, David Hamamoto, Keith Feldman, Jane Reiss, Dale Spencer, Angela Strand, and Darren Post are Chapter 11 Directors and Officers (as such term is defined in the Plan). All other D&O defendants in the Ohio Derivative Action are Former Directors and Officers (as such term is defined in the Plan).

No. 21-00604-SB (D. Del.) ([“District of Delaware Derivative Action”](#)). The matter consists of four consolidated shareholder derivative lawsuits filed between April 28, 2021 and July 9, 2021 by certain plaintiffs<sup>4415</sup> on behalf of LMC, as nominal defendant, against certain D&O defendants<sup>4516</sup> asserting violations of Section 10(b), Section 14(a), Section 20(a), and contribution for violations of Sections 10(b) and 21D, of the Exchange Act, as well as breach of fiduciary duty, insider selling, and unjust enrichment derivatively for the benefit of LMC. On May 9, 2023, the Court re-issued a stay in the action pending resolution of the motion to dismiss in the Ohio Securities Class Action, discussed above, given the similarity in issues raised by the actions. As of the Petition Date, discovery had not yet commenced and no trial date had been set. From and after the Petition Date, the District of Delaware Derivative Action was stayed by operation of the automatic stay.

- **Delaware Chancery Derivative Action.** A consolidated derivative action was pending in the Delaware Court of Chancery prior to the Petition Date under lead case captioned *In re Lordstown Motors Corp. Stockholder Derivative Litigation*, C.A. No. 2021-1049-LWW (Del. Ch.) ([“Delaware Chancery Derivative Action”](#)). The matter consists of two consolidated shareholder derivative lawsuits filed on December 2, 2021 and February 18, 2022 by derivative plaintiffs David M. Cormier<sup>4617</sup> and Janelle Jackson asserting derivative claims for breach of fiduciary duty and unjust enrichment against certain D&O defendants.<sup>4718</sup> The matter is stayed pending resolution of the motion to dismiss in the Ohio Securities Class Action. As of the Petition Date, discovery had not yet commenced and no trial date had been set. From and after the Petition Date, the Delaware Chancery Derivative Action was stayed by operation of the automatic stay.

Prior to the Petition Date, the Debtors timely tendered claims under applicable D&O insurance policies with respect to each of the above-listed actions. However, the Debtors’ primary and excess insurers under the applicable D&O policy have taken the position that no

<sup>4415</sup> The derivative plaintiffs are: Daniel J. Cohen, David M. Cohen, Alicia Kelley, Claude L. Patterson, Evaristo Sarabia, and Herbert Stotler.

<sup>4516</sup> The D&O defendants [in the Delaware Derivative Action](#) are: Stephen S. Burns, Phil Richard Schmidt, Julio Rodriguez, Michael Fabian, David T. Hamamoto, Mark A. Walsh, Andrew C. Richardson, Steven R. Hash, Judith A. Hannaway, Keith A. Feldman, Jane Reiss, Dale G. Spencer, Michael D. Gates, Mickey Kowitz, Angela Strand Boydston, and Martin J. Rucidlo. [Of the D&O defendants in the Delaware Derivative Action, David Hamamoto, Keith Feldman, Jane Reiss, Dale Spencer, Angela Strand, and Darren Post are Chapter 11 Directors and Officers \(as such term is defined in the Plan\). All other D&O defendants in the Delaware Derivative Action are Former Directors and Officers \(as such term is defined in the Plan\).](#)

<sup>4617</sup> Lead plaintiff David M. Cormier has been replaced with lead plaintiff Ed Lomont in the Delaware Chancery Derivative Action.

<sup>4718</sup> The D&O defendants in the Delaware Chancery Derivative Action are: Keith A. Feldman, Michael D. Gates, David T. Hamamoto, Mickey Kowitz, Jane Reiss, Martin J. Rucidlo, Dale G. Spencer, Angela Strand, Shane Brown, Stephen S. Burns, Caimin Flannery, Darren Post, Julio Rodriguez, Phil Richard Schmidt, Chuan D. “John” Vo, Judith Hannaway, Steven R. Hash, Andrew C. Richardson, and Mark A. Walsh. [Of the D&O defendants in the Delaware Chancery Derivative Action, David Hamamoto, Keith Feldman, Jane Reiss, Dale Spencer, Angela Strand, and Darren Post are Chapter 11 Directors and Officers \(as such term is defined in the Plan\). All other D&O defendants in the Delaware Chancery Derivative Action are Former Directors and Officers \(as such term is defined in the Plan\).](#)



coverage is available for the vast majority of the above-listed actions. The Company has contested the insurers' denial, however there can be no assurance that these efforts will be successful and that the Company will be able to access D&O insurance policies with respect to the above-listed actions.

As described in Article III.N of this Disclosure Statement, after the Petition Date, certain plaintiffs brought a putative class action against two of the Debtors' current directors and officers.

As provided in Article V.L of the Plan, nothing in the Plan or the Confirmation Order will alter the Debtors' or the post-effective date Debtors' duties to preserve evidence related to the Ohio Securities Class Action, the Delaware Stockholder Class Action, or the Post-Petition Securities Action (defined below). In addition, as detailed in Article III.E of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors have retained Winston (defined below) to investigate the claims brought on behalf of the Debtors in the above-referenced derivative actions, the findings of which investigations will be shared with the UCC and the EC.

## 2. Karma Litigation

On October 30, 2020, Karma commenced a suit against LMC and certain of its current and former executive officers and employees in the California District Court, Case No. 20-cv-02104 (the “**Karma Action**”), generally alleging misappropriation of trade secrets and intellectual property, conspiracy, breach of the parties' non-disclosure agreement, interference with Karma's employment contracts, RICO conspiracy, and violation of computer fraud statutes, and for injunctive relief and monetary damages based on a variety of claims and theories asserting very substantial losses by Karma and/or improper benefit to the Debtors. On April 20, 2021, Karma filed an amended, operative complaint (the “**Karma Complaint**”). Karma has asserted its damages related to the complaint could exceed \$900 million.

As discussed in more detail in Article III.K, the Debtors and Karma reached a settlement of the Karma Action and related matters, which the Bankruptcy Court approved on August 28, 2023. The Debtors have made a \$40 million settlement payment to Karma to resolve the disputes among the parties.

### **G. ~~F.~~ Circumstances Leading to the Commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases**

The Debtors filed the Chapter 11 Cases to maximize value by conducting a court-supervised sale process, reducing their cash burn to preserve resources, and centralizing the claims asserted by and against the Debtors to efficiently resolve those claims and provide meaningful recoveries to their creditors and, if sufficient, their shareholders.

As discussed in more detail in the Foxconn Complaint, attached as **Exhibit D**, Foxconn ultimately failed to live up to its commitments to, among other things, (i) support the Endurance, including by using its purchasing and supply chain capabilities to reduce the production cost of the vehicle, (ii) fund and work with the Company on future vehicle product development and be a preferred vehicle development partner in North America, and (iii) provide funding for general corporate purposes through the purchase of LMC's stock.

Moreover, leading up to the Petition Date (including in light of Foxconn's failure to fulfill its stock purchase commitments), the Company's need for additional capital to remove the uncertainty surrounding the Company's ability to execute its business plan and scale the Endurance became preeminent. While Foxconn is contractually obligated to provide a meaningful amount of capital and critical operational support, it had repudiated its obligations. Further, the Company did not believe that sufficient capital from other sources was available. Previously, in September 2021, the Company retained Jefferies LLC ("**Jefferies**") to explore market alternatives, primarily relating to securing an OEM partner or investor (as opposed to an outright sale of ~~some or substantially all of the Company's~~ assets, as is contemplated by the ~~current~~ sale process ~~before the Bankruptcy Court~~discussed in more detail in Article III.C of this Disclosure Statement). Through that separate prepetition capital raise process, the Company and Jefferies, in consultation with Foxconn, prepared a list of more than 50 potential investors and strategic OEM partners across the globe to be contacted. While there was engagement from numerous potential parties, the prepetition capital raise process did not result in any actionable transactions. Meanwhile, prior to the Debtors' aggressive cost cutting actions taken shortly before the Petition Date, and ceasing production of the Endurance, the Debtors' average cash burn had ranged from \$10 million to \$15 million per month. <sup>4819</sup>

The market outlook as of the Petition Date, combined with the other factors discussed herein, made it unlikely that the Company's prospects would change in the near future. General market forces and outlooks, including rising interest rates and the availability of credit, as well as forecasts of a near term recession made raising capital extremely difficult. Moreover, those general hardships were even more pronounced in the electric vehicle sector. As evidenced by the Debtors' prepetition capital raise and marketing process, there is a broadly negative investor sentiment towards publicly traded startup companies, and especially electric vehicle manufacturers. Indeed, there have been almost no traditional marketed equity sales of size among small capitalization EV companies in over a year and every start-up EV company has sustained massive declines in market capitalization. Moreover, from January 1, 2022 to April 19, 2023, even the largest U.S. OEMs (Ford, GM, and Tesla), experienced market capitalization declines of 45%, 47% and 57%, respectively, in comparison to only a 21% decline of the Russell 2000 index.

The Debtors also faced additional challenges to raising capital. Chief among these challenges was the lack of progress with the Debtors' new vehicle program with Foxconn, the prepetition disputes with Foxconn, and the substantial uncertainty related to the outcome of the Prepetition Litigations. That uncertainty contributed to the generally negative prepetition investor sentiment toward the Company, driving LMC's stock price down over the past two years. As of June 30, 2023, the Company reported a \$75.0 million reserve accrued on account of the Prepetition Litigations, including for potential settlements, noting that the full range of possible outcomes could result in significantly higher liability. The threat of this potentially significant loss, the Company's need to divert resources to defending the Prepetition Litigations,

<sup>4819</sup> As of the Petition Date, the Debtors had reduced their estimated monthly cash burn to approximately \$5 million (excluding extraordinary costs and contingent liabilities).

and the lack of aid from insurers, and perhaps most importantly, the ongoing disputes with Foxconn, together created a significant obstacle to raising capital in size prior to the Petition Date.

Although the Company successfully reduced its cash burn—outperforming its liquidity forecasts in every fiscal quarter of 2022—and maintained sufficient cash to continue operations in the near term as of the Petition Date, time was and remains of the essence. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors had approximately \$136 million in cash and cash equivalents. As of August 25, 2023, the Debtors estimated monthly cash burn was approximately \$6.7 million (excluding extraordinary costs and contingent liabilities).

When it became clear that Foxconn would ultimately fail to live up to its commitments, the Company had no viable, stand-alone business model and its best option was to seek chapter 11 protection to pursue three main objectives: (i) undertake an efficient and value maximizing sale process for ~~all or substantially all of~~ the Company’s assets under section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code, (ii) use the breathing spell afforded by the Bankruptcy Code to stay significant pending litigation and claims against the Company and efficiently and fairly liquidate all claims in a centralized forum, and (iii) reduce costs and minimize the Company’s operating cash burn. The Company filed these Chapter 11 Cases to execute an expeditious strategic transaction and preserve as much value as possible for all stakeholders.

Shortly after the Petition Date, the Debtors finished the process of producing a limited number of Endurances that were still in production and ceased further meaningful production activities in order to preserve assets. The Debtors have turned their focus to identifying one or more transactions to maximize recoveries through the chapter 11 cases, including marketing and selling the Company and/or ~~substantially all of~~ its assets pursuant to the sale process (the “**Sale Process**”) contemplated by the Bidding Procedures (defined below), which Sale Process is discussed in more detail in Article III.C below.

### **ARTICLE III** **OVERVIEW OF THE CHAPTER 11 CASES**

#### **A. Commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases**

On June 27, 2023 (the “**Petition Date**”), the Debtors commenced the Chapter 11 Cases. The Debtors continue managing their properties and operating their businesses as debtors in possession pursuant to section 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code.

#### **B. First Day and Second Day Relief**

##### **1. Operational First Day Motions and Relief Granted**

On the Petition Date, the Debtors filed operational motions with the Bankruptcy Court seeking various forms of relief designed to facilitate a smooth transition for the Debtors into chapter 11 (collectively, the “**First Day Motions**”). The Bankruptcy Court granted substantially all of the relief requested in the First Day Motions and entered, among others, orders:

- Authorizing, but not directing, the Debtors to continue using their cash management system and other related relief, both on an interim [Docket No. 57] and a final basis [Docket No. 187];
- Authorizing, but not directing, the Debtors to pay employee wages and related obligations, both on an interim [Docket No. 75] and a final basis [Docket No. 178];<sup>1920</sup>
- Authorizing, but not directing, the Debtors to pay critical vendors, both on an interim [Docket No. 58] and a final basis [Docket No. 185];
- Authorizing, but not directing, the Debtors to pay certain taxes, both on an interim [Docket No. 59] and a final basis [Docket No. 177];
- Authorizing, but not directing, the Debtors to pay certain customer obligations, both on an interim [Docket No. 62] and a final basis [Docket No. 186];
- Establishing procedures for utility companies to request adequate assurance of payment and to prohibit utility companies from altering or discontinuing service, both on an interim [Docket No. 60] and a final basis [Docket No. 183];
- Authorizing, but not directing, the Debtors to maintain their insurance programs, both on an interim [Docket No. 61] and a final basis [Docket No. 179]; and
- Establishing notice and hearing procedures for trading in equity securities in the Debtors, both on an interim [Docket No. 63] and a final basis [Docket No. 180].<sup>2021</sup>

## 2. Procedural First and Second Day Motions

On and after the Petition Date, the Debtors also filed various procedural motions and applications regarding procedural issues in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases. The Bankruptcy Court granted substantially all of the relief requested in those procedural motions and entered, among others, orders:

- Directing the joint administration of the Chapter 11 Cases for procedural purposes only [Docket No. 53];
- Confirming the worldwide automatic stay and certain other debtor protections under the Bankruptcy Code [Docket No. 78];
- Extending the time to file schedules of assets and liabilities and statements of financial affairs [Docket No. 173];
- Establishing procedures for the interim compensation and reimbursement of expenses of chapter 11 professionals [Docket No. 181]; and
- Establishing procedures for the retention and compensation of professionals used by the Debtors in the ordinary course of their business [Docket No. 182].

<sup>1920</sup> Prior to entry of the final order granting such relief, the court entered an amended interim order [Docket No. 106].

<sup>2021</sup> In addition to the above-listed relief, on the Petition Date, the Debtors filed the Bidding Procedures Motion (defined below), as discussed in more detail in Article III.C below.

### C. The Sale Process

~~One element of~~Through the Chapter 11 Cases ~~is~~, the ~~implementation of a Debtors implemented a comprehensive~~ marketing and sale process designed to result in ~~the a value maximizing~~ sale of ~~some, all, or~~ substantially all, ~~or some~~ of the Debtors' assets ~~in a value maximizing manner~~. The Debtors ~~have~~ retained Jefferies ~~to serve~~ as their investment banker ~~to advise and assist with the sale and marketing process~~. In addition, the Debtors filed their *Motion for Entry of Orders (a) Establishing Bidding and Auction Procedures; (b) Scheduling Certain Dates with Respect Thereto; (c) Approving the Form and Manner of Notice Thereof; (d) Approving Contract Assumption and Assignment Procedures; and (e) Granting Other Related Relief* [Docket No. 16] (the "**Bidding Procedures Motion**") to obtain Bankruptcy Court approval and establishment of certain procedures relating to the sale process (the "**Bidding Procedures**"). On July 27, 2023, the Court held a hearing to consider the Bidding Procedures Motion, and continued the hearing to August 3, 2023. On August 8, 2023, the Court entered an order approving the Bidding Procedures Motion (the "**Bidding Procedures Order**"). [Docket No. 237]. ~~The Bidding Procedures Order provided the following deadlines related to the sale:~~

<b>Event or Deadline</b>	<b>Date and Time<sup>21</sup></b>
Indication of Interest Deadline	July 31, 2023, at 5:00 p.m. (ET)
Deadline for Debtors to file the Cure Notice	As soon as reasonably practicable after Indication of Interest Deadline
Deadline to object to the Cure Notice	Fourteen (14) calendar days after service of the Cure Notice at 4:00 p.m. (ET)
Stalking Horse Notice Deadline	August 24, 2023, at 5:00 p.m. (ET)
Deadline to object to the Stalking Horse Notice	Five (5) business days after the service of the Stalking Horse Notice at 4:00 p.m. (ET)
Bid Deadline	September 8, 2023, at 5:00 p.m. (ET)
Deadline for the Debtors to notify all Qualified Bidders of the highest or otherwise best Qualified Bid	September 12, 2023
Deadline to object to the Sale	September 14, 2023, at 4:00 p.m. (ET)
Auction (if required)	September 19, 2023, at 10:30 a.m. (ET)
Deadline for objection to Successful Bidder and adequate assurance of future performance	September 26, 2023, at 4:00 p.m. (ET)
Deadline to file replies in support of Sale	4:00 p.m. (ET) on the date that is two

<sup>21</sup>. All dates and deadlines are subject to Bankruptcy Rule 9006.

<b>Event or Deadline</b>	<b>Date and Time<sup>21</sup></b>
	<del>(2) business days prior to the Sale Hearing</del>
<b>Sale Hearing</b>	<del>On or about October 5, 2023, at 10:30 a.m. (ET)</del>

Consistent with the terms of the Bidding Procedures Order, on September 12, 2023, the Debtors filed the *Notice of Certain Modified Dates and Deadlines In Connection With Sale Process* [Docket No. 418] (the “**First Modification Notice**”). On September 19, 2023, the Debtors filed the *Notice of Certain Further Modified Dates and Deadlines In Connection With Sale Process* [Docket No. 434] (the “**Second Modification Notice**”). On September 26, 2023, the Debtors filed the *Second Notice of Certain Further Modified Dates and Deadlines In Connection With Sale Process* [Docket No. 475] (the “**Third Modification Notice**”). On September 29, 2023, the Debtors filed the *Third Notice of Certain Further Modified Dates and Deadlines In Connection With Sale Process* [Docket No. 484] (the “**Fourth Modification Notice**,” and together with the First Modification Notice, Second Modification Notice, and the Third Modification Notice, the “**Modification Notices**”), pursuant to which the Debtors provided notice to parties-in-interest in their chapter 11 cases of certain modified dates and deadlines in connection with the proposed sale.

The Debtors, with the assistance and advice of their professionals, conducted a comprehensive marketing process for the sale of assets consistent with the Bidding Procedures Order. In connection with that marketing and sale process, the Debtors received a Qualified Bid from LAS Capital LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“**LAS Capital**”) to purchase certain specified assets of Debtors.

Although the Debtors received several non-binding proposals for the purchase of specified assets, the Debtors through their Board of Directors, determined that none of these other proposals was a Qualified Bid in accordance with the Bidding Procedures and determined LAS Capital to be the successful bidder under the Bidding Procedures. As a result, the Debtors cancelled the auction contemplated by the Bidding Procedures in accordance with the Bidding Procedures, and proceeded to seek Bankruptcy Court approval of the sale.

On September 29, 2023, the Debtors entered into an asset purchase agreement (including the exhibits and schedules, and as amended, supplemented, amended, and restated or otherwise modified from time to time, the “**APA**”) with LAS Capital and Mr. Stephen S. Burns, an individual, as guarantor of certain obligations of LAS Capital under the APA. Mr. Burns, whom the Debtors understand is the majority equity holder of LAS Capital, was the founder and former Chief Executive Officer and a member of the Board of Directors of LMC. Additionally, Mr. Julio Rodriguez, whom the Debtors understand is one of the indirect managers of LAS Capital, was the former Chief Financial Officer of LMC. Each of Mr. Burns and Mr. Rodriguez resigned from his respective position, as of June 14, 2021, and, each ceased being employed by and has had no management role with the Company since that time. In connection with the Debtors’ sale process, LAS Capital, including Mr. Burns and Mr. Rodriguez, have not had and do not currently have any affiliation with the Company, other than as a third party bidder in the sale process.



On September 29, 2023, the Debtors filed a *Notice of (I) Selection of Successful Bidder, (II) Cancellation of Auction, and (III) Sale Hearing* (the “**Notice of Successful Bidder**”) [Docket No. 488], announcing that the Debtors selected LAS Capital as the Successful Bidder, subject to Court approval and that the Debtors would seek the Bankruptcy Court’s approval of, and to consummate, the proposed sale of certain specified assets to LAS Capital, which approval the Debtors later obtained (as detailed below).

Pursuant to the APA, LAS Capital agreed to acquire certain specified assets of the Debtors related to the design, production and sale of electric light duty vehicles focused on the commercial fleet market, as well as certain laptop computers, tools, equipment, and information technology assets (collectively, the “**Purchased Assets**”) free and clear of liens, claims, encumbrances, and other interests, and assume certain specified liabilities of the Selling Entities (collectively, the “**Liabilities**” and such acquisition of the Purchased Assets and assumption of the Liabilities together, the “**Transaction**”) for a total purchase price of approximately \$10.2 million in cash (the “**Purchase Price**”). In accordance with the Bidding Procedures Order, LAS Capital deposited \$1 million of the Purchase Price into an escrow account as a good faith deposit which amount will either (i) be credited to the Purchase Price payable at the closing and released to the Debtors, (ii) be released to the Debtors upon the termination of the APA in certain circumstances in which LAS Capital has breached the APA, or (iii) be released to LAS Capital if the APA is terminated for other reasons. If the APA is terminated in certain circumstances in which LAS Capital has breached the APA, LAS Capital will also be required to pay the Debtors a termination fee of \$4 million. Mr. Burns has guaranteed the obligations of LAS Capital under the APA, subject to a cap on such guarantee equal to the Purchase Price plus expenses incurred enforcing the terms of the APA. Mr. Burns is a party to the APA solely for the purpose of such guarantee and certain other specified provisions.

The APA contains customary representations, warranties and covenants of the parties for a transaction involving the acquisition of assets from a debtor in bankruptcy. None of the representations, warranties or pre-closing covenants contained in the APA survive the closing nor does the APA provide for indemnification for any breach of such representations, warranties or covenants. The completion of the Transaction is subject to a number of customary conditions, which, among others, include the entry of an order of the Bankruptcy Court authorizing and approving the Transaction, the performance by each party of its obligations under the APA and the accuracy of each party’s representations. The APA contains certain termination rights for both the Company and LAS Capital, including the right to terminate the APA if the Transaction is not consummated by October 31, 2023, or to the extent the Board of Directors of the Debtors determines that proceeding with the transactions contemplated by the APA or failing to terminate the APA would be inconsistent with its fiduciary duties.

On October 13, 2023, LAS Capital sent notice to the Debtors that LAS Capital will assign rights to acquire the Assets to its affiliate, LandX Motors Corp (“**LandX**”), as assignee, and that LandX will be the Purchaser under the APA.

On October 18, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court held a hearing (the “**Sale Hearing**”) to consider approval of the sale transaction and entry into the APA. At the Sale Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court approved the sale and, thereafter, entered an order [Docket No. 586], among

other things, authorizing and approving the sale, authorizing the Debtors to enter into and perform their obligations under the APA, and authorizing the assumption and assignment of certain contracts in connection with the sale (the “Sale Order”).

At the conclusion of the Sale Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court entered the Sale Order. The sale of Purchased Assets under the APA is expected to close by October 31, 2023.

The foregoing summary of the APA and Sale Order does not describe all of the terms of such documents and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the APA and Sale Order.

#### **D. Potential Assumption, Assignment, and Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases**

~~Pursuant to the Bidding Procedures Order, on August 21, 2023, the Debtors’ investment banker, Jefferies, has contacted a wide range of potential buyers. To date, the Debtors have received a number of non-binding indications of interest, including indications of interest to acquire all or substantially all of the Debtors’ assets as a going concern. The Debtors did not select a stalking horse with respect to their assets. The deadline to submit bids is September 8, 2023 and the auction, if any, is scheduled for September 19, 2023. Each of the dates outlined in the Bidding Procedures is subject to change and the sale process may be cancelled in accordance with the procedures approved by the Bankruptcy Court.~~ filed the Notice of (I) Potential Assumption and Assignment of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases and (II) Cure Amounts [Docket No. 280] (the “Original Cure Notice”), which pursuant to the Bidding Procedures Order, listed one or more of the executory contracts and unexpired leases that the Debtors may potentially assume and assign to the successful bidder on their assets pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Original Cure Notice was for the purposes of fixing the amounts necessary to cure all defaults under the agreements listed on the cure notice in the event that the Debtors later moved to assume and assign such agreements to a successful bidder and did not serve as a notice that the Debtors would, in fact, be assuming or assigning the agreements listed in such notice.

On September 27, 2023, the Debtors filed the Supplemental Notice of (I) Potential Assumption and Assignment of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases and (II) Cure Amounts [D.I. 482] (the “First Supplemental Cure Notice”), which pursuant to the Bidding Procedures Order, amended the cure amount previously listed in the Original Cure Notice for one contract included on the Original Cure Notice.

On September 29, 2023, the Debtors filed the Second Supplemental Notice of (I) Potential Assumption and Assignment of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases and (II) Cure Amounts [D.I. 492] (the “Second Supplemental Cure Notice”) to inform certain contract counterparties not listed on the Original Cure Notice of cure amounts, if any, that the Debtors believe must be paid to cure any prepetition defaults and pay all amounts accrued under the agreements with such parties listed in the Second Supplemental Cure Notice. This Second Supplemental Cure Notice is for the purposes of fixing cure amounts with respect to the Supplemental Potentially Assumed Agreements and does not serve as a notice that the Debtors



will, in fact, be assuming or assigning the agreements listed in the Second Supplemental Cure Notice.

As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors have not filed any motion to reject any executory contract or unexpired lease. However, the Debtors anticipate that they will reject most, if not all, of their executory contracts and unexpired leases (subject to Bankruptcy Court approval), absent finding a counterparty that is willing to be assigned such agreements, which the Debtors do not currently anticipate. Under the Plan, all executory contracts not expressly assumed by Bankruptcy Court order are deemed rejected.

#### **E. ~~D.~~ Retention of Debtors' Chapter 11 Professionals**

On July 6, 2023, the Debtors filed applications to retain certain professionals to assist the Debtors in carrying out their duties under the Bankruptcy Code during the Chapter 11 Cases. [Docket Nos. 87, 88, ~~89~~, 90, 91]. The Debtors' professionals include: (i) White & Case LLP as bankruptcy counsel; (ii) ~~Richards, Layton & Finger ("RLF")~~ Womble Bond Dickson (US) LLP ("Womble") as proposed co-counsel; (iii) Silverman Consulting Inc., as financial advisor; (iv) Jefferies LLC as investment banker; and (v) Kurtzman Carson Consultants, LLC as administrative agent and solicitation agent. On July 27, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court entered the orders approving the retention of White & Case LLP, Silverman Consulting Inc., Jefferies LLC and Kurtzman Carson Consultants, LLC. [Docket Nos. 174, 175, 176, 188].

Initially, the Debtors sought to retain Richards, Layton & Finger ("RLF") as proposed co-counsel to the Debtors. The Debtors' filed an application to retain RLF as co-counsel on July 6, 2023. [Docket No. 89]. On August 18, 2023, the U.S. Trustee filed an objection to the Debtors' application to retain RLF. [Docket No. 267]. At a hearing on October 5, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court denied RLF's retention application. Thereafter, the Debtors determined to retain Womble. Womble's retention remains subject to Bankruptcy Court approval as of the date of filing this Disclosure Statement.

On August 15, 2023 and August 18, 2023, respectively, the Bankruptcy Court approved the Debtors' applications to retain Baker & Hostetler LLP as special litigation and corporate counsel for the Debtors and to retain KPMG LLC to provide audit services to the Debtors. [Docket Nos. 254, 265].

#### **F. Appointment of Derivative Claims Oversight Committee and Retention of Special Litigation Counsel**

Prior to the Petition Date, Winston & Strawn LLP ("Winston") had been retained by one or more of the Debtors since November 2021 for various purposes. From approximately January 2022 through approximately September 2022, Winston advised the Board of Directors in reviewing and evaluating two stockholder derivative demand letters concerning, in principal part, the production schedule and demand for the Company's Endurance truck (the "Demands"). The allegations in the Demands were substantially similar to those asserted on behalf of the Debtors

in the above-referenced derivative actions (each as described more fully in Article II.E.1 of this Disclosure Statement).

On August 29, 2023, the Board of Directors of LMC adopted a resolution to form an oversight committee (the “**Derivative Claim Oversight Committee**”) to evaluate the derivative claims (the “**Derivative Claims**”) asserted on behalf of the Debtors in the (i) Ohio Derivative Action, (ii) District of Delaware Derivative Action, and (iii) Delaware Chancery Derivative Action ((i)-(iii) collectively, the “**Derivative Actions**”), each as described more fully in Article II.E.1 of this Disclosure Statement. By the resolution, the Board of Directors of LMC appointed three board members to the Derivative Claim Oversight who are not named in any of the Derivative Actions or subject to any Derivative Claims. Further, the board determined through the resolution that any initiation, prosecution, waiver, release, settlement, disposition, or resolution of any Derivative Claims should be evaluated and recommended by the Derivative Claim Oversight Committee prior to the board making any decision with respect any such initiation, prosecution, waiver, release, settlement, disposition, or resolution of any Derivative Claim.

On ~~August 18~~ October 4, 2023, the ~~U.S. Trustee filed an objection to~~ Bankruptcy Court ~~approved~~ the Debtors’ application to retain ~~RLF. [Docket No. 267]. The hearing to consider the retention application of RLF has been adjourned and is pending scheduling.~~ Winston as special litigation counsel in these chapter 11 cases [Docket No. 508]. Winston has been retained by the Debtors for the purpose of investigating the Derivative Claims (the “**Derivative Claims Investigation**”). Pursuant to the order entered by the Bankruptcy Court authorizing the Debtors to retain Winston, the Debtors shall advise both the UCC and the EC of the conclusions reached by Winston and the basis for those conclusions. [Docket No. 508, ¶ 4].

#### **G. ~~E.~~ Appointment of ~~Creditors’ Committee~~ UCC**

On July 11, 2023, the U.S. Trustee appointed the ~~Committee~~ official committee of unsecured creditors (as such committee may be reconstituted from time to time, the “UCC”), pursuant to section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code, to represent the interests of unsecured creditors in the Chapter 11 Cases. [Docket Nos. 96, 99]. The members of the ~~Committee~~ UCC are: (a) Barry L. Leonard & Co. Inc., (b) Superior Cam Inc., and (c) SA Automotive Ltd.

On August 23, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court entered orders approving the ~~Committee’s~~ UCC’s applications to retain Troutman Pepper Hamilton Sanders LLP as counsel and to retain Huron Consulting Group Inc. as ~~Financial Advisor~~ financial advisor. [Docket ~~No~~ Nos. 294; and 295].

#### **H. Appointment of the EC**

On September 7, 2023, the U.S. Trustee appointed the official committee of equity security holders (as such committee may be reconstituted from time to time, the “EC”), pursuant to section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code. [Docket No. 375]. The members of the EC are: (a) Crestline Management, L.P., (b) Pertento Partners LLP, (c) Esopus Creek Value Series Fund LP – Series “A,” and any other members of the EC that may serve from time to time.

On October 16, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court entered orders approving the EC's applications to retain Brown Rudnick LLP and Morris James LLP as co-counsel and to retain M3 Partners, LP as financial advisor [Docket Nos. 558, 559, and 560].

#### I. ~~F.~~ Schedules and Statements and Claims Bar Dates

On August 1, 2023, the Debtors filed their schedules of assets and liabilities and statements of financial affairs [Docket Nos. 211-217].

On August 4, 2023, the Debtors filed a motion [Docket No. 228] (the “**Bar Date Motion**”) requesting that the Bankruptcy Court establish certain deadlines related to filing proofs of claim. No party objected to the Bar Date Motion. On August 24, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order granting the Debtors’ Bar Date Motion and established the following deadlines for parties to file proofs of claim:

- (i) October 10, 2023 at 5:00 p.m. (ET) as the deadline for all persons and entities (excluding governmental units as defined in section 101(27) of the Bankruptcy Code) to file proofs of claim in the Chapter 11 Cases (the “**General Bar Date**”);
- (ii) December 26, 2023 at 5:00 p.m. (ET) as the deadline for governmental units (as defined in section 101(27) of the Bankruptcy Code) to file proofs of claim in the Chapter 11 Cases (the “**Governmental Bar Date**”);
- (iii) The later of (a) the General Bar Date or the Governmental Bar Date (if a governmental unit is the counterparty to applicable executory contract or unexpired lease) and (b) 5:00 p.m. (ET) on the date that is 30 days after the service of an order of the Bankruptcy Court authorizing the Debtors’ rejection of the applicable executory contract or unexpired lease; as the deadline for all Holders of a claim that arises from the Debtors’ rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease to file proofs of claim in the Chapter 11 Cases (“**Rejection Damages Bar Date**”); and
- (iv) the Amended Schedule Bar Date (as defined in the Bar Date Order, and together with the General Bar Date, the Governmental Bar Date, and the Rejection Bar Date, the “**Bar Dates**”) as the later of (a) the General Bar Date or the Governmental Bar Date (if the applicable amendment relates to a claim of a Governmental Unit) and (b) 5:00 p.m. (Prevailing Eastern Time) on the date that is 30 days after the claimant is served with notice of the applicable amendment or supplement to the Bankruptcy Schedules.

#### J. ~~G.~~ Exclusivity

Exclusivity Section 1121(b) of the Bankruptcy Code provides for an initial period of 120 days after the commencement of a chapter 11 case during which a debtor has the exclusive right to file a plan of reorganization (the “**Exclusive Plan Period**”). In addition, section 1121(c)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that if a debtor files a plan within the Exclusive Plan Period, it has a period of 180 days after commencement of the chapter 11 case to obtain acceptances of such plan (the “**Exclusive Solicitation Period**,” and together with the Exclusive Plan Period, the

“**Exclusive Periods**”). Pursuant to section 1121(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Court may, upon a showing of cause, extend the Exclusive Periods.

The Exclusive Periods currently remain in effect. ~~The current~~ On September 1, 2023, the Debtors filed the Initial Plan. Given that the Debtors filed the Proposed Plan within 120 days of the Petition Date, under section 1121(c)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, absent an order of the Court, no other party-in-interest can file a competing plan in these Chapter 11 Cases at this time. But for the filing of the Initial Plan, the Exclusive Plan Period ~~is to~~ and ~~through~~ the Exclusive Solicitation Period would have expired on October 25, 2023, and ~~the current Exclusive Solicitation Period is to and through~~ December 26, 2023. ~~Each is subject to~~, respectively, absent further ~~extension~~ order of the Court.

Notwithstanding the filing of the Initial Plan, out of abundance of caution, on October 4, 2023, the Debtors filed a motion [Docket No. 515] (the “**Exclusivity Motion**”) to extend the Exclusive Plan Period and the Exclusive Solicitation Period to January 31, 2023. On October 16, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order [Docket No. 561] approving the Exclusivity Motion.

#### **K. H. The Foxconn Adversary Proceeding**

Concurrently with the commencement of the Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors filed an adversary proceeding against Foxconn, captioned *Lordstown Motors Corp. et al. v. Foxconn Ventures Pte. Ltd. et al.*, Adv. Proc. No. 23-50414 (MFW) (Bankr. D. Del.) (the “**Foxconn Adversary Proceeding**”). The Debtors intend to vigorously prosecute the Foxconn Adversary Proceeding. The Plan expressly permits the Post-Effective Date Debtors to continue to pursue all of the Causes of Action set forth in the Foxconn Adversary Proceeding. On August 29, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court approved the parties’ *Stipulation Extending Response Deadline* to extend the Foxconn’s deadline to respond to the Foxconn Complaint to September 29, 2023. [Adv. Pro. Docket No. 7-1].

On September 29, 2023, Foxconn filed a motion to dismiss all counts of the Foxconn Complaint and brief in support of the same (the “**Foxconn Adversary Motion to Dismiss**”). [Adv. Pro. Docket Nos. 8 and 9]. The Debtors’ believe that the Foxconn Adversary Motion to Dismiss is without merit and intend to respond accordingly and to continue to pursue their claims against Foxconn.

The Debtors’ deadline to object to the Foxconn Adversary Motion to Dismiss is November 6, 2023. Foxconn’s deadline to file a reply in support of the Foxconn Adversary Motion to Dismiss is November 30, 2023.

#### **L. ~~L.~~ Foxconn’s Motion to Dismiss or Convert the Chapter 11 Cases**

On July 20, 2023, Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd. (a/k/a Hon Hai Technology Group), Foxconn EV Technology, Inc., and Foxconn EV System LLC filed a motion to dismiss the Chapter 11 Cases or to convert the cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code [Docket No. 131] (the “**Foxconn Chapter 11 Motion to Dismiss**”). The movants alleged that the Debtors filed the Chapter 11 Cases in bad faith, that the Debtors ~~did~~ not have a reasonable

likelihood of rehabilitation, and that dismissal or conversion would ~~benefit~~have benefited the Debtors' creditors.

On August 21, 2023, the Debtors filed an objection to the Foxconn Chapter 11 Motion to Dismiss. [Docket No. 282]. On August 22, 2023, the ~~Committee~~UCC filed a statement in response to the Foxconn Chapter 11 Motion to Dismiss stating the reasons it believes that dismissal or conversion of the Chapter 11 Cases is not warranted at this time. [Docket No. 286]. On August 27, 2023, Foxconn filed a reply in further support of the Foxconn Chapter 11 Motion to Dismiss. [Docket No. 330].

At a hearing before the Bankruptcy Court on August 28, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court denied the Foxconn Chapter 11 Motion to Dismiss and found that there was no evidence that the Chapter 11 Cases were filed in bad faith, the Debtors had a legitimate bankruptcy purpose in commencing the Chapter 11 Cases, and that it would not be in the best interest of creditors or equity holders to dismiss or convert the Chapter 11 Cases. On August 29, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order denying the Foxconn Chapter 11 Motion to Dismiss. [Docket No. 348].

#### **M. ~~J.~~ The Debtors' Preliminary Injunction Proceeding**

On July 5, 2023, the Debtors filed a complaint for injunctive relief [Adv. Proc. Case No. 23-50428, Adv. Docket No. 1] initiating an adversary proceeding (the "**Stay Extension Adversary**") to extend the automatic stay to claims against certain of the Debtors' current and former directors and officers in the Delaware Class Action, which action is described in more detail above in Article II.E.1. Concurrently with filing the complaint, the Debtors filed a motion and brief in support thereof [Adv. Proc. Case No. 23-50428, Adv. Docket Nos. 2 & 3], seeking a preliminary injunction extending the automatic stay to the non-debtor defendants in the Delaware Class Action. At a hearing before the Bankruptcy Court on August 3, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court denied the request to extend the automatic stay to non-Debtor entities. The court entered an order memorializing the ruling on August 17, 2023. [Adv. Proc. Case No. 23-50428, Adv. Docket No. 34]. On August 28, 2023, the court entered an order approving the parties' stipulation to stay the Stay Extension Adversary Proceeding. [Adv. Proc. Case No. 23-50428, Adv. Docket No. 36].

#### **N. ~~K.~~ Karma Developments and Settlement**

As detailed above in Article II.E.2, the Debtors and certain of their current and former directors, officers, and employees are party to the prepetition Karma Action, which seeks injunctive relief and damages against the defendants in the Karma Action in excess of \$900 million related the defendants' alleged misappropriation of trade secrets and intellectual property, conspiracy, breach of contract, tortious interference with contract, and violation of the computer fraud statutes.

On June 27, 2023, LMC filed a suggestion of bankruptcy and notice of automatic stay in the California District Court Action, which was amended on June 28, 2023. In light of the Chapter 11 Cases, the California District Court orally stayed the California District Court Action, but did not vacate the September trial date.

On July 5, 2023, Karma filed, with the Bankruptcy Court, a motion for relief from the automatic stay [Docket No. 82] (the “**Stay Relief Motion**”), seeking relief from the automatic stay to continue the California District Court Action in the California District Court, to which the Debtors filed an objection on July 19, 2023 [Docket No. 122] and the ~~Committee~~UCC filed an objection on July 20, 2023 [Docket No. 128]. On July 13, 2023, the Debtors filed a motion to establish procedures and a schedule to estimate the amount of the claim held by Karma [Docket No. 108] (the “**Estimation Motion**”).

On July 20, 2023, Karma filed an objection to the Estimation Motion [Docket No. 126] and the Bidding Procedures Motion [Docket No. 127]. In connection with its objections to the Estimation Motion and the Bidding Procedures Motion, Karma alleged that the Debtors had misappropriated Karma’s trade secrets and intellectual property, had incorporated such intellectual property into the Debtors’ alleged property and products, and that neither the Bidding Procedures nor any Sale should be approved absent a judicial determination of the parties’ respective property rights pursuant to an adversary proceeding under Bankruptcy Rule 7001.

On July 24, 2023, Karma filed its reply in support of the Stay Relief Motion [Docket No. 144], and the Debtors filed replies in support of Bidding Procedures Motion [Docket No. 154] and the Estimation Motion [Docket No. 155].

On July 27, 2023, the Court held a hearing on the Stay Relief Motion, the Bidding Procedures Motion, and the Estimation Motion, among other matters. At such hearing, the Court (a) continued the hearing with respect to the Bidding Procedures Motion, (b) granted Karma’s Stay Relief Motion, and (c) determined that the Estimation Motion was moot. On July 31, 2023, the Court entered the order granting the Stay Relief Motion [Docket No. 206] (the “**Stay Relief Order**”), thereby permitting Karma to proceed with the Karma Action through a jury verdict, judgment, and post-trial motions. Absent resolution, the Karma Action was set to proceed to trial beginning on September 12, 2023 in the United States District Court for the Central District of California.

On August 14, 2023, the Debtors and Karma entered into a Settlement Agreement and Release memorializing an agreement to consensually resolve the claims asserted in the Karma Action (the “**Karma Settlement Agreement**”). On August 15, 2023, the Debtors filed a motion [Docket No. 248] with the Bankruptcy Court seeking approval of the Settlement Agreement (the “**Karma Settlement Motion**”). A copy of the Karma Settlement Agreement is attached to the Debtors’ proposed order approving the Settlement Agreement filed with the Bankruptcy Court [Docket No. 248-2]. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Karma Settlement Agreement and its exhibits, the settlement terms include: (i) a \$40 million settlement payment by the Company to Karma (the “**Karma Settlement Payment**”), of which \$5 million is allocated to a royalty with respect to the license described in (ii) of this paragraph, (ii) a worldwide, non-exclusive, transferable, royalty-free (except for the full Karma Settlement Payment including the License Payment or Royalty therein (as defined in the Settlement Agreement)), fully paid-up, sublicensable, perpetual and irrevocable license granted by Karma to the Company and any of the Company’s assignees, which license will permit the Company or its assigns to use the intellectual property and technology, including patents, copyrights, software rights, know-how,



design rights, database rights, and trade secrets, which Karma alleges in the Karma Action that the Company has misappropriated, (iii) mutual releases, and (iv) dismissal of the Karma Action, with prejudice as to all defendants after an approval order by the Bankruptcy Court is final and no longer subject to any appeal.

On August 28, 2023, with no objections to the Karma Settlement Motion, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order granting the Karma Settlement Motion and approving the Karma Settlement. [Docket No. 334]. The Company made the Karma Settlement Payment on August 28, 2023.

#### O. Post-Petition Directors and Officers Litigation

After the Petition Date, on July 26, 2023, plaintiff Bandol Lim filed a putative securities class action against the Debtors' current Chief Executive Officer (Edward Hightower) and Chief Financial Officer (Adam Kroll) in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio, styled *Bandol Lim v. Edward Hightower et al.*, No. 4:23-cv-01454-BYP (N.D. Ohio) (the "**Post-Petition Securities Action**," and together with the Ohio Securities Class Action and the Delaware Shareholder Class Action, the "**Putative Class Actions**"). In the complaint filed in the Post-Petition Securities Action, plaintiff alleges claims arising from the purchase or acquisition of securities of Lordstown Motors Corp. between August 4, 2022 through and including June 26, 2023. On September 25, 2023, plaintiffs in the Post-Petition Securities Action, Bandol Lim, Richard Dowell, and Nico Gatzaros (collectively, the "**RIDE Investor Group**") filed a motion seeking, among other things, to appoint the RIDE Investor Group as lead plaintiff in the Post-Petition Securities Action

As provided in Article V.L of the Plan, nothing in the Plan or the Confirmation Order will alter the Debtors' or the Post-Effective Date Debtors' obligations under applicable law to preserve evidence related to the Post-Petition Securities Action.

None of the Debtors are named in the Post-Petition Securities Action. However, each of the members of the RIDE Investor Group Filed Proofs of Claim [Proof of Claim Nos. 802, 809, and 816] (the "**RIDE Proofs of Claims**") against Debtor LMC, purportedly on behalf of themselves and the putative class in the Post-Petition Securities Action, in an unliquidated amount. The RIDE Investor Group has not filed a motion for entry of an order seeking certification of the putative class in the Post-Petition Securities Action and has not sought authority from the Bankruptcy Court to file its purported class Proofs of Claim. The Debtors dispute, and intend to object to, each of the RIDE Proofs of Claim. The Debtors further dispute that the members of the Ride Investment Group have authority to File Proofs of Claim on behalf of the putative class in the Post-Petition Securities Action.

In addition, Messrs. Hightower and Kroll contend that they are both insureds under the directors' and officers' insurance policies of the Debtors that are currently in effect (the "**Current D&O Policies**").<sup>22</sup> The Current D&O Policies are as follows:

<sup>22</sup> For the avoidance of any doubt, the Debtors understand that Messrs. Hightower and Kroll assert a right to insurance coverage under all of the Debtors' Insurance Policies under which they are entitled to coverage



<u>Insurer</u>	<u>Policy Number</u>	<u>Policy Type</u>	<u>Policy Limit</u>
<u>Berkley Insurance Company</u>	<u>BPRO8085893</u>	<u>Primary D&amp;O</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>XL Specialty Insurance Company</u>	<u>ELU186243-22</u>	<u>Excess D&amp;O</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, Pa.</u>	<u>01-615-95-98</u>	<u>Excess D&amp;O</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>Allied World Specialty Insurance Company</u>	<u>0312-5573</u>	<u>Excess D&amp;O</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>Continental Casualty Company</u>	<u>652471831</u>	<u>Excess D&amp;O</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>SiriusPoint Bermuda Insurance Company</u>	<u>101-XDO-1057-102</u>	<u>Excess D&amp;O</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>Associated Industries Insurance Company Inc.</u>	<u>ANV146198A</u>	<u>Excess D&amp;O</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>Fair American Insurance and Reinsurance Company</u>	<u>MLX-1001760-00</u>	<u>Excess D&amp;O</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>Endurance Assurance Corporation</u>	<u>ADL30026702600</u>	<u>Side A DIC</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>XL Specialty Insurance Company</u>	<u>ELU186245-22</u>	<u>Excess Side A DIC</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>RSUI Indemnity Company</u>	<u>NHS702385</u>	<u>Excess Side A DIC</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh Pa.</u>	<u>01-615-96-00</u>	<u>Excess Side A DIC</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>Lloyd's Underwriter Syndicate No 0033</u>	<u>FSGDO2201691</u>	<u>Excess Side A DIC</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>Samsung Fire &amp; Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.</u>	<u>SGC 0857-01</u>	<u>Excess Side A DIC</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
<u>Westfield Specialty Insurance Company</u>	<u>XSA-00017G6-00</u>	<u>Excess Side A DIC</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>

Each of the Current D&O Policies has an effective policy period of October 23, 2022 to April 23, 2024.<sup>23</sup> Further, each of the Current D&O Policies is a “claims made” policy, meaning that they provide coverage for claims first asserted during the applicable policy period.

pursuant to such policy’s terms, whether the Current D&O Policies or any of the Debtors’ other D&O Liability Insurance Policies.

<sup>23</sup> Prior to the Petition Date, the Debtors extended the terms of the D&O Policies—which previously ended October 23, 2023—to April 23, 2024, and also purchased a six year run-off coverage of additional coverage upon emergence from bankruptcy.

The Ohio Securities Class Action and the Delaware Shareholder Class Action were both filed before the Current D&O Policies inception and, therefore, the Current D&O Policies have not applied to those actions. Accordingly, any recoveries by Holders from insurance in connection with claims alleged on the same or similar basis as those in the Ohio Securities Class Action or the Delaware Class Action are unlikely to impact proceeds available under the Current D&O Policies.

As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors are not aware of any actions other than the Post-Petition Securities Action that implicate the Current D&O Policies.

On September 19, 2023, Messrs. Hightower and Kroll filed a motion [Docket No. 437] (the “**D&O Stay Relief Motion**”) for relief from the automatic stay, to the extent applicable, to permit payment, reimbursement and/or advancement of defense costs and fees, and related expenses under the applicable directors and officers insurance policies. On October 2, 2023, The Bankruptcy Court entered an order [Docket No. 495] approving the D&O Stay Relief Motion and modifying the automatic stay, to the extent applicable, solely to the extent necessary to permit and authorize the Debtors to make payments to or for the benefit of Messrs. Hightower and Kroll, for the reimbursement and payment of costs covered by the applicable insurance policy that are incurred in connection with the Post-Petition Securities Action, under and in accordance with the terms of the applicable directors and officers insurance policies.

## **ARTICLE IV** **THE PLAN**

### **A. Overview of the Plan**

THIS SECTION PROVIDES A SUMMARY OF THE STRUCTURE AND MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTING THE PLAN AND OF THE CLASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS UNDER THE PLAN, AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE PLAN, WHICH ACCOMPANIES THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND TO THE EXHIBITS ATTACHED THERETO.

THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT INCLUDE SUMMARIES OF THE PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THE PLAN AND IN DOCUMENTS REFERRED TO THEREIN. THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DO NOT PURPORT TO BE PRECISE OR COMPLETE STATEMENTS OF ALL THE TERMS AND PROVISIONS OF THE PLAN OR DOCUMENTS REFERRED TO THEREIN, AND REFERENCE IS MADE TO THE PLAN AND TO SUCH DOCUMENTS FOR THE FULL AND COMPLETE STATEMENTS OF SUCH TERMS AND PROVISIONS.

THE PLAN ITSELF AND THE DOCUMENTS REFERRED TO THEREIN CONTROL THE ACTUAL TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AGAINST AND INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS UNDER THE PLAN AND WILL, UPON THE EFFECTIVE DATE, BE BINDING UPON HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST AND INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS AND OTHER PARTIES IN INTEREST.

HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS SHOULD READ THE PLAN IN ITS ENTIRETY BEFORE VOTING TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN.

A central component of the Plan is to ~~liquidate some or all of the Debtors' assets, to provide distributions to Holders of Claims and Interests, and, to the extent not liquidated immediately, to maximize value of the Debtors' assets for the benefit of stakeholders (including by pursuing the Foxconn Adversary Proceeding and other Causes of Action). The purpose of the Plan is to maximize recoveries to the Debtors' creditors and equity holders, and the Plan provides for a fair allocation of the Debtors' Assets.~~ prosecute the Debtors' causes of action, including against Foxconn, optimize the tax efficiency of the Debtors and Post-Effective Date Debtors, and preserve the Debtors' Common Stock Interests, including for the purpose of making future distributions.

In general, a chapter 11 plan (a) divides claims and equity interests into separate classes, (b) specifies the consideration that each class is to receive under the plan and (c) contains other provisions necessary to implement the plan. Under the Bankruptcy Code, "claims" and "equity interests," rather than "creditors" and "shareholders," are classified because creditors and shareholders may hold claims and equity interests in more than one class. Under section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code, a class of claims is "impaired" under a plan unless the plan (a) leaves unaltered the legal, equitable, and contractual rights of each holder of a claim in such class or (b) provides, among other things, for the cure of certain existing defaults and reinstatement of the maturity of claims in such class. Under the Plan, Classes 3, 47, 58, and 79 are Impaired, and Holders of Claims or Interests in Classes 3, 47, 8, and 79 are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan *unless* a Holder's Claim is subject to an objection filed by the Debtors. Ballots are being furnished herewith to all Holders of Claims or Interests in Classes 3, ~~4 and~~ 7, 8, and 9 that are entitled to vote to facilitate their voting to accept or reject the Plan. ~~Holders of Interests in Class 5 are deemed to reject the plan.~~ Classes 1, 2, ~~and~~ 4, 5, 6, and 10 are Unimpaired under the Plan and therefore deemed to accept the Plan. Holders of Interests in Class 5 will be furnished with Ballots to facilitate provisional voting to accept or reject the Plan.

The Plan provides for full payment of all Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, if any, Allowed Priority Claims, if any, and Allowed Secured Claims, if any, in accordance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code as well as ~~payment~~ payments to Allowed General Unsecured ~~Trade Claims from the GUTC Cash Pool Account and Other Unsecured Trade Claims from the Non-Trade Pool Assets with recoveries to such creditors to be determined, which are expected to fully satisfy such Claims with interest at the legal rate.~~ The Plan further provides for ~~additional value to Interests to the extent sufficient value remains after satisfaction of other Claims~~ the preservation of Interests, including for the purpose of making future distributions thereto.

Following confirmation of the Plan, the Plan will become effective (as such term is used in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code) on the first Business Day on which all the conditions to the occurrence of the Effective Date, as specified in Article X.A of the Plan have been satisfied or waived in accordance with the provisions of Article X.B of the Plan. The satisfaction of certain of the conditions to the occurrence of the Effective Date is beyond the control of the Debtors, and there is no assurance that the Debtors will waive or extend the deadline for the

occurrence of the Effective Date or any other condition. Thus, it is possible that the Plan will not be confirmed and consummated in the time contemplated.

## **B. Unclassified Claims**

### **1. Unclassified Claims Summary**

In accordance with section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Claims~~+~~, including Professional Fee Claims~~+~~, and Priority Tax Claims~~+~~ have not been classified and, thus, are excluded from the classification of Claims and Interests set forth in Article II of the Plan. The Claim recoveries for such unclassified Claims are set forth below:

<u>Claim</u>	<u>Plan Treatment</u>	<u>Projected Plan Recovery</u>
Administrative Claims	Paid in Full in Cash	100%
Professional Fee Claims	Paid in Full in Cash	100%
Priority Tax Claims	Paid in Full in Cash	100%

### **2. Unclassified Claims**

#### *(i) Administrative Claims*

Pursuant to section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Allowed Administrative Claims are not classified and are not entitled to vote. The Debtors have concluded that based upon current estimates, the ~~Assets~~assets of the Debtors are sufficient to satisfy these Claims. Except with respect to Professional Fee Claims and Priority Tax Claims and except to the extent that an Administrative Claim has already been paid during the Chapter 11 Cases or a Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim and the applicable Debtor, or after the Effective Date, such Holder and the applicable Post-Effective Date Debtor agree to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim shall be paid in full in Cash (i) if such Administrative Claim is Allowed as of the Effective Date, on or as soon as reasonably practicable after the Effective Date; or (ii) if such Administrative Claim is not Allowed as of the Effective Date, upon entry of an order of the Bankruptcy Court Allowing such Claim, or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter; *provided that*, if an Allowed Administrative Claim arises from liabilities incurred by the Debtors' Estates in the ordinary course of business after the Petition Date, such Claim shall be paid in accordance with the terms and conditions of the particular transaction giving rise to such Claim in the ordinary course.

Except as otherwise provided in Article II.A of the Plan or the Bar Date Order, and except with respect to Administrative Claims that are Professional Fee Claims, requests for payment of Allowed Administrative Claims must be Filed and served on the Post-Effective Date Debtors pursuant to the procedures specified in the Confirmation Order and the notice of entry of the Confirmation Order no later than the Administrative Claims Bar Date; *provided~~+~~*, that the Administrative Claims Bar Date does not apply to (i) Professional Fee Claims or (ii) Quarterly Fees.

The Post-Effective Date Debtors or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman may settle Administrative Claims in the ordinary course of business without further Bankruptcy Court approval. With respect to timely-Filed and properly served Administrative Claims, the Debtors, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman, as applicable, may also choose to object to any Administrative Claim no later than the Administrative Claims Objection Deadline, subject to extensions by the Bankruptcy Court, agreement in writing of the parties, or on motion of a party in interest approved by the Bankruptcy Court. Unless the Debtors, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman (or other party with standing) object to a timely-Filed and properly served Administrative Claim, such Administrative Claim will be deemed Allowed in the amount requested. In the event that the Debtors, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman object to an Administrative Claim, the parties may confer to try to reach a settlement and, failing that, the Bankruptcy Court will determine whether such Administrative Claim should be Allowed and, if so, in what amount.

**HOLDERS OF ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS THAT ARE REQUIRED TO, BUT DO NOT, FILE AND SERVE A REQUEST FOR PAYMENT OF SUCH ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS BY THE ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS BAR DATE SHALL BE FOREVER BARRED, ESTOPPED, AND ENJOINED FROM ASSERTING SUCH ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS AGAINST THE DEBTORS OR THEIR PROPERTY, AND SUCH ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS SHALL BE DEEMED DISCHARGED AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE.**

(ii) *Professional Fee Claims*

a. Final Fee Applications

Pursuant to section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Allowed Professional Fee Claims are not classified and are not entitled to vote. The Debtors have concluded that based upon current estimates, the ~~Assets~~assets of the Debtors are sufficient to satisfy these Claims. All final requests for allowance and payment of Professional Fee Claims must be Filed with the Bankruptcy Court no later than the first Business Day that is forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court. Any objections to Professional Fee Claims shall be Filed and served no later than twenty-one (21) days after the filing of final requests for allowance and payment of Professional Fee Claims.

b. Professional Fee Claims Estimate

Professionals shall estimate in good faith their unpaid Professional Fee Claims and other unpaid fees and expenses incurred in rendering services compensable by the Debtors' Estates before and as of the Effective Date and shall deliver such reasonable, good faith estimate to the Debtors no later than five (5) Business Days prior to the Effective Date; *provided that* such estimate shall not be deemed to limit the amount of the fees and expenses that are the subject of the Professional's final request for payment of Filed Professional Fee Claims. If a Professional does not provide an estimate, the Debtors shall estimate in good faith the unpaid and unbilled fees and expenses of such Professional.

c. Professional Fee Escrow

As soon as reasonably practicable after the Confirmation Date and no later than the Effective Date, the Debtors shall establish and fund the Professional Fee Escrow with Cash based on their evaluation of the Professional Fee Claims Estimates, and no Liens, Claims, or Interests shall encumber the Professional Fee Escrow in any way. The Professional Fee Escrow (including funds held in the Professional Fee Escrow) (i) shall not be and shall not be deemed property of the Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Debtors and (ii) shall be held in trust for the Professionals and for no other Person or Entity until all Professional Fee Claims have been irrevocably paid in full; *provided that* funds remaining in the Professional Fee Escrow after all Allowed Professional Fee Claims have been irrevocably paid in full shall revert to the Post-Effective Date Debtors. Allowed Professional Fee Claims shall be paid in Cash to such Professionals from funds held in the Professional Fee Escrow when such Claims are Allowed by an order of the Bankruptcy Court; provided that the Debtors' obligations with respect to Professional Fee Claims shall not be limited nor deemed to be limited in any way to the balance of funds held in the Professional Fee Escrow.

If the amount of funds in the Professional Fee Escrow is insufficient to fund payment in full of all Allowed Professional Fee Claims and any other Allowed amounts owed to Professionals, the deficiency shall be promptly funded to the Professional Fee Escrow by the Post-Effective Date Debtors without any further notice to, action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court or by any other Entity.

d. Post-Effective Date Fees and Expenses

Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan, on and after the Effective Date, the Debtors, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman, as applicable, may, in the ordinary course of business and without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, pay in Cash the reasonable and documented legal, professional, or other fees and expenses related to implementation of the Plan and Consummation incurred by the Debtors, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, and the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman, as applicable.

Upon the Confirmation Date, any requirement that Professionals comply with sections 327 through 331, 363, and 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code in seeking retention, compensation for services rendered, or reimbursement for expenses incurred on or after such date shall terminate, and the Debtors, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman, as applicable, may employ any Professional in the ordinary course of business without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

e. Priority Tax Claims

Pursuant to section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Allowed Priority Tax Claims are not classified and are not entitled to vote. The Debtors have concluded that based upon current estimates, the ~~Assets~~assets of the Debtors are sufficient to satisfy these Claims.



Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim and the applicable Debtor agree (whether before or after the Effective Date) to a less favorable treatment, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for each Allowed Priority Tax Claim, each Holder of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall be treated in accordance with the terms set forth in section 1129(a)(9)(C) of the Bankruptcy Code and, for the avoidance of doubt, Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims will receive interest on such Allowed Priority Tax Claims after the Effective Date in accordance with sections 511 and 1129(a)(9)(C) of the Bankruptcy Code.

### **C. Classification and Treatment Under the Plan**

#### **1. Summary of Classification of Claims and Interests**

All Claims and Interests, except for Administrative Claims, including Professional Fee Claims and Priority Tax Claims, are classified in the Classes set forth in Article III of the Plan for all purposes, including voting, Confirmation, and distributions pursuant to the Plan and pursuant to sections 1122 and 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. A Claim or Interest is classified in a particular Class only to the extent that such Claim or Interest qualifies within the description of that Class and is classified in other Classes to the extent that any portion of such Claim or Interest qualifies within the description of such other Classes. A Claim or Interest also is classified in a particular Class for the purpose of receiving distributions pursuant to the Plan only to the extent that such Claim or Interest is an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest in that Class and has not been paid, released, or otherwise satisfied prior to the Effective Date.

The classification of Claims and Interests pursuant to the Plan is as set forth below. All of the potential Classes for the Debtors are set forth herein. Certain of the Debtors may not have Claims or Interests in a particular Class or Classes, and such Claims shall be treated as set forth in Article III.B of the Plan. The Plan shall constitute a separate Plan for each of the Debtors *provided that*, the estates of the various Debtors shall be consolidated for the purpose of effectuating distributions under the Plan. For all purposes under the Plan, where applicable, each Class contains a sub-Class for each Debtor. Certain of the Debtors may not have holders of Claims or Interests in a particular Class or Classes, and such Classes shall be treated as set forth in Article III.C of the Plan. Voting tabulations for recording acceptances or rejections of the Plan shall be conducted on a Debtor-by-Debtor basis as set forth above.

The classification of Claims and Interests against each Debtor (as applicable) pursuant to the Plan is as detailed in the table below.

**THE PROJECTED RECOVERIES SET FORTH IN THE TABLE BELOW ~~ARE~~ REPRESENT THE DEBTORS' BEST ESTIMATES ONLY AND ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE. ACTUAL RECOVERIES (INCLUDING WITH RESPECT TO GENERAL UNSECURED CLAIMS) COULD BE HIGHER OR LOWER, DEPENDING ON THE OUTCOME OF THE CLAIMS RECONCILIATION PROCESS. FOR A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN'S CLASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT**



**OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS, REFERENCE SHOULD BE MADE TO THE ENTIRE PLAN.**

<b>SUMMARY OF EXPECTED RECOVERIES</b>				
<b>Class</b>	<b>Claim or Interest</b>	<b>Treatment of Claim or Interest</b>	<b>Est. Amount</b>	<b>Est. Recovery</b>
1	Other Priority Claims	Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim agrees to a less favorable treatment of such Allowed Other Priority Claim, or such Allowed Other Priority Claim has been paid or otherwise satisfied, each Holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim shall receive payment in full in Cash, <del>from the Non-Trade Pool Assets</del> , in an amount equal to such Allowed Other Priority Claim, without interest, on or as soon as practicable after the latest to occur of (i) the Effective Date; (ii) the first Business Day after the date that is ten (10) Business Days after the date such Claim becomes an Allowed Other Priority Claim; and (iii) the date or dates agreed to by the Post-Effective Date Debtors and the Holder of the Allowed Priority Claim.	Estimated at <del>[\$0 – \$20,000]</del>	100%
2	Secured Claims	Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Secured Claim has been paid by the Debtors prior to the Effective Date or agrees to a less favorable classification and treatment, at the option of the Post-Effective Date Debtors or the Claims <del>Administrator</del> <u>Ombudsman</u> , as applicable, in the exercise of the applicable parties sole and absolute discretion, one of the following treatments shall be provided to each Holder of an Allowed Secured Claim secured by a valid lien: (i) the Holder of such Allowed Secured Claim shall retain its lien on its collateral until either such Holder receives the Cash set forth in Section 2(b)(ii) or such Holder's collateral is abandoned to it as set forth in Section 2(b)(iii) below; (ii) on or as soon as practicable after the later of (x) the Effective Date, or (y) the date upon which the Bankruptcy Court enters a final order determining or allowing such Secured Claim, or as otherwise agreed between the Holder of such Allowed Secured Claim and the Post-Effective Date Debtors, the Holder of such Allowed Secured Claim will receive Cash, <del>from the Non-Trade Pool Assets</del> , in an amount equal to the amount of its Allowed Secured Claim in full satisfaction, release, and discharge of such secured claim; or (iii) the collateral securing such Allowed Secured Claim shall be abandoned to such Holder, in full satisfaction, release, and discharge of such secured claim. Any portion of any Secured Claim that is not secured by collateral or the proceeds thereof shall constitute a General Unsecured <del>Trade</del> Claim to the extent it is allowed.	Estimated at <del>[\$0]</del>	100%
3	General Unsecured <del>Trade</del>	On the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, in full and final satisfaction, compromise, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for <del>the Governmental Claims Bar Date and the Rejection Damages Bar Date</del>	Estimated at <u>\$23,484,831 – \$33,484,831</u> <sup>[24]</sup>	

<sup>24</sup> As set forth below, the Governmental Claims Bar Date and the Rejection Damages Bar Date have not yet passed and ultimate recoveries to Holders of General Unsecured Claims will depend on the Allowed amount of any

SUMMARY OF EXPECTED RECOVERIES				
Class	Claim or Interest	Treatment of Claim or Interest	Est. Amount	Est. Recovery
	Claims	<p>such Claims, each Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured <del>Trade</del>-Claim against a Debtor shall receive its <i>Pro Rata</i> share of the <del>GUTC Debtors'</del> Cash <del>Pool Amount</del> (without regard to the particular Debtor against which such Claim is Allowed. <del>In the interest of clarity, it is expressly acknowledged that the sole source of recovery for</del> and excluding the <u>Post-Effective Date Debtor Amount</u>), after (i) the satisfaction of the Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Other Priority Claims, and Allowed Secured Claims, and (ii) the Professional Fees Escrow Account is funded or all Professional Fee Claims are satisfied.</p> <p><del>Holders of General Unsecured Trade Claims shall be the GUTC Cash Pool Amount. Any GUTC Cash Pool Amount remaining after the payment of all Allowed General Unsecured Trade Claims and all Claims Administrator Expenses shall be, first, used to pay each Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Trade Claim its Pro Rata share of postpetition interest at a rate equal to the lower of (i) the Federal Judgment Rate, and (ii) the Contract Rate and, second, in the event there is excess remaining following the payment of interest in full</del><u>Post-Petition Interest</u> to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured <del>Trade</del>-Claims as set forth herein, shall be returned to the Debtors or the <del>Post Effective Date Debtors and become Non-Trade Pool Assets.</del> shall be paid as follows: (A) to the extent that there is sufficient Cash for Distribution to pay all Allowed General Unsecured Claims in full after satisfaction of (i) and (ii) above, plus Post-Petition Interest at the Federal Judgment Rate in full on such Allowed General Unsecured Claims, then Holders of such Allowed General Unsecured Claims shall be entitled to payment in full of Post-Petition Interest at the Federal Judgment Rate; (B) to the extent that there is sufficient Cash for Distribution to pay all Allowed General Unsecured Claims</p>		<del>[•] % to</del> <del>[•] 100%</del>

and ultimate recoveries to Holders of General Unsecured Claims will depend on the Allowed amount of any Claims filed by such bar dates, which Claims may be substantial. Additionally, the range above does not reflect any potential offset from vendor prepayments, which the Debtors estimate to be approximately \$10 million in gross.

SUMMARY OF EXPECTED RECOVERIES				
Class	Claim or Interest	Treatment of Claim or Interest	Est. Amount	Est. Recovery
		<p><u>in full after satisfaction of (i) and (ii) above, and some, but not all, Post-Petition Interest on such Claims at the Federal Judgment Rate, then Holders of such Allowed General Unsecured Claims shall be entitled to their <i>Pro Rata</i> share of Post-Petition Interest at the Federal Judgment Rate.</u></p> <p><u>For the avoidance of any doubt, to the extent there is sufficient Cash for Distribution after satisfaction of (i) and (ii) above, it is the Debtors' intent to pay all Allowed General Unsecured Claims in full, with interest as set forth above.</u></p>		
4	Other Unsecured Inter-comp any Claims	<p><del>Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Other Unsecured Claim agrees to less favorable treatment, in exchange for full and final satisfaction, settlement, and release of each Allowed Other Unsecured Claim, each Holder of such Allowed Other Unsecured Claim shall be paid the Allowed amount of such Claim in Cash, from the Non Trade Pool Assets (including from the liquidation of any non Cash Non Trade Pool Assets) on a Pro Rata basis, after (i) the satisfaction of the Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Other Priority Claims, and Allowed Secured Claims, (ii) the Professional Fees Escrow Account is funded or all Professional Fee Claims are satisfied, and (iii) the GUTC Cash Pool Account is funded in the amount of the GUTC Cash Pool Amount. To the extent that aggregate Distributions are sufficient to pay all Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Other Priority Claims, Allowed Secured Claims, and fund the GUTC Cash Pool in full, Holders of Allowed Other Unsecured Claims shall be entitled to postpetition interest at the lower of (i) the Federal Judgment Rate, and (ii) the Contract Rate.</del></p> <p><u>Each Allowed Intercompany Claim shall, at the option of the Post-Effective Date Debtors, be: (i) Reinstated; or (ii) set off, settled, distributed, addressed, converted to equity, contributed, cancelled or released.</u></p>	Estimated at \$ <del>0</del> 0	<del>0</del> % to <del>0</del> % N/A
5	Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests	<p><del>As set forth in Article V.S of the Plan, on</del> <u>On</u> the Effective Date, <del>any and all rights of the Holders of Allowed Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests to receive Distributions under the Plan shall be subordinated in their entirety to the rights of the Holders of Common Stock Interests to receive such Distributions and the Holders of Allowed</del> <u>shall be Reinstated and Unimpaired in all respects; provided, that, if the Bankruptcy Court determines at the Confirmation Hearing that the Holders of</u></p>	300,000 shares	<del>\$0.00</del> N/A

SUMMARY OF EXPECTED RECOVERIES				
Class	Claim or Interest	Treatment of Claim or Interest	Est. Amount	Est. Recovery
		<u>Foxconn Preferred Stock are Impaired notwithstanding the Reinstatement of the Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests</u> <del>shall not receive any distributions on account of</del> and the Holders of Class 5 reject the Plan, the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall provide such other treatment as may be required to satisfy the requirements of section 1129(b)(2)(C)(i) of the Bankruptcy Code; <i>provided</i> , that no Distributions shall be made to the Holders of the Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests until such Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests are Allowed (if at all) and such Distributions shall only be from Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash.		
<u>6</u>	<u>Inter-comp any Interests</u>	<u>On the Effective Date, all Intercompany Interests shall be reinstated and be Unimpaired in all respects, but no distribution shall be made thereon until Classes 1 – 3 have been satisfied.</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>67</u>	<del>Intereomp -anyComm on Stock Interests</del>	<del>Interecompany Interests shall be reinstated and be Unimpaired in all respects</del> <u>On the Effective Date, all Allowed Common Stock Interests in the Debtors shall be retained, subject to the terms of the New Organization Documents, which may be amended pursuant to Article V.H of the Plan, among other things, so as to implement the operative provisions of the Final Trading Order upon the Effective Date as to Common Stock Interests and to make certain modifications to the size and election process as to the New Board. For the avoidance of any doubt, Holders of Allowed Common Stock Interests shall only receive Distributions from Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash.</u>	<del>N/A</del> <u>15,953,212 shares<sup>[25]</sup></u>	<del>N/A</del> <u>*</u>

<sup>25</sup> Share total excludes restricted stock units that were entitled to vest, but have not yet done so given the Chapter 11 Cases.

SUMMARY OF EXPECTED RECOVERIES				
Class	Claim or Interest	Treatment of Claim or Interest	Est. Amount	Est. Recovery
<u>78</u>	<del>Common Stock Interests</del> <u>Section 510(b) Claims</u>	On the Effective Date, <del>all Allowed Common Stock Interests in the Debtors shall remain in effect and, except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Common Stock Interest agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of such Allowed Common Stock Interest shall receive distributions in Cash from the Non-Trade Pool Assets (including from the liquidation of any non-Cash Non-Trade Pool Assets); on a Pro Rata basis after (i) the satisfaction of the Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Other Priority Claims, Allowed Secured Claims, and Allowed Other Unsecured Claims (and any interest owed thereon), (ii) the Professional Fees Escrow Account is funded or all Professional Fee Claims are satisfied, (iii) the GUTC Cash Pool Account is funded in the amount of the GUTC Cash Pool Amount and (iv) the funding of the Post-Effective Date Debtor Amount; provided that, any Distributions in respect of Common Stock Interests held by Foxconn shall be subordinated to the Distributions made to other Holders of Common Stock Interests, as set forth in Article V.S of the Plan or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, in full and final satisfaction, compromise, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Claims, each Holder of an Allowed Section 510(b) Claim shall receive a number of shares of Common Stock Interests equal to (i) such Holder's Allowed Section 510(b) Claim minus any amounts received by such Holder from any insurance or other third parties divided by the product of (A) the volume weighted average share price of the Common Stock Interest during the Ohio Settlement Class Period and (B) 15. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Debtors may elect, at their discretion, to pay such Holder Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash in an amount equal to the number of shares of Common Stock Interests to which such Holder is entitled pursuant to this paragraph multiplied by the volume weighted average share price of the Common Stock Interest during the thirty (30) days following the Effective Date.</del>	<del>15,953,212</del> <u>shares Unliquidated</u>	<del>\$[●] to \$[●] per share</del> <u>See Art. IV.C.viii.c. hereof</u>
<u>9</u>	<u>RIDE Section 510(b) Claims</u>	The Plan shall constitute an objection to each RIDE Section 510(b) Claim. On or after the Effective Date, Holders of Allowed RIDE Section 510(b) Claims, if and solely to the extent Allowed, may recover solely from available insurance coverage from applicable Insurance Policies until such Insurance Policies have been completely exhausted.	<u>Unliquidated</u>	<u>See Art. IV.C.ix.c. hereof</u>

SUMMARY OF EXPECTED RECOVERIES				
Class	Claim or Interest	Treatment of Claim or Interest	Est. Amount	Est. Recovery
<u>10</u>	<u>Ohio Securities Class Action Claims</u>	<u>As set forth more fully in Article III.B.10 of the Plan, to the extent the Ohio Securities Class Action Lead Plaintiff elects to accept treatment in Class 10, the Plan would serve as a motion to certify the putative class in the Ohio action, for settlement purposes only, and putative class members in the Ohio Securities Class Action would be entitled to their share of the Ohio Securities Class Action Payment, which would be put into escrow after the election, if any, is made by the Ohio Securities Class Action Lead Plaintiff and distributed pursuant to a later order to be approved by the Bankruptcy Court that would provide for procedures (including opt-put and claim procedures) to facilitate, among other things, distribution of the Ohio Securities Class Action Payment. To the extent the Ohio Securities Class Action Lead Plaintiff makes the Class 10 Election, the putative class in the Ohio Action may be provided with the option to opt-out of the settlement, but in the event that more than 5% of such members opt-out, the Class 10 Election would be revoked. To the extent the Class 10 Election is not effective or a Holder that is a putative class member in the Ohio Securities Class Action exercises its opt-out right, such Holder or Holders would be treated in Class 8 of the Plan.</u>	<u>Unliquidated</u>	<u>If election is exercised each Holder will receive its pro rata share of: \$1,000,000</u>

\* Holders of Common Stock Interests will retain their rights as stockholders in Post-Effective Date LMC and the New Board of Post-Effective Date LMC may elect to distribute Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash to Holders of Common Stock Interests or such New Board may retain Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash in order to pursue litigation or transactions to maximize value of the debtors. The value of the reorganized debtors will depend on the outcome of such pursuits.

While the Post-Effective Date Debtors intend to continue and maintain securities disclosure and reporting obligations after the Effective Date, there is no assurance that the Post-Effective Date Debtors will be able to do so. In turn, this may restrict, limit, or otherwise impact the ability of Holders of Common Stock Interests to trade such Interests after the Effective Date, including under Rule 144 of the Securities Act of 1933, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77a–77aa (as amended, together with the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (the “**Securities Act**”).

The Debtor projects that the Holders of General Unsecured Claims will be paid in full with interest paid at the legal rate pursuant to the Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, however, final recoveries for Holders of General Unsecured Claims are subject to the liquidation of certain Claims, including Claims of Governmental Units. Ultimate recoveries to Holders of General Unsecured Claims will depend on the liquidated amount of such Claims. In addition, the Governmental Claims Bar Date and the Rejection Damages Bar Date (which are set forth in Article III.I of this Disclosure Statement) have not yet passed and, accordingly, the amount of any claims of (i) Governmental Units and (ii) counterparties to rejected contracts or leases, that may be Filed against the Debtors by such bar dates remains uncertain. Ultimate recoveries to

Holders of General Unsecured Claims will depend on the Allowed amount of any such claims, which may be substantial.

## 2. Classified Claims and Interests Details

Each Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest, as applicable, will receive under the Plan the treatment described below in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such holder's Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest, except to the extent different treatment is agreed to by: (a) the Debtors and (b) the Holder of such Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest, as applicable. Unless otherwise indicated, the Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest, as applicable, will receive such treatment on the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter.

### (i) *Class 1 – Other Priority Claims*

- (a) *Classification:* Class 1 consists of all Other Priority Claims against the Debtors.
- (b) *Treatment:* Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim agrees to a less favorable treatment of such Allowed Other Priority Claim, or such Allowed Other Priority Claim has been paid or otherwise satisfied, each Holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim shall receive payment in full in Cash, ~~from the Non-Trade Pool Assets,~~ in an amount equal to such Allowed Other Priority Claim, without interest, on or as soon as practicable after the latest to occur of (i) the Effective Date; (ii) the first Business Day after the date that is ten (10) Business Days after the date such Claim becomes an Allowed Other Priority Claim; and (iii) the date or dates agreed to by the Post-Effective Date Debtors and the Holder of the Allowed Priority Claim.
- (c) *Voting:* Class 1 is Unimpaired, and Holders of Other Priority Claims are conclusively deemed to have accepted the Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. Therefore, Holders of Class 1 Secured Claims are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

### (ii) *Class 2 – Secured Claims*

- (a) *Classification:* Class 2 consists of all Secured Claims against the Debtors.
- (b) *Treatment:* Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Secured Claim has been paid by the Debtors prior to the Effective Date or agrees to a less favorable classification and treatment, at the option of the Post-Effective Date Debtors or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman, as applicable, in the exercise of the applicable parties sole and absolute discretion, one of the following



treatments shall be provided to each Holder of an Allowed Secured Claim secured by a valid lien:

- i the Holder of such Allowed Secured Claim shall retain its lien on its collateral until either such Holder receives the Cash set forth in Section 2(b)(ii) or such Holder's collateral is abandoned to it as set forth in Section 2(b)(iii) below;
- ii on or as soon as practicable after the later of (x) the Effective Date, or (y) the date upon which the Bankruptcy Court enters a final order determining or allowing such Secured Claim, or as otherwise agreed between the Holder of such Allowed Secured Claim and the Post-Effective Date Debtors, the Holder of such Allowed Secured Claim will receive Cash, ~~from the Cash Non-Trade Pool Assets,~~ in an amount equal to the amount of its Allowed Secured Claim in full satisfaction, release, and discharge of such secured claim; or
- iii the collateral securing such Allowed Secured Claim shall be abandoned to such Holder, in full satisfaction, release, and discharge of such secured claim.

Any portion of any Secured Claim that is not secured by collateral or the proceeds thereof shall constitute a General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claim to the extent it is allowed.

- (c) *Voting:* Class 2 is Unimpaired, and Holders of Secured Claims are conclusively deemed to have accepted the Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. Therefore, Holders of Class ~~1~~2 Secured Claims are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(iii) *Class 3 – General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims*

- (a) *Classification:* Class 3 consists of all General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims against the Debtors.
- (b) *Treatment:* On the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, in full and final satisfaction, compromise, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Claims, each Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claim against a Debtor shall receive its *Pro Rata* share of the ~~GUTC Debtors' Cash Pool Amount~~ (without regard to the particular Debtor against which such Claim is Allowed. ~~In the interest of clarity, it is expressly acknowledged that the sole source of recovery for Holders of General Unsecured Trade Claims shall be the GUTC Cash Pool and excluding the Post-Effective Date Debtor Amount.—~~), after:

- (i) the satisfaction of the Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Other Priority Claims, and Allowed Secured Claims, and
- (ii) the Professional Fees Escrow Account is funded or all Professional Fee Claims are satisfied.

Post-Petition Interest to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims shall be paid as follows:

- (A) To the extent that there is sufficient Cash for Distribution to pay all Allowed General Unsecured Claims in full after satisfaction of (i) and (ii) above, plus Post-Petition Interest at the Federal Judgment Rate in full on such Allowed General Unsecured Claims, then Holders of such Allowed General Unsecured Claims shall be entitled to payment in full of Post-Petition Interest at the Federal Judgment Rate.
- (B) ~~Any GUTC Cash Pool Amount remaining after the payment of~~ To the extent that there is sufficient Cash for Distribution to pay all Allowed General Unsecured Trade Claims and all Claims Administrator Expenses shall be, first, used to pay each Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Trade Claim its *Pro Rata* share of postpetition interest at a rate equal to the lower of (i) in full after satisfaction of (i) and (ii) above, and some, but not all, Post-Petition Interest on such Claims at the Federal Judgment Rate, and (ii) the Contract Rate and, second, in the event there is excess remaining following the payment of interest in full to then Holders of such Allowed General Unsecured Trade Claims as set forth herein, shall be returned to the Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Debtors and become Non-Trade Pool Assets shall be entitled to their *Pro Rata* share of Post-Petition Interest at the Federal Judgment Rate.

For the avoidance of any doubt, to the extent there is sufficient Cash for Distribution after satisfaction of (i) and (ii) above, it is the Debtors' intent to pay all Allowed General Unsecured Claims in full, with interest as set forth above. Notwithstanding the foregoing, as noted above, recoveries could be affected by the outcome of the Claims reconciliation process and Holders of General Unsecured Claims could receive less than expected if the Claims Allowed against the Debtors are higher than anticipated.

- (c) *Voting:* Class 3 is Impaired, and Holders of the General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (iv) *Class 4 – ~~Other Unsecured~~ Intercompany Claims*
- (a) *Classification:* Class 4 consists of all ~~Other Unsecured Claims against the~~ Intercompany Claims, which shall be Allowed, if at all, in amounts to be determined by the Post-Effective Date Debtors.
- ~~(b) *Treatment:* Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Other Unsecured Claim agrees to less favorable treatment, in exchange for full and final satisfaction, settlement, and release of each Allowed Other Unsecured Claim, each Holder of such Allowed Other Unsecured Claim shall be paid the Allowed amount of such Claim in Cash, from the Non-Trade Pool Assets (including from the liquidation of any non-Cash Non-Trade Pool Assets) on a Pro Rata basis, after (i) the satisfaction of the Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Other Priority Claims, and Allowed Secured Claims, (ii) the Professional Fees Escrow Account is funded or all Professional Fee Claims are satisfied, and (iii) the GUTC Cash Pool Account is funded in the amount of the GUTC Cash Pool Amount.~~
- ~~To the extent that aggregate Distributions are sufficient to pay all Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Other Priority Claims, Allowed Secured Claims, and fund the GUTC Cash Pool in full, Holders of Allowed Other Unsecured Claims shall be entitled to postpetition interest at the lower of (i) the Federal Judgment Rate, and (ii) the Contract Rate.~~
- (b) *Treatment:* Each Allowed Intercompany Claim shall, at the option of the Post-Effective Date Debtors, be:
- i Reinstated; or
- ii set off, settled, distributed, addressed, converted to equity, contributed, cancelled or released.
- (c) *Voting:* Class 4 is ~~Impaired, and Holders of the Other Unsecured Claims are~~ Unimpaired by the Plan. Holders of Allowed Intercompany Claims are conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. Therefore, Holders of Allowed Intercompany Claims are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.
- (v) *Class 5 – Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests*

(a) *Classification:* Class 5 consists of all Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests in the Debtors.

(b) *Treatment:* ~~As set forth in Article V.S of the Plan, on~~ On the Effective Date, ~~any and all rights of the Holders of~~ Allowed Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests ~~to receive Distributions under the Plan shall be subordinated in their entirety to the rights of the Holders of Common Stock Interests to receive such Distributions and the Holders of~~ Allowed shall be Reinstated and Unimpaired in all respects; *provided, that, if the Bankruptcy Court determines at the Confirmation Hearing that the Holders of Foxconn Preferred Stock are Impaired notwithstanding the Reinstatement of the* Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests ~~shall not receive any distributions on account of and the~~ Holders of Class 5 reject the Plan, the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall provide such other treatment as may be required to satisfy the requirements of section 1129(b)(2)(C)(i) of the Bankruptcy Code; *provided, that no Distributions shall be made to the Holders of the Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests until such Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests are Allowed (if at all) and such Distributions shall only be from Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash.*

Pursuant to such treatment, after the Effective Date, Foxconn will be entitled to the same rights it had under the Certificate of Designation, Preferences and Rights of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock Par Value \$0.0001 of Lordstown Motors Corp., as it had prior to the Effective Date. In the interest of clarity, the Post-Effective Date Debtors intend to continue to prosecute the Foxconn Adversary Proceeding post-Effective Date.

(c) *Voting:* Class 5 is ~~Impaired~~ Unimpaired by the Plan and Holders of Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests shall be deemed to have ~~rejected~~ accepted the Plan; *provided that, votes from such Holders shall be solicited provisionally.*

(vi) *Class 6 – Intercompany Interests*

(a) *Classification:* Class 6 consists of all Intercompany Interests.

(b) *Treatment:* On the Effective Date, all Intercompany Interests shall be reinstated and be Unimpaired in all respects, but no distribution shall be made thereon until Classes 1 – 3 have been satisfied.

(c) *Voting:* Class 6 is Unimpaired by the Plan, and Holders of Intercompany Interests shall be deemed to have accepted the Plan.

(vii) *Class 7 – Common Stock Interests*

- (a) *Classification:* Class 7 consists of all Common Stock Interests in the Debtors.
- (b) *Treatment:* On the Effective Date, all Allowed Common Stock Interests in the Debtors shall ~~remain in effect and, except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Common Stock Interest agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of such Allowed Common Stock Interest shall receive distributions in Cash from the Non-Trade Pool Assets (including from the liquidation of any non-Cash Non-Trade Pool Assets), on a Pro Rata basis after (i) the satisfaction of the Allowed Administrative Claims, Allowed Priority Tax Claims, Allowed Other Priority Claims, Allowed Secured Claims, and Allowed Other Unsecured Claims (and any interest owed thereon); (ii) the Professional Fees Escrow Account is funded or all Professional Fee Claims are satisfied, (iii) the GUTC Cash Pool Account is funded in the amount of the GUTC Cash Pool Amount and (iv) the funding of the Post-Effective Date Debtor Amount; provided that, any Distributions in respect of Common Stock Interests held by Foxconn shall be subordinated to the Distributions made to other Holders of Common Stock Interests, as set forth in Article V.S of the Plan~~ be retained, subject to the terms of the New Organization Documents, which may be amended pursuant to Article V.H of the Plan, among other things, so as to implement the operative provisions of the Final Trading Order upon the Effective Date as to Common Stock Interests and to make certain modifications to the size and election process as to the New Board. For the avoidance of any doubt, Holders of Allowed Common Stock Interests shall only receive Distributions from Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash.

Recoveries to Holders of Common Stock Interests will depend on the Cash distributed to such Holders by the New Board, the outcome of litigation with Foxconn, and the Post-Effective Date Debtors ability to maximize the value of the Post-Effective Date Debtors by prosecuting other Causes of Action and operating in a manner that optimizes the tax efficiency of the Debtors Post-Effective Date business. There is no guarantee that such recoveries will be substantial.

- (c) *Voting:* Class 7 is Impaired by the Plan, and Holders of Common Stock Interests are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

(viii) *Class 8 – Section 510(b) Claims*

- (a) *Classification:* Class 8 consists of all Section 510(b) Claims against the Debtors.

(b) *Treatment:* On the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, in full and final satisfaction, compromise, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Claims, each Holder of an Allowed Section 510(b) Claim shall receive a number of shares of Common Stock Interests equal to (i) such Holder's Allowed Section 510(b) Claim *minus* any amounts received by such Holder from any insurance or other third parties *divided* by the product of (A) the volume weighted average share price of the Common Stock Interest during the Ohio Settlement Class Period and (B) 15. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Debtors may elect, at their discretion, to pay such Holder Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash in an amount equal to the number of shares of Common Stock Interests to which such Holder is entitled pursuant to this paragraph *multiplied by* the volume weighted average share price of the Common Stock Interest during the thirty (30) days following the Effective Date.

Recoveries to Holders of Section 510(b) Claims will be in the form of issuance of shares of Common Stock Interests at a price of \$252.28 per share (*i.e.*, the weighted average price of a share during the Ohio Settlement Class Period), adjusted to account for the 1:15 Reverse Stock Split. By way of example only, if a Section 510(b) Claim is Allowed in the amount of \$10,000 and such Holder did not receive any amounts on account of such Claim from insurance or other third parties, the Holder of such Claim would receive 2.64 shares of Common Stock Interests, as follows:

$$\frac{(\text{Add}) 0,000}{(\$252.28 * 15)} = 2.64$$

Such Holder would then be entitled to receive Distributions for its 2.64 shares *pari passu* with Common Equity Interests. In the event the Post-Effective Date Debtors elect to cash out such Holder, pursuant to (B), above, then such Holder would receive cash in the amount of 2.64 *multiplied by* the volume weighted average share price of the Common Stock Interest during the thirty (30) days following the Effective Date.

To the extent the Post-Effective Date Debtors do not elect to cash out such Holder, ultimate recoveries on such Holder's Common Equity Interest will depend on a variety of factors, including, among other things, the Post-Effective Date Debtors' ability to realize value from their tax attributes and pursuit of their Causes of Action, which is uncertain.

(c) *Voting: Class 8 is Impaired by the Plan, and Holders of Section 510(b) Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.*

(ix) *Class 9 – RIDE Section 510(b) Claims*

(a) *Classification: Class 9 consists of all RIDE Section 510(b) Claims against the Debtors.*

(b) *Treatment: The Plan shall constitute an objection to each RIDE Section 510(b) Claim. On or after the Effective Date, Holders of Allowed RIDE Section 510(b) Claims, if and solely to the extent Allowed, may recover solely from available insurance coverage from applicable Insurance Policies until such Insurance Policies have been completely exhausted.*

Recoveries to Holders of Allowed RIDE Section 510(b) Claims are uncertain and depend on a variety of factors, including the terms of the Current D&O Policies, whether the insurers under such policies extend coverage on account of claims related to the Post-Petition Securities Action, and whether the proceeds from the Current D&O Policies are exhausted prior to Allowance of any RIDE Section 510(b) Claims. As detailed in Article III.N of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors’ policy limits under the Current D&O Policies, including primary, excess, and side A DIC coverage total, \$75 million.

(c) *Voting: Class 9 is Impaired by the Plan, and Holders of RIDE Section 510(b) Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.*

(x) *Class 10 – Ohio Securities Class Action Claims*

(a) *Classification: Class 10 consists of all Ohio Securities Class Action Claims against the Debtors.*

(b) *Treatment: The Ohio Securities Class Action Lead Plaintiff may elect to accept the treatment set forth in this Paragraph 10.b by providing the Debtors with written notice (the “Class 10 Election”) of his intent to accept such treatment on or before the Voting Deadline. If the Ohio Securities Class Action Lead Plaintiff makes such election in a timely manner, the Plan shall constitute a motion to certify the Ohio Settlement Class exclusively for purposes of the Plan and to receive the treatment set forth herein. Such motion shall be heard at the Confirmation Hearing.*

If the Ohio Securities Class Action Lead Plaintiff does not elect to accept the treatment set forth in this Section 10.b in a timely manner, or if the Bankruptcy Court does not certify the Ohio Settlement Class



as set forth herein at the Confirmation Hearing, , or if there is insufficient Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash to fund the Ohio Securities Class Action Payment, the Ohio Securities Class Action Claims shall constitute Section 510(b) Claims, shall be classified in Class 8 (Section 510(b) Claims) and this Class 10 (Ohio Securities Class Action Claims) shall be deemed vacant.

If the Securities Class Action Lead Plaintiff makes a timely Class 10 Election and the Bankruptcy Court certifies the Ohio Settlement Class at the Confirmation Hearing as set forth herein and there is sufficient Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash to fund the Ohio Securities Class Action Settlement, on the Effective Date, in full and complete settlement and satisfaction of all Ohio Securities Class Action Claims against the Debtors, the Debtors shall pay the Ohio Securities Class Action Payment from Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash into an escrow established by the Ohio Securities Class Action Lead Plaintiff for the benefit of the Ohio Settlement Class. Thereafter, the Ohio Securities Class Action Lead Plaintiff and his professionals shall seek from the Bankruptcy Court (at their expense) such orders as may be required to approve procedures (including opt-out and claim procedures) to distribute the Ohio Securities Class Action Payment to the Ohio Settlement Class members.

The Debtors understand that Ohio Settlement Class members may be provided with the option to opt-out of the Ohio Settlement Class after the Settlement Class has been certified. Any Claims of putative Ohio Settlement Class members that opt-out of the Ohio Settlement Class (“**Ohio Securities Class Action Opt-Out Claims**”) shall be treated as Section 510(b) Claims and shall receive the treatment provided in the Plan to Section 510(b) Claims if and when such Claims become Allowed. Further, in the event that more than five percent (5%) of putative Ohio Settlement Class members opt-out of the Ohio Settlement Class, the election of the Ohio Securities Class Action Lead Plaintiff to elect to be treated in this Class 10 (Ohio Securities Class Action Claims) shall be revoked, the Ohio Settlement Class shall be decertified, all Ohio Securities Class Action Claims shall be treated as Section 510(b) Claims and shall receive the treatment provided in the Plan to Section 510(b) Claims if and when such Claims are Allowed, and the Ohio Securities Class Action Payment shall be returned to the Debtors, minus any reasonable amounts spent by Settlement Class to implement the treatment set forth herein.

To the extent that the Ohio Lead Plaintiff timely makes the Class 10 Election and the Bankruptcy Court certifies the Ohio Settlement Class as set forth herein, the sole source of recovery against the Debtors for Holders of Ohio Settlement Securities Class Action Claims (other

than Securities Class Action Opt-Out Claims) shall be the Ohio Securities Class Action Settlement.

Nothing herein shall be deemed to certify the Ohio Settlement Class for any purpose other than to distribute the Ohio Securities Class Action Payment to Ohio Settlement Class members. In addition such certification shall not prejudice the rights of any defendant in the Ohio Securities Class Action (other than the Debtors) to the object to the certification of a class in the Ohio Securities Class Action and all such rights are expressly preserved.

- (c) *Voting:* Class ~~7 is Impaired~~ 10 is unimpaired by the Plan, and Holders of ~~Common Stock Interests are entitled to vote~~ Ohio Securities Class Action Claims are deemed to accept ~~or reject~~ the Plan; *provided, that the Ohio Securities Class Action Lead Plaintiff shall be entitled to accept the treatment set forth in Paragraph 10.b on or before the Voting Deadline.*

### **3. Elimination of Vacant Classes**

Any Class of Claims or Interests that does not have a Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest or a Claim or Interest temporarily Allowed by the Bankruptcy Court as of the date of the Confirmation Hearing shall be deemed eliminated from the Plan for purposes of voting to accept or reject the Plan and for purposes of determining acceptance or rejection of the Plan by such Class pursuant to section 1129(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

### **4. Separate Classification of Secured Claims**

Each Secured Claim, to the extent secured by a Lien on collateral different from the collateral securing another Secured Claim, shall be treated as being in a separate sub-Class for purposes of receiving distributions under the Plan.

### **5. Voting Classes; Presumed Acceptance by Non-Voting Classes**

If a Class contains Claims or Interests eligible to vote and no Holders of Claims or Interests eligible to vote in such Class vote to accept or reject the Plan, the Plan shall be presumed accepted by ~~the Holders of such Claims or Interests in~~ such Class.

### **6. Controversy Concerning Impairment.**

If a controversy arises as to whether any Claims or Interests, or any Class of Claims or Interests, are Impaired, the Bankruptcy Court shall, after notice and a hearing, determine such controversy on or before the Confirmation Date.

**D. Acceptance or Rejection of the Plan; Effect of Rejection By One or More Classes of Claims or Interests**

**1. Classes Entitled to Vote**

Holders of General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims (Class 3), ~~Other Unsecured Claims (Class 4), and~~ Common Stock Interests (Class 7), Section 510(b) Claims (Class 8), and RIDE Section 510(b) Claims (Class 9) are entitled to vote on the Plan. Further, the Ohio Securities Class Action Lead Plaintiff shall be entitled to elect the treatment set forth in Class 10. The Debtors will solicit votes from the Holders of Class 5 Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests on a provisional basis. Any Holder of a Claim that has been objected to may file a motion pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3018 for an order temporarily allowing such Claim solely for purposes of voting to accept or reject the Plan in accordance with the procedures to be set forth in the order approving the Disclosure Statement, including any deadlines set forth therein. ~~Class 5 is deemed to have rejected the Plan. Class~~ 1, Class 2, ~~and~~ Class 4, Class 5, Class 6 and Class 10 are deemed to have accepted the Plan.

The Debtors have requested that the Bankruptcy Court adopt a presumption that if no Holder of a Claim or Interest in a Class of Claims or Interests eligible to vote in a particular Class timely submits a timely Ballot to accept or reject the Plan, then the applicable Class will be deemed to have accepted the Plan. Accordingly, if any Holder of a Claim or Interest in Class 3, Class ~~47~~, Class 8, or Class ~~79~~ does not wish such a presumption to apply with respect to any Class for which such Holder holds a Claim, then the Holder should timely submit a Ballot accepting or rejecting the Plan for any such Class.

**2. Class Acceptance Requirement**

Class 3 Class 8, and Class ~~49~~ shall have accepted the Plan if the Plan is accepted by at least two-thirds (2/3) in amount and more than one-half (1/2) in number of the Allowed Claims ~~or Interests~~ in such Class that have voted on the Plan. Class 7 shall have accepted the Plan if the ~~Class Plan~~ is accepted by at least two-thirds (2/3) in amount in such Class that have voted on the Plan.

**3. Cramdown and No Unfair Discrimination**

In the event that any impaired Class of Claims or Interests rejects the Plan or is deemed to have rejected the Plan, the Debtors hereby request, without any delay in the occurrence of the Confirmation Hearing or Effective Date, that the Bankruptcy Court confirm the Plan in accordance with section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to such non-accepting Class, in which case the Plan shall constitute a motion for such relief.

**E. Means of Implementation of the Plan**

**4. Consolidation for Distribution Purposes Only**

The Plan shall serve as, and shall be deemed to be, a motion for entry of an order substantively consolidating the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases for the limited purpose of making

Distributions. For all other purposes, this Plan is being proposed as a joint chapter 11 plan of the Debtors for administrative purposes only and constitutes a separate chapter 11 plan for each Debtor in all respects other than for Distributions. Upon the entry of the Confirmation Order, the claims register maintained in the various Chapter 11 Cases shall be deemed consolidated into a single claims register in respect of the consolidated Estate. Further, Claims asserted against multiple Debtors, including Claims based on joint and several liability and guarantee and/or surety Claims shall be deemed to constitute a single Claim against the consolidated Estate. Notwithstanding the substantive consolidation for the limited purpose of making Distributions contemplated herein, on and after the Effective Date the Debtors will each continue as separate post-effective date entities after emergence from the Chapter 11 Cases.

The doctrine of substantive consolidation is a construct of federal common law, which has been accepted in the Third Circuit. *See In re Owens Corning*, 419 F.3d 195, 211 (3d Cir. 2005).<sup>2226</sup> A bankruptcy court's statutory authority to affect a substantive consolidation derives from its general equitable powers under Bankruptcy Code section 105(a). In order to establish that substantive consolidation is appropriate in the Third Circuit (absent consent), proponents of substantive consolidation must show either "(1) prepetition [the debtors] disregarded separateness so significantly their creditors relied on the breakdown of entity borders and treated them as one legal entity, or (2) postpetition [the debtors'] assets and liabilities are so scrambled that separating them is prohibitive and hurts all creditors." *In re Owens Corning*, 419 F.3d 195, 211 (3d Cir. 2005). The Third Circuit stated that "the benefit [of consolidation] to creditors should be from cost savings that make assets available rather than from the shifting of assets to benefit one group of creditors at the expense of another." *Id.* at 214.

The Debtors submit that substantive consolidation is appropriate under the law and the facts present here. Prior to the Petition Date, the Debtors operated as a single entity. Among other things, the Debtors: kept consolidated books and records (and did not keep separate books and records for each entity), did not track intercompany transactions or balances, reported their operations on a consolidated basis, held bank accounts solely at LEVC to fund the expenses of all of the Debtors despite the fact that substantially all of the Debtors' cash was raised by LMC, and did not track or distinguish the Debtor entities with which creditors and counterparties had relationships. Furthermore, LEVC was formerly known as Lordstown Motors Corp. (i.e., LMC's current name), the directors and officers of LMC are the same as those of LEVC, and LMC and LEVC conducted joint Board meetings. Furthermore, insofar as the Debtors maintained and reported their financials on a consolidated basis (and not separately), creditors could not have relied on the separateness of the entities and had to have relied on the assets and liabilities of the consolidated entity. All of these factors support consolidation for purposes of making Distributions. Further, it would be inefficient and costly to attempt to retroactively disentangle the affairs of the Debtors, if disentanglement was even possible.

<sup>2226</sup> *Accord*, *Reider v. F.D.I.C. (In re Reider)*, 31 F.3d 1102, 1107-08 (11th Cir. 1994); *Woburn Assoc. v. Kahn (In re Hemingway Transport Inc.)*, 954 F.2d 1, 11-12 (1st Cir. 1992); *First Nat'l Bank of El Dorado v. Giller (In re Giller)*, 962 F.2d 796, 798-99 (8th Cir. 1992); *Union Sav. Bank v. Augie/Restivo Banking Co. (In re Augie/Restivo Baking Co.)*, 860 F.2d 515, 518 (2d Cir. 1988); *Drabkin v. Midland-Ross Corp. (In re Auto-Trian Corp.)*, 810 F.2d 270, 276 (D.C. Cir. 1987).

Moreover, because the Debtors conducted their operations as a single unit, creditors may not have known the identity of the specific Debtor entity with which they transacted. This could lead to disputes regarding which entity such creditors' claims were against and from which entity they should receive Distributions under a Plan that did not provide for the limited substantive consolidation. The substantive consolidation provisions of the Plan, therefore, operate as a settlement of such potential disputes of creditors.

For the foregoing reasons, the Debtors submit that they meet the standard for substantive consolidation for Distribution purposes only, and that such consolidation is appropriate under the Plan, which the Debtors believe is in the best interests of the Debtors' estates and the holders of Allowed Claims and Interests under the Plan.

## 5. Post-Effective Date Status

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or any agreement, instrument, or other document incorporated in the Plan or the Plan Supplement, on and after the Effective Date, each of the Debtors shall continue to exist as a Post-Effective Date Debtor and as separate corporations, limited liability companies, or other form of entity, as the case may be, pursuant to applicable law in the jurisdiction in which each applicable Debtor is incorporated or formed. Each Post-Effective Date Debtor shall retain all of its corporate, limited liability company or other entity powers under applicable non-bankruptcy law and previously applicable organizational documents provided in connection with the Plan or Plan Supplement, and without prejudice to any right to amend its charter, dissolve, merge or convert into another form of business entity, or to alter or terminate its existence.

On and after the Effective Date, subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall be permitted to conduct new business without supervision by the Bankruptcy Court and free of any restrictions under the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules. In addition, the Post-Effective Date Debtors and the Claims ~~Administrator~~ Ombudsman, as applicable, shall be authorized to implement the terms of the Plan as set forth herein, including, without limitation, to ~~liquidate the Debtors' remaining Assets into Cash and otherwise administer the affairs of the Estates~~ maximize the value of the debtors by prosecuting causes of action and operating in the ordinary course of business.

## 6. Sources of Consideration for Distributions

Following the Effective Date ~~and the funding of the GUTC Cash Pool Account~~, the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall be authorized, in their sole discretion, to ~~liquidate or otherwise convert the non-Cash Non-Trade Pool Assets to Cash~~ operate in the ordinary course of business, including monetization of the Debtors' Retained Causes of Action and other assets. The Post-Effective Date Debtors shall fund Distributions to Holders of Claims and Interests ~~(other than Holders of Claims in Class 3 (General Unsecured Trade Claims)), from the Non-Trade Pool~~ from all Assets, which include, but are not limited to, (i) Cash on hand as of the Effective Date ~~(after the GUTC Cash Pool Account has been funded)~~, (ii) proceeds from the sale of the Debtors' assets, (iii) proceeds from ~~the Foxconn~~ Causes of Action ~~and other Causes of Action~~ and (iv) insurance proceeds received by the Post-Effective Date Debtors. In addition, the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall be authorized to reserve the Post-Effective Date Amount to

fund the Post-Effective Debtors. The Post-Effective Date Amount shall be used to pay ~~all expenses incurred by~~ the costs of administering the Post-Effective Date ~~in performing its duties hereunder and may be used to fund operational expenses, including expense incurred in connection with one or more transactions to monetize the value of the net operating losses or similar tax attributes~~ Debtors and may be increased consistent with the provisions set forth in Article V.E of the Plan. The Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash may be used to make Distributions to Holders of Common Stock Interests and Allowed Section 510(b) Claims, or to fund one or more post-Effective Date transactions to optimize the tax efficiency of the Debtors and Post-Effective Date Debtors' Estates.

## 7. Claims ~~Administrator~~ Ombudsman

### (i) *Appointment of Claims ~~Administrator~~ Ombudsman*

The Claims ~~Administrator's~~ Ombudsman's retention shall commence on the Effective Date and shall continue until the earliest of: (i) the Bankruptcy Court enters an order closing the Chapter 11 Cases; (ii) the Bankruptcy Court enters an order removing the Claims ~~Administrator~~ Ombudsman for cause (as defined below); (iii) the Claims ~~Administrator~~ Ombudsman voluntarily resigns, upon notice filed with the Bankruptcy Court, and a successor Claims ~~Administrator~~ Ombudsman is appointed in accordance with the Plan; or (iv) ~~the GUTC Cash Pool Account has been exhausted.~~ all General Unsecured Claims have been either Allowed or Disallowed, and all Allowed General Unsecured Claims have been satisfied pursuant to the terms of the Plan. The Claims Ombudsman shall be a fiduciary of Holders of General Unsecured Claims.

### (ii) *Authority of Claims ~~Administrator~~ Ombudsman*

Subject to this ~~Article V.D of the Plan~~, the Claims ~~Administrator~~ Ombudsman shall have the authority and right on behalf of each of the Debtors, without the need for Bankruptcy Court approval (unless otherwise indicated), to carry out and implement the following duties related to the administration of General Unsecured ~~Trade Claims and the GUTC Cash Pool Account~~:

- a. subject to Article VII of the Plan, including, but not limited to, Article VII.A of the Plan, except to the extent General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims have been previously Allowed, control and effectuate the reconciliation process with respect to General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims in accordance with the terms of this Plan, including to object to, seek to subordinate, compromise or settle any and all General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims against the Debtors (including Retained Claims Objections but only to the extent that they relate to General Unsecured Claims as set forth in the last paragraph of this Section), *provided that* the Claims ~~Administrator~~ Ombudsman shall consult with the Post-Effective Date Debtors and the UCC prior to entering into any Material Claims Settlement as set forth in Article V.D.3 of the Plan;

- ~~b. make Distributions to holders of Allowed General Unsecured Trade Claims in accordance with this Plan;~~



- b. ~~e.~~ prepare, file, and prosecute any necessary filings or pleadings with the Bankruptcy Court to carry out the duties of the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman as described herein, including by filing and prosecuting objections to General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims;
- c. ~~d.~~ retain professionals to assist in performing its duties under the Plan;
- d. ~~e.~~ maintain ~~the books and records and accounts~~regarding the reconciliation process with respect to ~~the GUTC Cash Pool Account~~General Unsecured Claims;
- e. ~~f.~~ incur and pay reasonable and necessary expenses in connection with the performance of duties under ~~the~~this Plan, including the reasonable fees and expenses of professionals retained by the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman;
- ~~g. prepare and file any and all informational returns, reports, statements, returns or disclosures relating to the GUTC Cash Pool Account that are required hereunder, by any Governmental Unit or applicable law;~~
- f. ~~h.~~ perform other duties and functions that are consistent with the performance of the Claims ~~Administrators~~Ombudsman's duties and implementation of the Plan; ~~and~~
- g. object to any increases in the Post-Effective Date Debtor Amount as set forth in Article V.E; and
- h. ~~i.~~ effect all actions and execute all agreements, instruments, and other documents necessary to perform its duties under the Plan.

All rights not expressly delegated to the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman under this Article V.D ~~of the Plan~~ are expressly reserved to the Post-Effective Date Debtors, including, without limitation, all rights set forth in Article V.E ~~and, Article V.G of the Plan, and Article VII.A below~~. For the avoidance of any doubt and without limiting the foregoing, the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman shall have no authority to prosecute the Foxconn Causes of Action or any other Retained Causes of Action; receive or compromise any deposits (except pursuant to setoff or recoupment in connection with a General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claim); object to, reconcile, compromise, settle, assert rights or defenses in connection with, or seek to Allow or Disallow any Claim subject to a Retained Claims Objection; provided, that, if a Retained Claims Objection relates to a Claim Seeking Allowance of a General Unsecured Claim, any objection, compromise or settlement of such Claim may be jointly prosecuted and implemented by the Post-Effective Date Debtors and the Claims Ombudsman, or by either of them with the consent of the other; administer any tax assets of the Post-Effective Date Debtors or have any corporate governance function in connection with any post-effective date business carried on by the Post-Effective Date Debtors.



(iii) *Reporting and Consultation Obligations of the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman*

The Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman shall report all material matters concerning the reconciliation of or Distributions on account of General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims to the Post-Effective Date Debtors and the UCC, which reporting shall include, ~~without limitation~~: (i) a list of the Claims that have been Allowed, Disallowed, or Expunged during the applicable reporting period, (ii) a list of Disputed Claims that have yet to be resolved, (iii) the aggregate amount of Distributions during the applicable reporting period, and (iv) the aggregate amount of expected Distributions during the next reporting period. Without limitation to any consultation or consent obligations of the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman specified herein, the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman shall consult with the Post-Effective Date Debtors and the UCC on all material decisions concerning the reconciliation of, or Distributions on account of General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims.

The Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Debtors, as applicable, and the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman shall cooperate with respect to administration of the Disputed General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims. Prior to reaching a Material Claims Settlement with respect to any Disputed General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claim, the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman must provide ten (10) business days' written notice to the Post-Effective Date Debtors and the UCC containing the material terms of such proposed settlement or compromise. To the extent the Post-Effective Date Debtors or the UCC object to the proposed compromise or settlement, the ~~Post-Effective~~Post-Effective Date Debtors or the UCC, as applicable, may file a pleading with the Bankruptcy Court objecting to such settlement or compromise. Pending resolution of any such objection, the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman shall not make any distribution on account of the subject Disputed General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claim.

(iv) *Indemnification of Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman*

Each of the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall indemnify and hold harmless the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman solely in its capacities as such for any losses incurred in such capacity, except to the extent such losses were the result of the Claims ~~Administrator's~~Ombudsman's bad faith, gross negligence, willful misconduct or criminal conduct.

## 8. Post-Effective Date Matters

~~After~~On and after the Effective Date, the Post-Effective Date Debtors may and shall be authorized to, subject to applicable non-bankruptcy law and consistent with the implementation of ~~the~~this Plan, engage in post-Effective Date operations in their discretion, including, without limitation, entering into one or more transactions to ~~monetize the value of the net operating losses or similar tax attributes of the~~optimize the tax efficiency of the Debtors and Post-Effective Date Debtors' Estates. ~~Any~~The costs ~~incurred in connection with such operations may be funded~~of administering the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall be paid from the Post-Effective Date Debtor Amount. Any other costs incurred in connection with such operations, including the funding of a transaction to maximize the Debtors' tax attributes may be funded from Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash. After the Effective Date, the New Board may, at its discretion

and from time to time, increase the Post-Effective Debtor Amount from the Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash for the purpose of funding Post-Effective Date Debtor operations and the prosecution of Retained Causes of Action, subject to any applicable laws; *provided, that* until General Unsecured Claims are satisfied in full (inclusive of any applicable interest) in accordance with the terms of this Plan, the Post-Effective Date Debtor shall provide at least fifteen (15) calendar days' prior written notice to the Claims Ombudsman of any such proposed increase. The Claims Ombudsman may, after consulting with the UCC, object or consent to any such proposed increase within such fifteen (15) day period. If the Claims Ombudsman timely objects to a proposed increase in the Post-Effective Date Debtor Amount, such increase shall only be effective if agreed to by the Claims Ombudsman, after consultation with the UCC, or if approved by the Bankruptcy Court. If the Claims Ombudsman does not timely object to any proposed increase in the Post-Effective Date Debtor Amount, the Post-Effective Date Debtor Amount **shall be deemed to be** increased as proposed in the applicable written notice without the need for any further action or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

On and after the Effective Date, (a) the Post-Effective Date Debtors may, and shall be authorized (but not required), to take any such actions to (as applicable) prosecute, pursue, compromise, settle, or otherwise dispose of the Retained Causes of Action and the Retained Claims Objections; provided, that the Post-Effective Date Debtors may not settle any Retained Claims Objections to which the Claims Ombudsman is a party in a manner that results in the Allowance of a General Unsecured Claim without the consent of the Claims Ombudsman, and (b) the Post-Effective Date Debtors may and shall be authorized to, subject to applicable non-bankruptcy law and consistent with implementation of this Plan, engage in such business and activities as determined by the New Board.

Further, on and after the Effective Date, the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall be authorized to implement the Plan in all respects, subject to the delegation of duties to the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman set forth in Article V.D.2 ~~of the Plan~~. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall be authorized to prosecute and resolve all Retained Causes of Action, including the Foxconn Causes of Action and any Causes of Action against insurers.

## **9. Board of Directors and Officers**

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, the directors and officers of the Post-Effective Date Debtors constituting the New Board and management shall be those individuals identified in the Plan Supplement. The New Board shall, among other things, oversee and direct the administration of the Post-Effective Date Debtors' Estates in accordance with the Plan. On the Effective Date, or as soon as is reasonably practicable thereafter, the New Board shall establish such procedures and protocols as it deems necessary to carry out its duties. The officers of the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall have the rights and responsibilities set forth in the ~~organizational documents of the Post-Effective Date Debtors~~New Organizational Documents.

## **10. Vesting of Assets**

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, on and after the Effective Date, all Assets of the Debtors and the Estates, wherever located, including, without limitation, all claims, rights, Causes of Action ~~(including, but not limited to, the Foxconn Causes of Action)~~, “net operating losses” or similar tax attributes, and rights in respect thereof, and any other property, wherever located, and whether acquired by the Debtors under or in connection with ~~the~~this Plan or otherwise, shall vest in the Post-Effective Date Debtors free and clear of all Claims, Liens, charges, other encumbrances and Interests. ~~For the avoidance of any doubt, the GUTC Cash Pool Account shall be funded in the amount of the GUTC Cash Pool Amount from the Assets of the Debtors as set forth in the Plan.~~

## 11. Existing Securities

Neither the Common Stock Interests, Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests, nor any other Interests (including any outstanding warrants) in and to the Debtors shall be cancelled pursuant to the Plan or Confirmation Order. All such Interests shall be preserved in Post-Effective Date LMC and governed in accordance with the Plan, the Confirmation Order and the applicable organizational documents thereof; provided, however, the New Organizational Documents shall, among other things, permit Post-Effective Date LMC to amend its charter, certificate of incorporation or other governing documents so as to prevent the acquisition, sale or other transaction of its Interests, other than pursuant to the Plan, for the purpose of preserving the tax benefits of the Post-Effective Date Debtors.

Until the entry of a Final Decree, the Final Trading Order shall remain in effect and enforceable by Post-Effective Date LMC. Upon the entry of a Final Decree, this Plan shall be deemed to incorporate the operative provisions of the Final Trading Order.

## 12. Preservation of Net Operating Losses

The Bankruptcy Court will enter one or more orders, which may be the Confirmation Order, to facilitate preservation of “net operating losses” of the Debtors, ~~including by restricting further trading of Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests and Common Stock Interests,~~ which may also be provided for in the applicable ~~organizational documents of the Post-Effective Date Debtors~~New Organizational Documents.

For the avoidance of any doubt, and notwithstanding the substantive consolidation of the Debtors for the limited purposes of Distributions contemplated pursuant to the Plan, on and after the Effective Date, each of the Post-Effective Date Debtors will continue to exist as a separate entity and shall retain all of the powers of corporations or limited liability companies (as applicable) under applicable non-bankruptcy law, and without prejudice to any right to amend its charter, dissolve, merge or convert into another form of business entity, or to alter or terminate its existence. As detailed in Article V.D of the Plan, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all Assets of the Debtors (including net operating losses or similar tax attributes) will vest in the Post-Effective Date Debtors free and clear of all Claims, Liens, charges, other encumbrances and Interests.

The Debtors estimate that their net operating loss (“NOL”) carryforwards, as of December 31, 2022, included: (i) federal NOLs of approximately \$629.6 million, which

generated a deferred tax asset of approximately \$132 million, (ii) local NOLs of approximately \$372 million, which generated a deferred tax asset of \$3.7 million, and (iii) an indeterminate amount of net unrealized built-in loss. The amount of the Debtors NOLs may be higher upon emergence from these Chapter 11 Cases. It is contemplated (although there can be no assurance) that the Post-Effective Date Debtors would be entitled, under the Plan, to use their existing net operating loss carryforwards in future years to eliminate taxes on a corresponding amount of their income or otherwise ~~monetize their preserved NOLs~~optimize the tax efficiency of the Debtors, subject to any applicable limitations due to change in ownership, the alternative minimum tax, and limitations under applicable state and local tax laws.<sup>27</sup>

The present value of the tax savings that could be generated by the existing net operating loss carryforwards cannot be determined with any certainty, as use of the carryforwards may be subject to the limitations described in the paragraph immediately above, is dependent on the Post-Effective Date Debtors having sufficient future income or otherwise engaging in a transaction that could utilize the value of the NOLs, and may be subject to other limitations. As of the date hereof, the Debtors have not identified sources of future income or any particular post-effective date transactions.

### 13. Preservation of Causes of Action

In accordance with section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, but subject in all respects to Article VIII of the Plan, the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall retain and the Post-Effective Date Debtors may enforce all rights to commence and pursue, as appropriate, any and all of the Debtors' Causes of Action, whether arising before or after the Petition Date, including, (i) the Foxconn Causes of Action, (ii) any Cause of Action based in whole or in part upon any and all insurance contracts, insurance policies, occurrence and claims made policies, occurrence and claims made contracts, and similar agreements to which any Debtor or Post-Effective Date Debtor is or was a party or pursuant to which any Debtor or Post-Effective Date Debtor has any rights whatsoever, including the Insurance Policies (and, with respect to such Insurance Policies, including as to the Directors and Officers or other beneficiaries of such policies), (iii) any Causes of Action against any of the Debtors' Directors and Officers that are identified as Excluded Parties, and (iv) all other Causes of Action listed or described in the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action filed in connection with the Plan Supplement. The Post-Effective Date Debtors shall have the exclusive right, authority, and discretion to determine and to initiate, file, prosecute, enforce, abandon, settle, compromise, release, withdraw, or litigate to judgment any such Causes of Action, and to decline to do any of the foregoing without the consent or approval of any third party or further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court. ~~The~~Except as otherwise specifically limited herein, the **Post-Effective Date Debtors expressly reserve all rights to prosecute any and all Causes of Action.**

No Entity may rely on the absence of a specific reference in the Plan, the Plan Supplement, or the Disclosure Statement to any Cause of Action against it as any indication that the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall not pursue any and all available Causes of Action against

<sup>27</sup> Such limitations are discussed in more detail in Article V.D.1.b of this Disclosure Statement.

it. Unless such Causes of Action against any Entity are expressly waived, relinquished, exculpated, released, compromised, assigned, or settled in the Plan or a Final Order, all such Causes of Action shall be expressly reserved by the Debtors and the Post-Effective Date Debtors for later adjudication, and, therefore, no preclusion doctrine, including the doctrines of *res judicata*, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable, or otherwise), or laches, shall apply to any Cause of Action upon, after, or as a consequence of Confirmation or the occurrence of the Effective Date.

The Post-Effective Date Debtors reserve and shall retain such Causes of Action of the Debtors notwithstanding the rejection or repudiation of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease during the Chapter 11 Cases or pursuant to the Plan. The Post-Effective Date Debtors, through their authorized agents or representatives, shall retain and may exclusively enforce any and all such Causes of Action.

For the avoidance of any doubt, except as provided for in Article VII.I of the Plan, to the extent not expressly waived, relinquished, exculpated, released, compromised, assigned, or settled prior to the Effective Date by Final Order entered through the Bankruptcy Court or pursuant to the Confirmation Order or Article VIII of the Plan,<sup>5</sup> all Avoidance Actions shall be retained by the Debtors and the Post-Effective Date Debtors, ~~may be pursued by.~~ The Post-Effective Date Debtors shall take no action with respect to any Avoidance Actions (other than Avoidance Actions for which the status of the Debtors' solvency is not an element of such claim), and for the avoidance of doubt shall not waive, relinquish, exculpate, release, compromise, assign, settle, disallow any General Unsecured Claim pursuant to section 502(d) of the Bankruptcy Code in connection with, commence or otherwise prosecute or act upon any Avoidance Actions (other than Avoidance Actions for which the status of the Debtors' solvency is not an element of such claim) unless or until notified by the Claims Ombudsman that, in the Claims Ombudsman's reasonable business judgment, the Claims Ombudsman does not anticipate that General Unsecured Claims shall be paid in full; upon such notice, the Post-Effective Date Debtors ~~and shall not be waived, relinquished, exculpated, or released until~~ may take any aforementioned action with respect to any Avoidance Action. At such time as all Disputed General Unsecured Claims are resolved and all Allowed General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims are paid in full ~~or such, all~~ Avoidance Actions ~~are settled, compromised, assigned or otherwise liquidated or resolved by the~~ (other than Avoidance Actions for which the status of the Debtors' solvency is not an element of such claim) shall be deemed released and waived by the Debtors and Post-Effective Date Debtors.

**WITHOUT LIMITING THE GENERALITY OF THE FOREGOING, THE POST-EFFECTIVE DEBTORS EXPRESSLY RESERVE THE RIGHT AND FULLY INTEND TO VIGOROUSLY PROSECUTE THE FOXCONN ADVERSARY PROCEEDING AND THE CAUSES OF ACTION SET FORTH THEREIN AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE PLAN.**

#### **14. Preservation of Insurance**

Nothing in the Plan or the Confirmation Order alters the rights and obligations of the Debtors (and their Estate) ~~and,~~ the beneficiaries of the Insurance Policies (including the Directors

and Officers), or the Debtors' insurers (and third-party claims administrators), under the Insurance Policies or modifies the coverage or benefits provided thereunder, or the terms and conditions thereof, or diminishes or impairs the enforceability of the Insurance Policies. The Debtors shall be deemed to have assumed all Insurance Policies. All of the Debtors' rights and their Estates' rights under any Insurance Policies to which the Debtors and/or the Debtors' Estates may be beneficiaries shall vest with the Post-Effective Date Debtors for the benefit of the Post-Effective Date Debtors and all of the beneficiaries of such policies, including the Directors and Officers and any Holder entitled to recover from such policies pursuant to the Plan.

### 15. Preservation of Evidence Related to Putative Class Actions

Nothing in the Plan or the Confirmation Order alters the Debtors and Post-Effective Date Debtors' duty to take all reasonable efforts to preserve evidence related to the Putative Class Actions (including with respect to non-Debtor defendants) consistent with the Debtors existing retention policies and applicable law.

### 16. ~~12.~~ Indemnification Obligations

~~Except as otherwise provided in the Plan and the Confirmation Order, or as otherwise assumed by the Debtors pursuant to a Final Order entered by the Bankruptcy Court, any and all indemnification obligations of the Debtors (including any indemnification obligations to Former Directors and Officers), whether pursuant to a contract, instrument, agreement, certificate of incorporation, by law, comparable organizational document, or other document or applicable law, shall be rejected as of the Effective Date of the Plan; *provided that*, any indemnification obligations that are expressly assumed by the Debtors pursuant to a Final Order entered by the Bankruptcy Court, shall continue in effect on the terms set forth in the Plan, Confirmation Order, the applicable organizational documents of the Post-Effective Date Debtors, or applicable Final Order with respect to any such indemnification obligations.~~

Subject to the provisions of Article V.M of the Plan, any obligations of the Debtors pursuant to their corporate charters and bylaws or agreements, including amendments, entered into any time prior to the Effective Date, to indemnify, reimburse or limit the liability of any Person pursuant to the Debtors' certificates of incorporation, bylaws, policy of providing employee indemnification, applicable state law or specific agreement in respect of any claims, demands, suits, causes of action or proceedings against such Persons based upon any act or omission related to such Persons' service with, for or on behalf of the Debtors prior to the Effective Date with respect to all present and future actions, suits and proceedings relating to the Debtors shall survive confirmation of the Plan and except as set forth herein, remain unaffected thereby, and shall not be discharged, irrespective of whether such defense, indemnification, reimbursement or limitation of liability accrued or is owed in connection with an occurrence before or after the Petition Date; *provided, however*, that, except as otherwise set forth in a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, all monetary obligations of any kind or nature whatsoever under Article V.M of the Plan shall be limited solely to available insurance coverage and neither the Post-Effective Date Debtors nor any of their respective assets shall be liable for any such obligations in any manner whatsoever. The Post-Effective Date Debtors and, to the extent applicable, the Claims Ombudsman reserve all of their rights to object to any Claims based upon or related to the obligations described in this paragraph.



**17. ~~13.~~ Setoffs and Recoupments**

The Debtors, Post-Effective Date Debtors, or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman (with respect to General Unsecured ~~Trade~~-Claims), may, but shall not be required to, setoff or recoup against any Claim (for purposes of determining the Allowed amount of such Claim on which a Distribution shall be made), rights, or Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever that the Debtors or Post-Effective Date Debtors may have against the Holder of such Claim, but neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Claim shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtors, Post-Effective Date Debtors, or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman (with respect to General Unsecured ~~Trade~~-Claims) of any such Claim, right or Cause of Action the Debtors or Post-Effective Date Debtors may have against the Holder of such Claim.

**18. ~~14.~~ Exemption from Certain Taxes and Fees**

To the maximum extent permitted pursuant to section 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, (i) the issuance, transfer or exchange of any Securities, instruments, or documents, (ii) the creation of any Lien, mortgage, deed of trust or other security interest, (iii) any transfers (directly or indirectly) of property or transfer of beneficial ownership of property pursuant to the Plan or the Plan Supplement, (iv) any assumption, assignment, or sale by the Debtors of their interests in Executory Contracts pursuant to section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, and (v) the issuance, renewal, modification or securing of indebtedness by such means, and the making, delivery or recording of any deed or other instrument of transfer under in furtherance of, or in connection with, the Plan, including the Confirmation Order, shall not be subject to any document recording tax, stamp tax, conveyance fee, intangibles or similar tax, mortgage tax, stamp act, real estate transfer tax, sale or use tax, mortgage recording tax, or other similar tax or governmental assessment, and upon entry of the Confirmation Order, the appropriate state or local governmental officials or agents shall forgo the collection of any such tax or governmental assessment and accept for filing and recordation any of the foregoing instruments or other documents pursuant to such transfers of property without the payment of any such tax, recordation fee, or governmental assessment.

**19. ~~15.~~ Approval of Plan Documents**

The solicitation of votes on the Plan shall be deemed a solicitation for the approval of the Plan Documents and all transactions contemplated hereunder. Entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute Bankruptcy Court approval of the Plan Documents and such transactions. On the Effective Date, the Debtors and the Post-Effective Date Debtor shall be authorized to enter into, file, execute and/or deliver each of the Plan Documents and any other agreement or instrument issued in connection with any Plan Document without the necessity of any further corporate, board or shareholder action.

**20. ~~16.~~ Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions**

Any applicable Debtor or Post-Effective Date Debtor, or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman (with respect to the administration of General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims) shall be authorized to execute, deliver, file or record such contracts, instruments,



releases, indentures and other agreements or documents, and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions contained herein.

## 21. 17. Tax Matters

The Post-Effective Date Debtors and the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman (with respect to the administration of General Unsecured ~~Trade~~-Claims) shall (A) be authorized to exercise all powers regarding the Debtors' tax matters, including filing tax returns, (B) complete and file the Debtors' federal, state, and local tax returns, (C) request an expedited determination of any unpaid tax liability of the Debtors under section 505(b) of the Bankruptcy Code for all tax periods of the Debtors ending after the Petition Date through the liquidation of the Debtors as determined under applicable tax laws, to the extent not previously requested, and (D) represent the interest and account of the Debtors before any taxing authority in all matters, including, but not limited to, any action, suit, proceeding, or audit.

## 22. 18. Settlements

To the extent a settlement is reached with respect to any Claim prior to the Effective Date and such settlement is approved by the Bankruptcy Court and provides for payment outside of the Plan, such Claim shall be paid as set forth in the applicable settlement documents and the order of the Bankruptcy Court approving such settlement.

## 19. Equitable Subordination of Foxconn Interests

~~The Plan shall serve as, and shall be deemed to be, a motion for entry of an order equitably subordinating the rights of the Holders of Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests and the rights of Foxconn as a Holder of Common Stock Interests to receive Distributions under the Plan to the rights of non-Foxconn Holders of Common Stock Interests to receive such Distributions (such subordination, "Foxconn Subordination"). As a result, Foxconn will receive no distributions on account of its Interests.~~

~~If no objection to equitable subordination is timely Filed and served on or before the deadline to object to Confirmation of the Plan, or such other date as may be fixed by the Court, the entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute an order to subordinate the rights of the Holders of Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests and the rights of Foxconn as a Holder of Common Stock Interests, as set forth herein. If any such objection is timely Filed and served, the Bankruptcy Court shall adjudicate such objection at the Confirmation Hearing.~~

~~The Debtors submit that Foxconn Subordination is appropriate under the law and the facts present here. Courts in the Third Circuit generally recognize the following three factor test for equitable subordination under section 510(c) of the Bankruptcy Code: "(1) the claimant must have engaged in some type of inequitable conduct; (2) the misconduct must have resulted in injury to the creditors of the bankrupt or conferred an unfair advantage on the claimant; and (3) equitable subordination of the claim must not be inconsistent with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code." See *In re Winstar Comme'ns, Inc.*, 554 F.3d 382, 411 (3d Cir. 2009) (internal citation omitted); see also *In re Mid Am. Waste Sys., Inc.*, 284 B.R. 53, 69 (Bankr. D.~~

~~Del. 2002) (same); In re UD Dissolution Corp., 629 B.R. 11, 37-38 (Bankr. D. Del. 2021) (same); In re Washington Mut., Inc., 461 B.R. 200, 256 (Bankr. D. Del. 2011), vacated in part, No. 08-12229 MFW, 2012 WL 1563880 (Bankr. D. Del. Feb. 24, 2012).~~

~~Here, the Debtors have outlined Foxconn's misconduct, as well as the injury to the Debtors and their estates resulting from that misconduct, in detail in the Foxconn Complaint, attached hereto as **Exhibit D**. Moreover, the Foxconn Subordination is consistent with the Bankruptcy Code and the test that courts have applied to equitably subordinate claims and interests. Accordingly, the debtors submit that the Foxconn Subordination is appropriate, and the Debtors believe such Foxconn Subordination is in the best interests of the Debtors' estates and all other holders of Allowed Claims and Interests under the Plan.~~

### **23. ~~GUTC Cash Pool Adjustment~~Litigation Trust**

~~No later than five (5) days after the expiration of the Bar Date, either the Debtors or the Committee may send written notice to the other party (an "**GUTC Cash Pool Adjustment Notice**") of its intent to seek an adjustment to the GUTC Cash Pool Amount (the "**GUTC Cash Pool Adjustment**"). Any such notice shall set forth the amount of the proposed GUTC Cash Pool Adjustment and a short description of the reasons for such adjustment. The party receiving the GUTC Cash Pool Adjustment Notice shall have five (5) days from the receipt of such notice to agree to the requested adjustment. If an agreement is reached, the GUTC Cash Pool Amount shall be adjusted as set forth in such GUTC Cash Pool Adjustment Notice or in such other amount as may be agreed upon by the parties. If the parties do not reach agreement on a proposed adjustment within such five (5) day period, either party may seek an order from the Bankruptcy Court adjusting the GUTC Cash Pool **Amount as set forth in** the applicable GUTC Cash Pool Adjustment Notice or in such other amount as any such party may request. The final amount of the GUTC Cash Pool Amount, if adjusted as set forth herein, shall be set forth in the Confirmation Order.~~

On the Effective Date, in the event that the EC determines, with the consent of the Debtors (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld), that it is in the best interest of the Debtors, the Litigation Trust shall be established and the Litigation Trustee shall be appointed. The structure of the Litigation Trust shall be determined by the EC, with the consent of the Debtors (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld), and disclosed in the Plan Supplement, and the Litigation Trust Agreement shall be drafted by the EC and in substantially the form and substance reasonably agreed to by the Debtors and included in the Plan Supplement. All expenses (including taxes) incurred by Litigation Trust shall be recorded on the books and records (and reported on all applicable tax returns) as expenses of the Litigation Trust; *provided however*, that, such expenses shall be funded timely by the Post-Effective Date Debtor from the Post-Effective Date Debtor Amount and the Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash upon written request of the Litigation Trust; *provided further* that, if, at the time the Litigation Trust is funded, Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims have not yet been paid in full (with Post-Petition Interest at the Federal Judgment Rate), any proceeds distributed from the Litigation Trust shall be distributed first to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims until such Holders are paid

in full (Post-Petition Interest at the Federal Judgment Rate), before any proceeds from the Litigation Trust are distributed to Holders of Claims or Interests in any subsequent Class.

For the avoidance of any doubt, regardless of whether a Litigation Trust is established, if, at the time proceeds from any Retained Causes of Action are received and Allowed General Unsecured Claims remain unpaid (inclusive of applicable interest), any such proceeds shall be reserved for distribution to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims before any such proceeds are treated as Post-Effective Date Debtor Cash.

#### **24. ~~General Unsecured Trade Claim Recoveries~~ Claims Payable by Third Parties**

Unless the Post-Effective Date Debtors agree or the Bankruptcy Court orders otherwise, no distributions under the Plan shall be made on account of any Allowed Section 510(b) Claim, Allowed RIDE Section 510(b) Claim, or on account of any other Allowed Claim or Interest that is payable (to the extent it is payable) pursuant to one of the Debtors' Insurance Policies, until the Holder of such Allowed Claim or Interest has exhausted all remedies with respect to the applicable Insurance Policy, if any. To the extent that one or more of the Debtors' insurers agrees to satisfy in full or in part a Claim or Interest (if and to the extent adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction or otherwise settled), then immediately upon such payment, such Claim or Interest may be expunged or reduced on the Claims Register by the Claims Agent to the extent of any such payment without an objection to such Claim or Interest having to be filed and without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

For the avoidance of any doubt, nothing in this Plan shall hinder, impair, prejudice, limit, or otherwise affect any rights of any Entity to pursue (or otherwise with respect to) any applicable insurance, including with respect to non-Debtor beneficiaries of the Insurance Policies (including the Directors and Officers). Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, nothing set forth in the Plan shall constitute or be deemed a release, settlement, satisfaction, compromise, or waiver of any Cause of Action that the Debtors or any Entity may hold against any insurers under any insurance policies (including with respect to the Directors and Officers), nor shall anything contained in the Plan constitute or be deemed a waiver by such insurers of any defenses, including coverage defenses, held by such insurers.

~~On or prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors shall establish and fund the GUTC Cash Pool Account with the GUTC Cash Pool Amount. The Cash in the GUTC Cash Pool Account shall be used by the Claims Administrator to pay the Claims Administrator Expenses and to make the Distributions to Holders of General Unsecured Trade Claims required by Article III.B.3.b on the terms and conditions set forth in the Plan. Any Cash remaining in the GUTC Cash Pool Account after the payment of Claims Administrator Expenses and the making of the Distributions required by Article III.B.3.b shall be repaid on the Post-Effective Debtors and shall, upon such payment, constitute a Non-Trade Pool Asset. The Cash held in the GUTC Cash Pool Account (i) shall be held in trust to fund Distributions on account of Allowed General Unsecured Trade Claims, as provided herein and (ii) shall not be encumbered by any Liens, Claims, or Interests in any way.~~

~~All parties to the Plan shall (i) treat the GUTC Cash Pool Account as a “disputed ownership fund” within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.468B-9(b)(1) for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and (ii) to the extent permitted by applicable law, report consistently with the foregoing for state and local income tax purposes. All taxes imposed on assets or income of the GUTC Cash Pool Account will be payable from the assets of the GUTC Cash Pool Account.~~

## **F. Provisions Regarding Distributions**

### **1. Distribution Record Date**

As of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date, the ~~various transfer registers for each of the Classes of Claims or Interests as maintained by the Debtors or their agents~~ Claims Register shall be deemed closed, and there shall be no further changes in the record holders of any of the Claims ~~or Interests~~. The Post-Effective Date Debtors and the Claims ~~Administrator (with respect to General Unsecured Trade Claims)~~ Ombudsman shall have no obligation to recognize any transfer of any Claims ~~or Interests~~ occurring on or after the Distribution Record Date. The Post-Effective Date Debtors and the Claims ~~Administrator (with respect to the administration of General Unsecured Trade Claims)~~ Ombudsman shall be entitled to recognize and deal for all purposes hereunder only with those ~~record holders~~ Holders stated on the ~~transfer ledgers~~ Claims Register maintained by the Claims and Noticing Agent as of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date.

### **2. Cash Payments**

Cash payments made pursuant to the Plan shall be in U.S. funds, by the means agreed to by payor and payee, including by check or wire transfer or, in the absence of an agreement, such commercially reasonable manner as the Debtors, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, and the Claims ~~Administrator~~ Ombudsman (with respect to the administration of General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims), as applicable, shall determine.

### **3. Allocation of Distributions; Postpetition Interest on Claims**

~~Post-petition interest~~ Post-Petition Interest shall not be paid to Holders ~~of Claims and Interests~~ unless otherwise provided by the Plan. To the extent a Holder of a Claim is entitled to ~~post-petition interest~~ Post-Petition Interest pursuant to the Plan and such interest is not already included in the Allowed amount of such Claim pursuant to Section 506 of the Bankruptcy Code and the provisions of the Plan, Distributions on account of such Claims shall be allocated, first, to the principal amount of such Claim (as determined for federal income tax purposes), and, second, to the extent of any excess, to the remainder of the Claim, if applicable.

For the avoidance of any doubt, Administrative Claims of tax authorities (including any Administrative Claims of the Internal Revenue Service for any federal taxes, which shall accrue interest at the rate and in the manner established under 26 U.S.C. §§ 6621 and 6622), shall accrue interest at the rate and in the manner specified by the applicable tax regulation. Nothing herein shall be deemed an admission of the Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Debtors that any

such Claim is an Allowed Claim and the parties reserve all rights with respect to such determination.

#### 4. Delivery of Distributions

Subject to Bankruptcy Rule 9010, any Distribution or delivery to a Holder of an Allowed Claim shall be made at the last known address of such Holder as set forth (a) in the Schedules filed with the Bankruptcy Court unless the Debtors have been notified in writing of a change of address, including by the filing of a Proof of Claim by such Holder that contains an address for such Holder different from the address reflected in such Schedules for such Holder, (b) on the Proof of Claim filed by such Holder, (c) in any notice of assignment filed with the Bankruptcy Court with respect to such Claim pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3001(e), or (d) in any notice served by such Holder giving details of a change of address. If any Distribution or other communication from the Debtors is returned as undeliverable, no Distribution shall be made to such Holder unless the Debtor, Post-Effective Date Debtor, or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman (with respect to General Unsecured ~~Trade~~-Claims), as applicable, is notified of such Holder's then current address within ~~ninety~~sixty (~~90~~60) days after the later of (i) the Effective Date, (ii) date the communication from the Post-Effective Date Debtor, or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman (with respect to the administration of General Unsecured ~~Trade~~-Claims) was returned or (iii) the date such Distribution was returned. After such date, if such notice was not provided, a Holder shall have forfeited its right to such Distribution, and such undeliverable distributions shall be returned to the Post-Effective Date Debtors ~~or (with respect to General Unsecured Trade Claims) the Claims Administrator~~, and be distributed in accordance with the Plan.

#### 5. Compliance with Tax Requirements

In connection with the Plan, to the extent applicable, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, and the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman (with respect to ~~the to~~ the administration of General Unsecured ~~Trade~~-Claims), as applicable,) shall comply with all tax withholding and reporting requirements imposed on them by any Governmental Unit, and all ~~distributions~~Distributions pursuant to the Plan shall be subject to such withholding and reporting requirements. Notwithstanding any provision in the Plan to the contrary, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, ~~and the Claims Administrator (with respect to the administration of General Unsecured Trade Claims), as applicable,~~ shall be authorized to take all actions necessary or appropriate to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements, including liquidating a portion of the distribution to be made under the Plan to generate sufficient funds to pay applicable withholding taxes, withholding distributions pending receipt of information necessary to facilitate such distributions or establishing any other mechanisms they believe are reasonable and appropriate. The Post-Effective Date Debtors reserve the right to allocate all distributions made under the Plan in compliance with applicable wage garnishments, alimony, child support, and other spousal awards, Liens, and encumbrances.

The Post-Effective Date Debtors and the Claims ~~Administrator (with respect to the administration of General Unsecured Trade Claims)~~Ombudsman may require, as a condition to receipt of a distribution, that the Holder of an Allowed Claim provide any information necessary to allow the distributing party to comply with any such withholding and reporting requirements

imposed by any federal, state, local, or foreign taxing authority, including but not limited to Form W-8 or Form W-9 (as applicable). If the Post-Effective Date Debtors or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman make such a request and the Holder fails to comply before the date that is one hundred and eighty (180) days after the request is made, the amount of such distribution shall irrevocably revert to the Post-Effective Date Debtors or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman (with respect to ~~the administration of~~ General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims), as applicable, and any Claim in respect of such distribution shall be discharged and forever barred from assertion against such Post-Effective Date Debtor or its respective property.

## 6. No Distribution in Excess of Allowed Amounts

No Holder of an Allowed Claim shall receive in respect of such Claim any Distribution of a value as of the Effective Date in excess of the Allowed amount of such Claim, except to the extent such Holder is entitled to postpetition interest pursuant to the Plan.

## 7. Special Rules for Distributions to Holders of Disputed Claims ~~and~~ ~~Interests~~

Notwithstanding any provision otherwise in the Plan and except as otherwise agreed by the relevant parties: ~~(a)~~, no partial payments and no partial distributions shall be made with respect to a Disputed Claim ~~or Interest~~ until all such disputes in connection with such Disputed Claim ~~or Interest~~ have been resolved by settlement or Final Order; ~~and (b) any Entity that holds both an Allowed Claim or Interest and a Disputed Claim or Interest shall not receive any distribution on the Allowed Claim or Interest unless and until all objections to the Disputed Claim or Interest have been resolved by settlement or Final Order or the Claims or Interests have been Allowed or expunged.~~ Any dividends or other distributions arising from property distributed to Holders of Allowed Claims ~~or Interests, as applicable,~~ in a Class and paid to such Holders under the Plan shall also be paid, in the applicable amounts, to any Holder of a Disputed Claim ~~or Interest, as applicable,~~ in such Class that becomes an Allowed Claim ~~or Interest~~ after the date or dates that such dividends or other distributions were earlier paid to Holders of Allowed Claims ~~or Interests~~ in such Class.

~~For the avoidance of any doubt, the Debtors dispute that the Holders of Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests are entitled to Distributions under the Plan. The Debtors also dispute that Foxconn, in its capacity as a Holder of any Interests, including Common Stock Interests, is entitled to Distributions under the Plan. Among other things, the Debtors (i) are seeking to equitably subordinate the Foxconn Preferred Interests and any Common Stock Interests held by Foxconn in their entirety to non-Foxconn Common Stock Interests under the Plan, (ii) reserve the right to seek disallowance of any and all Interests and Claims held by Foxconn, and (iii) believe that any Distributions to Foxconn are also subject to the Debtors' setoff and recoupment rights as a result of the Foxconn Causes of Action. As a result, any Distributions in respect of Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests or any other Interests in and to the Debtors held by Foxconn shall be subject to Article V.S of the Plan and the resolution of the Foxconn Causes of Action.~~

## 8. Manner of Payment Under Plan



Unless otherwise provided herein, any Cash payment to be made hereunder may be made by a check or wire transfer.

(i) *Minimum Distributions.* The Post-Effective Date Debtors, ~~and the Claims Administrator, as applicable,~~ shall not be obligated to make any payment of Cash of less than fifty dollars (\$50) to any Holder of an Allowed Claim or Interest. ~~Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, if, on the final date of Distribution there remains \$10,000 or less available for distribution to Holders of Allowed Claims, in lieu of making any further distributions to the Holders of such Claims, the Post-Effective Date Debtors or the Claims Administrator, as applicable, shall distribute such Cash to The Henry Ford Museum of American Innovation, Dearborn, Michigan.~~

(ii) *Time Bar to Cash Payments.* Checks issued in respect of Allowed Claims shall be null and void if not negotiated within ~~ninety~~sixty (90~~60~~60) days after the date of issuance thereof. Requests for reissuance of any voided check shall be made directly to the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman by the Holder of the Allowed Claim or Interest to whom such check was originally issued. Any Claim or Interest in respect of such a voided check shall be made within ~~ninety~~sixty (90~~60~~60) days after the date of issuance of such check. If no request is made as provided in the preceding sentence, any Claims in respect of such voided check shall be discharged and forever barred.

## **G. Procedures for Disputed Claims**

### **1. Allowance of Claims**

After the Effective Date, each of the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall have and retain, and the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman shall be entitled to assert (with respect to General Unsecured ~~Trade~~-Claims), any and all rights and defenses that the applicable Debtor had with respect to any Claim or Interest immediately before the Effective Date, including by virtue of any Causes of Action retained by the Debtors (i) relating to such Claim or Interest (or the facts, circumstances, agreement(s), arrangements, or transactions giving rise to such Claim or Interest) or (ii) against the Holder of such Claim or Interest. For the avoidance of doubt, all objections with respect to General Unsecured Claims shall be delegated to, and pursued or resolved solely by, the Claims Ombudsman, except that either the Post-Effective Date Debtors or the Claims Ombudsman, or both of them jointly, may object to or resolve General Unsecured Claims that are subject to Retained Claims Objections. Except as expressly provided in the Plan or in any order entered in the Chapter 11 Cases before the Effective Date (including the Confirmation Order), no Claim or Interest shall become an Allowed Claim unless and until such Claim or Interest is deemed Allowed pursuant to the Plan or a Final Order, including the Confirmation Order (when it becomes a Final Order), *providing* such Claim; *provided, however*, that the ~~Plan Administrator~~Claims Ombudsman may affirmatively determine to deem Allowed any General Unsecured ~~Trade~~-Claim (other than ~~a General Unsecured Trade Claim asserted by Foxconn~~Claims subject to Retained Claims Objections) notwithstanding the fact that the period within which an objection may be interposed has not yet expired; *provided further that*, any determination by the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman to deem to Allow a General Unsecured



~~Trade~~ Claim must comply with the ~~Plan Administrator's~~ Claims Ombudsman's notice and consultation obligations, including as set forth in Article V.D.3 of the Plan, which obligations are not superseded by this provision in any respect. Except as otherwise expressly specified in the Plan (including as provided in Article III.B.3.b and Article III.B.4.b ~~of the Plan~~ with respect to Allowed General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims under certain circumstances detailed in such provision) or any Final Order, and except to the extent such interest, fees, costs or charges are Allowed pursuant to section 506(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, the amount of an Allowed Claim shall not include any interest, fees, costs or charges arising from and after the Petition Date. For purposes of determining the amount of an Allowed Claim or Interest, there shall be deducted therefrom an amount equal to the amount of any Claim that the Debtors may hold against the Holder thereof, to the extent such Claim or Interest may be offset, recouped, or otherwise reduced under applicable law. Any Claim that has been or is hereafter listed in the Schedules as contingent, unliquidated, or Disputed, and for which no Proof of Claim or Interest is or has been timely Filed, is not considered Allowed and shall be expunged without further action by the Debtors and without further notice to any party or action, approval, or order of the Bankruptcy Court. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, no Claim of any Entity subject to section 502(d) of the Bankruptcy Code shall be deemed Allowed unless and until such Entity pays in full the amount that it owes. For the avoidance of any doubt, a Proof of Claim Filed after the applicable Bar Date shall not be Allowed for any purposes whatsoever absent entry of a Final Order allowing such late-Filed Claim.

## 2. ~~Claims and Interests~~ Administration Responsibilities

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan and notwithstanding any requirements that may be imposed pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019 or section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, after the Effective Date, the Post-Effective Date Debtors or, ~~with respect to General Unsecured Trade Claims, the Claims Administrator~~ Claims Ombudsman, as applicable, shall have the authority: (i) to File, withdraw, or litigate to judgment objections to Claims; (ii) to settle or compromise any Disputed Claim without any further notice to or action, order, or approval by the Bankruptcy Court (provided that any Material Claims Settlement is subject to the terms of Article V.D.2.a and Article V.D.3 of the Plan); and (iii) to administer and adjust the Claims Register to reflect any such settlements or compromises without any further notice to or action, order, or approval by the Bankruptcy Court.

For the avoidance of any doubt, except as otherwise provided herein, from and after the Effective Date, each Post-Effective Date Debtor shall have and retain any and all rights and defenses such Debtor had immediately prior to the Effective Date with respect to any Disputed Claim or Interest, including the Retained Causes of Action.

All objections to Claims (other than (i) Administrative Claims and (ii) Professional Fee Claims) shall be Filed on or before the Claim Objection Deadline as the same may be extended by the Bankruptcy Court upon a motion filed by the Post-Effective Date Debtors or the ~~Claims Administrator~~ Ombudsman on or before the Claim Objection Deadline, with notice only to those parties entitled to notice in the Chapter 11 Case pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002 as of the filing of such motion. The Filing of a motion to extend the Claim Objection Deadline shall automatically extend the Claim Objection Deadline until a final order is entered by the Bankruptcy Court. In the event that such a motion to extend the Claim Objection Deadline is

denied, the Claim Objection Deadline shall be the later of the then-current Claim Objection Deadline (as previously extended, if applicable) or thirty (30) days after entry of a Final Order denying the motion to extend the Claim Objection Deadline.

### 3. Estimation of Claims

Before or after the Effective Date, the Debtors ~~or~~ the Post-Effective Date Debtors, or the Claims Ombudsman (with respect to General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims) ~~the Claims Administrator that are not subject to Retained Claims Objections~~, as applicable, may at any time request that the Bankruptcy Court estimate any Disputed Claim that is contingent or unliquidated pursuant to section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code for any reason, regardless of whether any party previously has objected to such Claim, and the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction to estimate any such Claim, including during the litigation of any objection to any Claim or during the appeal relating to such objection; *provided that*, for the avoidance of any doubt, no Claim or Interest Allowed under this Plan shall be considered a Disputed Claim or Disputed Interest. In the event that the Bankruptcy Court estimates any Disputed, contingent, or unliquidated Claim, that estimated amount shall constitute a maximum limitation on such Claim for all purposes under the Plan (including for purposes of Distributions), and the Debtors, or the Post-Effective Date Debtors, as applicable, may elect to pursue any supplemental proceedings to object to any ultimate Distribution on such Claim. Notwithstanding section 502(j) of the Bankruptcy Code, in no event shall any Holder of a Claim that has been estimated pursuant to section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise be entitled to seek reconsideration of such estimation unless such Holder has Filed a motion requesting the right to seek such reconsideration on or before twenty-one (21) days after the date on which such Claim is estimated. All of the aforementioned Claims and objection, estimation, and resolution procedures are cumulative and not exclusive of one another. Claims may be estimated and subsequently compromised, settled, withdrawn, or resolved by any mechanism approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

If the Debtors determine that (i) one or more Disputed General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims are capable of estimation by the Bankruptcy Court, (ii) estimation will materially improve Effective Date distributions to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims, and (iii) estimation is otherwise in the best interests of the Estates, the Debtors shall File one or more motions to estimate such Disputed General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims, which motion(s) shall be Filed and noticed to be heard by the Bankruptcy Court before the Effective Date (or such other date as determined by the Bankruptcy Court).

### 4. Adjustment to Claims Register Without Objection

Any duplicate Claim or Interest, any Claim (Filed or scheduled) or Interest that has been paid or satisfied, or any Claim that has been amended or superseded, may be adjusted or expunged on the Claims Register by the Debtors, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, or (with respect to General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims) the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman, as applicable, upon stipulation or any agreement in writing, including email correspondence, between the parties in interest without a Claims objection having to be Filed and without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

## 5. Disallowance of Claims

~~Any~~ Subject to Article V.J of the Plan, any Claims held by Entities from which property is recoverable under section 542, 543, 550, or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code or that is a transferee of a transfer avoidable under section 522(f), 522(h), 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, or 724(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, shall be deemed Disallowed pursuant to section 502(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, and Holders of such Claims may not receive any Distributions on account of such Claims until such time as such Causes of Action against that Entity have been settled or a Bankruptcy Court order with respect thereto has been entered and all sums due, if any, to the Debtors by that Entity have been turned over or paid to the Debtors; or the Post-Effective Date Debtors ~~or (with respect to General Unsecured Trade Claims) the Claims Administrator.~~

All Proofs of Claim must be Filed on or before the applicable Bar Date. If Proofs of Claim are not Filed on or before the applicable Bar Date, except in the case of certain exceptions explicitly set forth in the Bar Date Order, the Holders of the underlying Claims shall, absent further Order of the Bankruptcy Court Allowing such Claims, be barred from asserting such Claims against the Debtors and precluded from voting on the Plan and/or receiving Distributions from the Debtors on account of such Claims in the Chapter 11 Cases.

## 6. Reimbursement or Contribution

If the Bankruptcy Court disallows a Claim for reimbursement or contribution of an Entity pursuant to section 502(e)(1)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code, then to the extent such Claim is contingent as of the time of allowance or disallowance, such Claim shall be forever Disallowed and expunged notwithstanding section 502(j) of the Bankruptcy Code, unless before the Confirmation Date: (i) such Claim has been adjudicated as non-contingent; or (ii) the relevant Holder of a Claim has Filed a non-contingent Proof of Claim on account of such Claim and a Final Order has been entered before the Confirmation Date determining such Claim is no longer contingent.

## 7. Amendments to Proofs of Claim

On or after the Effective Date, except as provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, a Claim or Proof of Claim may not be Filed or amended without the prior authorization of the Bankruptcy Court, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, or (with respect to General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims) the Claims ~~Administrator~~ Ombudsman, and any such new or amended Claim or Proof of Claim Filed after the Effective Date shall be deemed Disallowed in full and expunged without any further action or notice to the Bankruptcy Court; *provided that* the filing of an unauthorized amendment shall not affect the underlying Claim or Proof of Claim. Nothing in this paragraph shall remove any claimant's ability to seek leave from the Bankruptcy Court to amend a Claim or Proof of Claim.

## 8. No Distributions Pending Allowance-

For the avoidance of any doubt, notwithstanding any other provision in the Plan, no Distributions shall be made with respect to all or any portion of a Disputed Claim or Interest unless and until all objections to such Disputed Claim or Interest is settled or withdrawn or is

determined by Final Order, and the Disputed Claim or Interest, or some portion thereof, has become an Allowed Claim or Interest.

#### 9. Allowed and Disputed Claims ~~Reserve~~.Reserves

The ~~Claims Administrator and the~~ Post-Effective Date ~~Debtor, as applicable,~~ ~~may~~ Debtors, in consultation with the Claims Ombudsman and the UCC, shall, subject to the conditions set forth in Article VII.I of the Plan, establish reserves for the payment of Disputed Claims by withholding ~~up to~~ 100% of the Distributions to which Holders of such Disputed Claims would be entitled if such Disputed Claims were Allowed Claims.

Prior to the Effective Date, the Debtors, UCC and EC shall confer to reach agreement as to the amount necessary for the Debtors to reserve in order to make Distributions in the full amount of all Claims that are Allowed Claims or may become Allowed Claims after the Effective Date. If the Debtors, UCC and EC are unable to reach agreement on such amount, the Court shall estimate the amount at the Confirmation Hearing.

If the results of the estimation process detailed in Article VII.I of the Plan, demonstrate that there will be sufficient funds to pay all Allowed General Unsecured Claims in an amount of at least 75% of their Allowed Amount, Avoidance Actions against non-insider Holders of General Unsecured Claims (other than Causes of Action against Excluded Parties and Retained Causes of Action and Retained Claims Objections) shall be released by the Debtors and the Post-Effective Date Debtors. If the results of the estimation process detailed in Article VII.I of the Plan, demonstrate that there will *not* be sufficient funds to pay all Allowed General Unsecured Claims in an amount of at least 75%, then Avoidance Actions (other than Causes of Action against Excluded Parties and Retained Causes of Action and Retained Claims Objections) shall be retained and the Claims Ombudsman will control the administration of any Avoidance Actions

#### 10. Distributions After Allowance.

Subject to Article VII.H hereof of the Plan, after such time as a Disputed General Unsecured ~~Trade-Claim; or~~ Common ~~Stock Interest, or Foxconn Preferred~~ Stock Interest becomes, in whole or in part, an Allowed Claim or Interest, the Post-Effective Date Debtors ~~or (with respect to General Unsecured Trade Claims) the Claims Administrator~~ shall distribute to the Holder thereof the reserved Distributions, as applicable, if any, to which such Holder is then entitled under the Plan, within thirty (30) days of such Claim or Interest becoming Allowed. Any such ~~distributions~~ Distributions shall be made in accordance with the Plan. To the extent such Disputed General Unsecured ~~Trade-Claim; or~~ Common Stock ~~Interest, or Foxconn Preferred~~ ~~Stock~~ Interest is Disallowed, the corresponding reserved amount shall be distributed to other Allowed Claims or Interests as provided for in the Plan.

The Post-Effective Date Debtors shall make Distributions to Holders of General Unsecured Claims that are Allowed as of the Effective Date within thirty (30) days after the Effective Date.

The Claims Ombudsman, in consultation with the Post-Effective Date Debtors and the UCC, may determine that one or more interim Distributions should be made on Allowed General Unsecured Claims. Upon such determination, the Post-Effective Date Debtors shall promptly effectuate such Distributions.

## **11. Single Satisfaction of Claims**

Holders of Allowed Claims may assert such Claims against each Debtor obligated with respect to such Claims, and such Claims shall be entitled to share in the recovery provided for the applicable Class of Claims against each obligated Debtor based upon the full Allowed amount of such Claims. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no case shall the aggregate value of all property received or retained under the Plan on account of any Allowed Claim exceed one hundred (100) percent of the underlying Allowed Claim plus applicable interest, if any.

## **H. Settlement, Release, Injunction, and Related Provisions**

### **1. Compromise and Settlement of Claims, Interests, and Controversies**

Pursuant to section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019 and in consideration for the distributions and other benefits provided pursuant to the Plan, the Plan is and shall be deemed a good-faith compromise and settlement of all Claims, Interests, and controversies relating to the contractual, legal, and subordination rights that a Holder of a Claim or Interest may have with respect to any Allowed Claim or Interest, or any distribution to be made on account of such Allowed Claim or Interest.

The entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the compromise or settlement of all such Claims, Interests, and controversies, as well as a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that such compromise or settlement is in the best interests of the Debtors, their Estates, and Holders of Claims and Interests and is fair, equitable, and reasonable. The compromises, settlements, and releases described herein shall be deemed nonseverable from each other and from all other terms of the Plan. In accordance with the provisions of and except as set forth in the Plan, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019, without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, after the Effective Date, Post-Effective Date Debtors or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman (with respect to General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims, and subject to the terms provided in Article V.D.3 of the Plan) may compromise and settle Claims against, and Interests in, the Debtors and their Estates and Causes of Action against other Entities.

### **2. Discharge of Claims and Termination of Interests**

Pursuant to section 1141(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, and except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan or in a contract, instrument, or other agreement or document executed pursuant to the Plan, the distributions, rights, and treatment that are provided in the Plan shall be in complete satisfaction, discharge, and release, effective as of the Effective Date, of Claims, Interests, and Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever, including any interest accrued on Claims or Interests from and after the Petition Date, whether known or unknown, against, liabilities of, Liens on, obligations of, rights against, and interests in, the Debtors or any of their



assets or properties, regardless of whether any property shall have been distributed or retained pursuant to the Plan on account of such Claims and Interests, including demands, liabilities, and Causes of Action that arose before the Effective Date, any contingent or non-contingent liability on account of representations or warranties issued on or before the Effective Date, any Claims for withdrawal liability that relate to services performed by employees of the Debtors before the Effective Date or that arise from a termination of employment, and all debts of the kind specified in sections 502(g), 502(h), or 502(i) of the Bankruptcy Code, in each case whether or not (i) a Proof of Claim based upon such debt or right is Filed or deemed Filed pursuant to section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code; (ii) a Claim or Interest based upon such debt, right, or Interest is Allowed pursuant to section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (iii) the Holder of such a Claim or Interest has voted to accept the Plan. Any default or “*event of default*” by the Debtors or Affiliates with respect to any Claim or Interest that existed immediately before or on account of the Filing of the Chapter 11 Cases shall be deemed cured (and no longer continuing) as of the Effective Date with respect to a Claim that is Unimpaired by the Plan so long as such cure does not cause such Claim to be Impaired. The Confirmation Order shall be a judicial determination of the discharge of all Claims and Interests subject to the Effective Date occurring; *provided that*, notwithstanding anything in the foregoing, Interests treated pursuant to the Plan shall receive such treatment as specified in the Plan.

### 3. Releases by the Debtors

The Plan provides for certain releases (the “Debtor Releases”) to be granted by the Debtors, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, and each of their respective current and former Affiliates, in favor of the Released Parties (which include the Chapter 11 Directors and Officers). In this regard:

**Pursuant to section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, for good and valuable consideration, the adequacy of which is hereby confirmed, as of the Effective Date, the Debtors and their Estates, the Post-Effective Date Debtors and each of their respective current and former Affiliates (with respect to non-Debtors, to the extent permitted by applicable law), on behalf of themselves and their respective Estates, including, without limitation, any successor to the Debtors or any Estate representative appointed or selected pursuant to section 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, shall be deemed to have conclusively, absolutely, unconditionally, irrevocably, and forever released, waived and discharged the Released Parties from any and all Claims, Interests, obligations, rights, suits, damages, Causes of Action, remedies, and liabilities whatsoever, in each case, whether prepetition or postpetition (including any derivative Claims asserted or that may be asserted on behalf of the Debtors or their Estates), whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising, in law, equity, or otherwise, based on or relating to, or in any manner arising from, in whole or in part, the Debtors or the conduct of their business (in each case, whether prepetition or postpetition), the formulation, preparation, dissemination, negotiation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created or**

entered into in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Chapter 11 Cases, the pursuit of Confirmation, the pursuit of Consummation, the administration and implementation of the Plan, including the distribution of property under the Plan, or any other related agreement, or upon any other act or omission, transaction, agreement, event, or other occurrence taking place on or before the Effective Date (in each case, whether prepetition or postpetition) related or relating to the foregoing. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the foregoing, the releases set forth in Article VIII.C of the Plan shall not release (i) any Released Party from Claims or Causes of Action arising from an act or omission that is judicially determined by a Final Order to have constituted actual fraud, willful misconduct, or gross negligence, or (ii) any ~~post-Effective~~post-Effective Date obligations of any party or Entity under the Plan or any document, instrument, or agreement executed to implement the Plan.

The Debtor Releases relate to Claims, Interests, obligations, rights, suits, damages, Causes of Action, remedies, and liabilities held by the Debtors or that may be asserted on their behalf against the Released Parties (the “Debtor Claims”). The Debtor Claims are part of the Debtors’ Estates created pursuant to section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code and, absent extraordinary circumstances, the Debtors have the exclusive authority to pursue or settle such claims. Based on prior work undertaken by the Debtors, and absent any contrary recommendations reached by the Derivative Claim Oversight Committee with respect to the Derivative Actions (as defined and as more fully discussed below), the Debtors do not believe that there are any valid Debtor Claims against the Released Parties. Moreover, any action brought to enforce a potential Debtor Claim would involve significant costs to the Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Debtors, including significant legal expenses and potentially significant indemnification claims against the Debtors and their Estates, which could deplete recoveries available to Holders of Claims and Interests. In light of these considerations, and given the significant contributions of the Released Parties to the Debtors and their efforts in these Chapter 11 Cases, the releases of the Debtor Claims against the Released Parties are appropriate and in the best interests of the Debtors’ Estates, subject to any contrary conclusions reached by the Derivative Claim Oversight Committee and the Board of Directors.

Any final determination regarding the inclusion of any person as a Released Party, including any Chapter 11 Director and Officer, will be subject to the recommendations of Derivative Claim Oversight Committee with respect to the Derivative Actions and the Derivative Claims and of the Board of Directors of LMC with respect to such matters. As set forth in Article III.F above, on August 29, 2023, the Board of Directors of LMC adopted resolutions to form the Derivative Claim Oversight Committee to evaluate the Derivative Claims asserted on behalf of the Debtors in the (i) Ohio Derivative Action, (ii) District of Delaware Derivative Action, and (iii) Delaware Chancery Derivative Action, each as described more fully in Article II.E.1 of this Disclosure Statement. By the resolutions, the Board of Directors of LMC appointed three board members to the Derivative Claim Oversight who are not named in any of the Derivative Actions or subject to any Derivative Claims. Further, the Board of Directors determined through the resolutions that that any initiation, prosecution, waiver, release,



settlement, disposition, or resolution of any Derivative Claims should be evaluated and recommended by the Derivative Claim Oversight Committee prior to the Board of Directors making any decision with respect any such initiation, prosecution, waiver, release, settlement, disposition, or resolution of any Derivative Claim.

As described in Article III.F above, prior to the Petition Date, the Debtors had retained Winston since November 2021 for various purposes, including from approximately January 2022 through approximately September 2022 to advise the Board of Directors in reviewing and evaluating two stockholder derivative demand letters (as defined above, the Demands), the allegations in which were substantially similar to those asserted on behalf of the Debtors in the above-referenced derivative actions (each as described more fully in Article II.E.1 of this Disclosure Statement). After the Petition Date, the Debtors sought and obtained authority to retain Winston as special litigation counsel in these Chapter 11 Cases for the purpose of investigating the Derivative Claims. Pursuant to the order entered by the Bankruptcy Court authorizing the Debtors to retain Winston, the Debtors will advise both the UCC and the EC of the conclusions reached by Winston and the basis for those conclusions. [Docket No. 508, ¶ 4]. Accordingly, any final determination regarding the inclusion of any person as a Released Party will be subject to the recommendations of the Derivative Claim Oversight Committee with respect to the Derivative Actions and the Derivative Claims, which recommendations will be informed by the advice and assistance of Winston.

#### **4. Releases by Holders of Claims and Interests**

**As of the Effective Date, for good and valuable consideration, the adequacy of which is hereby confirmed, each Releasing Party shall be deemed to have conclusively, absolutely, unconditionally, irrevocably, and forever released, waived, and discharged each Debtor, Post-Effective Date Debtor, and other Released Party from any and all Claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, Causes of Action, remedies, and liabilities whatsoever (in each case, whether prepetition or postpetition), including any derivative Claims asserted or that may be asserted on behalf of the Debtors or their Estates, that such Entity would have been legally entitled to assert in their own right (whether individually or collectively) or on behalf of the Holder of any Claim or Interest, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising, in law, equity, or otherwise, based on or relating to, or in any manner arising from, in whole or in part, the Debtors or the conduct of their business (in each case, whether prepetition or postpetition), the formulation, preparation, dissemination, or negotiation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created or entered into in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Chapter 11 Cases, the pursuit of Confirmation, the pursuit of Consummation, the administration and implementation of the Plan, including the distribution of property under the Plan, or any other related agreement, or upon any other act or omission, transaction, agreement, event, or other occurrence taking place on or before the Effective Date (in each case, whether prepetition or postpetition) related or relating to the foregoing. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, pursuant to the Releases set forth in Article VIII.D of the Plan, each Releasing Party shall be deemed to have conclusively, absolutely, unconditionally, irrevocably, and forever released, waived, and discharged each Released Party from any**

Claims related to or asserted in the Putative Class Actions (which actions include, for the avoidance of any doubt, the Ohio Securities Class Action, the Delaware Shareholder Class Action, and the Post-Petition Securities Action). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the foregoing, the releases set forth in ~~this~~ Article VIII.D of the Plan shall not be construed as (i) releasing any Released Party from Claims or Causes of Action arising from an act or omission that is judicially determined by a Final Order to have constituted actual fraud, willful misconduct, or gross negligence, (ii) releasing any timely filed Proof of Claim (as may be validly amended under the Plan or as maybe permitted by the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules) or any post-Effective Date obligations of or under (A) any party or Entity under the Plan, (B) any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease to the extent such Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease has been assumed by the Debtors pursuant to Final Order, or (C) any document, instrument, or agreement executed to implement the Plan, or ~~(iviii)~~ releasing any rights to distributions required to be paid or delivered pursuant to the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

The releases by and among the Holders of Claims or Interests that are Releasing Parties and the Released Parties are appropriate consensual releases. The releases will only be binding with respect to (i) Holders of Unimpaired Claims or Interests who do not File a timely objection to the third party releases; (ii) Holders of Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims that do not hold Claims or Interests in any Class that do not File a timely objection to the third party releases provided for in Article VIII.D; (iii) Holders of Claims or Interests that vote to accept the Plan; (iv) Holders of Claims or Interests that are entitled to vote on the Plan who vote to reject the Plan and do not affirmatively opt out of the third party releases provided for in Article VIII.D by checking the box on the applicable Ballot or form indicating that they opt not to grant such releases in the Plan submitted on or before the Voting Deadline; and (v) with respect to each of the foregoing Entities in clauses (i) through (v), such Entity and its current and former Affiliates, and such Entities' and their current and former Affiliates' current and former directors, managers, officers, predecessors, successors, and assigns, subsidiaries, and each of their respective current and former equity holders, officers, directors, managers, principals, members, employees, agents, advisory board members, financial advisors, partners, attorneys, accountants, managed accounts or funds, management companies, fund advisors, investment bankers, consultants, representatives, and other professionals, each in its capacity as such.

The Released Parties shall not include Foxconn or the Former Directors and Officers. As detailed above, any final determination regarding the inclusion of any person as a Released Party shall be subject to the recommendations of Derivative Claim Oversight Committee with respect to the Derivative Actions and the Derivative Claims and of the Board of Directors of LMC with respect to such matters, which will be informed by the advice and assistance of Winston.. The Debtors believe that the releases by the Releasing Parties in favor of the Released Parties are appropriate in light of the consensual nature of the releases and the contributions of the Released Parties to the Debtors and the resolution of the Chapter 11 Cases.

For the avoidance of any doubt, pursuant to the Releases set forth in Article VIII.D of the Plan, each Releasing Party shall be deemed to have conclusively, absolutely, unconditionally,

irrevocably, and forever released, waived, and discharged each Released Parties from any Claims related to or asserted in:

- (i) the consolidated securities fraud class action that was pending in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Ohio prior to the Petition Date, captioned *In re Lordstown Motors Corp. Sec. Litig.*, No. 4:21-cv-616-DAR (N.D. Ohio) (referred to herein as the “Ohio Securities Class Action,” and described in more detail in Article II.F.I of this Disclosure Statement);
- (ii) consolidated stockholder class action was pending in the Delaware Court of Chancery prior to the Petition Date, captioned *In re Lordstown Motors Corp. Stockholders Litig.*, C.A. No. 2021-1066-LWW (Del. Ch.) (referred to herein as the “Delaware Shareholder Class Action,” and described in more detail in Article II.F.I of this Disclosure Statement); and
- (iii) the putative securities class action filed against certain Chapter 11 Directors and Officers in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio, captioned *Bandol Lim v. Edward Hightower et al.*, No. 4:23-cv-01454-BYP (N.D. Ohio) (referred to herein as the “Post-Petition Securities Action,” and described in more detail in Article III.O of this Disclosure Statement).

## 5. Exculpation

Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan, no Exculpated Party shall have or incur liability for, and each Exculpated Party is hereby exculpated from, any Cause of Action for any claim related to any act or omission from the Petition Date to the Effective Date in connection with, relating to, or arising out of, the Chapter 11 Cases, in whole or in part, the Debtors, the formulation, preparation, dissemination, negotiation, of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created or entered into in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, the pursuit of Confirmation, the pursuit of Consummation, the administration and implementation of the Plan or the distribution of Cash under the Plan, or any other related agreement, except for Claims or Causes of Action arising from an act or omission that is judicially determined in a Final Order to have constituted actual fraud, willful misconduct, or gross negligence, but in all respects, such Exculpated Parties shall be entitled to the fullest extent permitted by law to reasonably rely upon the advice of counsel with respect to their duties and responsibilities. The Exculpated Parties have, and upon Consummation of the Plan, shall be deemed to have, participated in good faith and in compliance with the applicable laws with regard to the solicitation of, and distribution of, consideration pursuant to the Plan and, therefore, are not, and on account of such distributions shall not be, liable at any time for the violation of any applicable law, rule, or regulation governing the solicitation of acceptances or rejections of the Plan or such distributions made pursuant to the Plan.

## 6. Injunction

**EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE EXPRESSLY PROVIDED IN THE PLAN OR FOR DISTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED TO BE PAID OR DELIVERED PURSUANT TO THE PLAN OR THE CONFIRMATION ORDER, ALL ENTITIES THAT HAVE HELD, HOLD, OR MAY HOLD CLAIMS OR INTERESTS THAT HAVE (1) BEEN RELEASED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE VIII.C OR ARTICLE VIII.D OF THE PLAN, (2) SHALL BE DISCHARGED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE VIII.D OF THE PLAN, OR (3) ARE SUBJECT TO EXCULPATION PURSUANT TO ARTICLE VIII.E OF THE PLAN, ARE PERMANENTLY ENJOINED, FROM AND AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE, FROM TAKING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS AGAINST, AS APPLICABLE, THE DEBTORS, THE REORGANIZED DEBTORS, THE RELEASED PARTIES, OR THE EXCULPATED PARTIES (TO THE EXTENT OF THE EXCULPATION PROVIDED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE VIII.E WITH RESPECT TO THE EXCULPATED PARTIES): (I) COMMENCING OR CONTINUING IN ANY MANNER ANY ACTION OR OTHER PROCEEDING OF ANY KIND ON ACCOUNT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH OR WITH RESPECT TO ANY SUCH CLAIMS OR INTERESTS; (II) ENFORCING, ATTACHING, COLLECTING, OR RECOVERING BY ANY MANNER OR MEANS ANY JUDGMENT, AWARD, DECREE, OR ORDER AGAINST SUCH ENTITIES ON ACCOUNT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH OR WITH RESPECT TO ANY SUCH CLAIMS OR INTERESTS; (III) CREATING, PERFECTING, OR ENFORCING ANY LIEN OR ENCUMBRANCE OF ANY KIND AGAINST SUCH ENTITIES OR THE PROPERTY OR THE ESTATES OF SUCH ENTITIES ON ACCOUNT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH OR WITH RESPECT TO ANY SUCH CLAIMS OR INTERESTS; (IV) ASSERTING ANY RIGHT OF SETOFF, SUBROGATION, OR RECOUPMENT OF ANY KIND AGAINST ANY OBLIGATION DUE FROM SUCH ENTITIES OR AGAINST THE PROPERTY OF SUCH ENTITIES ON ACCOUNT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH OR WITH RESPECT TO ANY SUCH CLAIMS OR INTERESTS UNLESS SUCH ENTITY HAS TIMELY ASSERTED SUCH SETOFF RIGHT IN A DOCUMENT (WHICH MAY BE A PROOF OF CLAIM) FILED WITH THE BANKRUPTCY COURT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THE PLAN EXPLICITLY PRESERVING SUCH SETOFF, AND NOTWITHSTANDING AN INDICATION OF A CLAIM OR INTEREST OR OTHERWISE THAT SUCH ENTITY ASSERTS, HAS, OR INTENDS TO PRESERVE ANY RIGHT OF SETOFF PURSUANT TO APPLICABLE LAW OR OTHERWISE; AND (V) COMMENCING OR CONTINUING IN ANY MANNER ANY ACTION OR OTHER PROCEEDING OF ANY KIND ON ACCOUNT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH OR WITH RESPECT TO ANY SUCH CLAIMS OR INTERESTS RELEASED OR SETTLED PURSUANT TO THE PLAN.**

## **7. Release of Liens**

Except (i) with respect to the Liens securing, to the extent elected by the Debtors with respect to an Allowed Secured Claim in accordance with Article III.B.2 of the Plan; or (ii) as otherwise provided herein or in any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created pursuant to the Plan, on the Effective Date, all mortgages, deeds of trust, Liens, pledges, or other security interests against any property of the Estates shall be fully released and discharged, and the holders of such mortgages, deeds of trust, Liens, pledges, or

other security interests shall execute such documents as may be reasonably requested by the Debtors, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, or the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman, as applicable, to reflect or effectuate such releases, and all of the right, title, and interest of any holder of such mortgages, deeds of trust, Liens, pledges, or other security interests shall revert to the Post-Effective Date Debtors' Estates and their successors and assigns.

## **I. Executory Contracts**

### **1. Rejection of Executory Contracts**

Any Executory Contract (including any and all warranties covering any vehicles sold by the Debtors) which has not been assumed with the approval of the Bankruptcy Court on or prior to the Confirmation Date shall be deemed a rejected Executory Contract by the applicable Debtor effective on the Confirmation Date. The Plan shall constitute a motion to reject such Executory Contracts and the Debtors shall have no liability thereunder, except that any Claim arising from the rejection of an Executory Contract shall be treated as a General Unsecured ~~Trade~~-Claim subject to filing of a Proof of Claim pursuant to Article II.B.3 of the Plan. Subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, entry of the Confirmation Order by the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court shall constitute approval of such rejection pursuant to section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that each such rejection is in the best interest of the applicable Debtor, its Estate, and all parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases. For the avoidance of any doubt, notwithstanding anything in the foregoing, the Debtors shall remain bound by any outstanding indemnification obligations owed to Chapter 11 Directors and Officers ~~that it has assumed~~solely to the extent set forth in Article V.M. or to the extent that any such indemnification obligations have been assumed by the Debtors pursuant to any Final Order entered by the Bankruptcy Court.

### **2. Time for Filing Rejection Claims**

Claims arising from the rejection of Executory Contracts pursuant to Article IX.A of the Plan must be filed with the Claims and Noticing Agent within thirty (30) days after the service of the Effective Date notice. Any Claims for which a proof of claim is not filed and served within such time will be forever barred from assertion and shall not be enforceable against the Debtors or their Estates, Assets, properties or interests in property. All proofs of Claims arising from the rejection of Executory Contracts that are timely filed as provided herein shall be treated under the Plan as General Unsecured ~~Trade~~-Claims upon their Allowance.

### **3. Reservation of Rights**

Nothing contained in the Plan, including Article IX.C of the Plan shall constitute a waiver of any Claim, right or Cause of Action that the Debtors or the Post-Effective Date ~~Debtor~~Debtors, as the case may be, may hold against the insurer under any policy of insurance or insurance agreement, including the Insurance Policies (and including with respect to the Directors and Officers or other beneficiaries of such policies).

## J. Conditions Precedent to Confirmation and the Effective Date

### 1. Conditions to Occurrence of the Effective Date

The Effective Date of the Plan shall not occur unless and until each of the following conditions has occurred or has been waived pursuant to Article X.B of the Plan:

- a. the Bankruptcy Court shall have entered the Confirmation Order, in form and substance materially consistent with the Plan and otherwise reasonably acceptable to the Debtors and EC and such order shall not have been stayed pending appeal; ~~without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Confirmation Order shall subordinate the rights to receive Distributions of Holders of Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests and of Foxconn as a Holder of Common Stock Interests as required by Article V.S of the Plan;~~
- b. the Professional Fee Escrow Account shall have been established and fully funded as set forth herein;
- c. the ~~GUTC Cash Pool Account~~Debtors shall have ~~been~~ established ~~and funded in Cash in accordance with~~such reserves for Disputed Claims as required pursuant to Article ~~V.VII.T and Article V.U~~ of the Plan;
- d. the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman shall have been appointed;
- e. all Plan Documents, agreements and other instruments which are exhibits to the Plan or included in the Plan Supplement shall be acceptable to the Debtors and EC and shall have been executed and delivered by the parties thereto;
- f. all actions, documents and agreements necessary to implement the Plan and the transactions contemplated by the Plan shall have been effected or executed; and
- g. all appropriate notices shall have been given and all other appropriate actions shall have been taken to preserve all applicable Insurance Policies, including any “tail policy,” notices required to be provided.

### 2. Waiver of Conditions to Confirmation and Effective Date

The conditions to the Effective Date set forth in Article X.A of the Plan may be waived by the Debtors, without notice, leave, or order of the Bankruptcy Court or any formal action other than proceedings to confirm or consummate the Plan; *provided*, that the Debtors may not waive the condition set forth in Article X.A.1; *provided further*, that the Debtors may not waive the condition set forth in Article X.A.3 or Article X.A.4 of the Plan without consent of the Committee. UCC and the EC; *provided further*, that the Debtors may not waive the condition set forth in Article X.A.5 of the Plan without the consent of the EC; *provided further*, that the Debtors may not waive the condition set forth in Article X.A.6, with respect to matters that affect



Holders of General Unsecured Claims only, without the consent of the UCC and, with respect to matters that affect Holders of Common Stock Interests only, without the consent of the EC.

### 3. Effect of Failure of Conditions to the Effective Date

In the event the conditions specified in Article X.A of the Plan have not been satisfied or waived in accordance with Article X.B of the Plan, and upon notification submitted by the Debtors to the Bankruptcy Court (a) the Confirmation Order shall be vacated; (b) no Distributions shall be made; (c) the Debtors and all Holders of Claims and Interests shall be restored to the status quo ante as of the day immediately preceding the Confirmation Date as though the Confirmation Date never occurred; and (d) all of the Debtors' obligations with respect to the Claims and Interests shall remain unchanged and nothing contained herein shall be deemed to constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against the Debtors or any other Person (and any government, governmental agency or any subdivision, department or other instrumentality thereof) or to prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtors or any other Person (and any government, governmental agency or any subdivision, department or other instrumentality thereof) in any proceedings further involving the Debtors. Neither the Disclosure Statement, any statement contained in the Disclosure Statement nor the Plan may be used in these Chapter 11 Cases, or in any action, other than in connection with confirmation of the Plan. In the event that the Plan is not confirmed, or is confirmed but does not become effective, the Disclosure Statement, any statements contained in the Disclosure Statement and the Plan shall have no force or effect, and neither the Disclosure Statement, any statements contained in this Disclosure Statement nor the Plan shall be admissible in any court or legal forum for any purpose whatsoever.

### K. Effect of Confirmation

#### 1. Deemed Consent

By voting to accept the Plan ~~or accepting any Distributions under the Plan,~~ and not opting out from granting the releases in Article VIII.D of the Plan, each Holder of a Claim will be deemed, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, to have specifically consented to the exculpations, releases and injunctions set forth in the Plan.

#### 2. No Waiver

**NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING TO THE CONTRARY IN THE PLAN, CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN SHALL NOT RELEASE, NOR BE DEEMED TO RELEASE, ANY CLAIM OR CAUSE OF ACTION THAT ANY DEBTOR MAY HOLD AGAINST ANY PERSON OR ENTITY (INCLUDING ANY RELEASED PARTY) RELATED TO, ARISING UNDER, OR IN ANY WAY WITH RESPECT TO ANY OF THE RETAINED CAUSES OF ACTION.**

#### 3. Disallowed Claims and Disallowed Interests

On and after the Effective Date, Post-Effective Date Debtors and the Claims ~~Administrator~~Ombudsman shall be fully and finally discharged of any and all liability or

obligation on a Disallowed Claim or a Disallowed Interest, ~~and any Order disallowing a Claim or an Interest which is not a Final Order as of the Effective Date solely because of any Person's right to move for reconsideration of such order pursuant to section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rule 3008 shall nevertheless become and be deemed to be a Final Order on the Effective Date.~~ The Confirmation Order, except as otherwise provided herein, shall constitute an Order: (a) disallowing all Claims against and Interests in the Debtors to the extent such Claims and Interests are not allowable under any provision of section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, including, but not limited to, time-barred Claims and Interests, and Claims for unmatured interest and (b) disallowing or subordinating to all other Claims, as the case may be, any Claims against the Debtors for penalties, punitive damages or any other damages not constituting compensatory damages.

#### **L. Retention of Jurisdiction**

On and after the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain and have **exclusive** jurisdiction over all matters arising in, arising under, or related to the Chapter 11 Cases, or that relate to any of the following:

- a. To Allow, Disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate, or establish the priority, Secured or Unsecured status, or amount of any Claim or Interest, including the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim and the resolution of any and all objections to the Secured or unsecured status, priority, amount, or Allowance of Claims or Interests; *provided that*, for the avoidance of any doubt, the Bankruptcy Court's retention of jurisdiction with respect to such matters shall not preclude the Debtors or the Post-Effective Date Debtors, as applicable, from seeking relief from any other court, tribunal, or other legal forum of competent jurisdiction with respect to such matters.
- b. To hear and determine any application to modify the Plan in accordance with section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, to remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistency in the Plan or any order of the Bankruptcy Court, including the Confirmation Order, in such a manner as may be necessary to carry out the purposes and effects thereof.
- c. To hear and determine all applications for the payment of Professional Fee Claims.
- d. To resolve any matters related to (i) the assumption, assumption and assignment or rejection of any Executory Contract to which a Debtor is a party or with respect to which a Debtor may be liable in any manner and to hear, determine, and, if necessary, liquidate, any Claims arising therefrom, including Claims related to the rejection of an Executory Contract or any other matter related to such Executory Contract; (ii) the Post-Effective Date Debtors amending, modifying, or supplementing, after the Confirmation Date, the schedule of Executory Contracts to be assumed or rejected pursuant to Article IX of the Plan; and (iii) any dispute regarding whether a contract or lease is or was executory or unexpired.

- e. To adjudicate controversies, if any, with respect to distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims.
- f. To hear and determine any dispute or reconcile any inconsistency arising in connection with the Plan, any of the Plan Documents or the Confirmation Order or the interpretation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan, any of the Plan Documents, the Confirmation Order, any transaction or payment contemplated hereby or any agreement, instrument or other document governing or relating to any of the foregoing.
- g. To hear and determine any matter concerning state, local and federal taxes in accordance with sections 346, 505, and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- h. To adjudicate, decide, or resolve any and all matters related to section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- i. To hear and determine any other matters related hereto and not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code and title 28 of the United States Code.
- j. To hear and determine any rights, Claims or Causes of Action, including without limitation Claims or Causes of Action identified on the Schedule of Retained Causes of Action, held by, transferred to or accruing to the Post-Effective Date Debtors pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code, including any settlement or compromise thereof.
- k. To issue injunctions, enter and implement other orders, and take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Person (and any government, governmental agency or any subdivision, department or other instrumentality thereof) with the consummation, implementation or enforcement of the Plan, the Confirmation Order or any other order of the Bankruptcy Court.
- l. To take any action, and issue such orders as may be necessary or appropriate, to construe, enforce, implement, execute and consummate the Plan or to maintain the integrity of the Plan following consummation.
- m. To resolve any cases, controversies, suits, disputes, or Causes of Action that may arise in connection with the Consummation, interpretation, or enforcement of the Plan or any Entity's obligations incurred in connection with the Plan.
- n. To ensure that all Distributions are accomplished as provided in the Plan.
- o. To allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate or establish the priority or secured or unsecured status of any Claim.

- p. To enter, implement or enforce such orders as may be necessary or appropriate in the event the Confirmation Order is for any reason stayed, reversed, revoked, modified or vacated.
- q. To enforce any order for the sale of property pursuant to sections 363, 1123, or 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- r. To recover all Assets of the Estates, wherever located.
- s. To hear and determine matters concerning exemptions from state and federal registration requirements in accordance with section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- t. To determine requests for the payment of Claims entitled to priority pursuant to section 507 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- u. To enter a final decree closing the Chapter 11 Cases.
- v. To resolve any cases, controversies, suits, disputes, or Causes of Action that may arise in connection with the Consummation, interpretation, or enforcement of the Plan or any Entity's obligations incurred in connection with the Plan.
- w. To determine any motion, adversary proceeding, application, contested matter and other litigated matter pending on or commenced after the Confirmation Date.
- x. To enforce all orders, judgments, injunctions, releases, exculpations, indemnifications, and rulings entered in connection with the Plan and these Chapter 11 Cases.
- y. To hear and determine all disputes involving the existence, nature or scope of the Debtors' discharge.
- z. To determine any other matters that may arise in connection with or are related to the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order, any of the Plan Documents or any other contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document related to the Plan or the Disclosure Statement.

~~aa. To adjudicate the Foxconn Causes of Action.~~

aa. ~~bb.~~ To adjudicate any ~~other~~ adversary proceedings pending before the Bankruptcy Court ~~as of~~ on or after the Petition Date or any other disputes relating to any Retained Cause of Action that the Post-Effective Date Debtors may bring thereafter.

bb. ~~cc.~~ To hear and determine any dispute or suit regarding setoff or recoupment.

## ARTICLE V

### CERTAIN TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN

The following discussion is a summary of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences of the consummation of the Plan to the Debtors and to certain Holders of Claims and Interests. The following summary does not address the U.S. federal income tax consequences to Holders of Claims not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. This summary is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “**IRC**”), the U.S. Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial authorities, published administrative positions of the IRS, and other applicable authorities, all as in effect on the date of this Disclosure Statement and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect. Due to the lack of definitive judicial and administrative authority in a number of areas, substantial uncertainty may exist with respect to some of the tax consequences described below. No opinion of counsel has been obtained and the Debtors do not intend to seek a ruling from the IRS as to any of the tax consequences of the Plan discussed below. The discussion below is not binding upon the IRS or the courts. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a different position than any position discussed herein. This discussion does not purport to address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to the Debtors or to certain Holders of Claims in light of their individual circumstances. This discussion does not address tax issues with respect to such Holders of Claims subject to special treatment under the U.S. federal income tax laws (including, for example, banks, governmental authorities or agencies, pass-through entities, subchapter S corporations, dealers and traders in securities, insurance companies, financial institutions, tax exempt organizations, small business investment companies, persons who are non-U.S. persons, controlled foreign corporations, passive foreign investment companies, Persons who are related to the Debtors within the meaning of the IRC, Persons liable for alternative minimum tax, U.S. Holders (as defined herein) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, Persons using a mark-to-market method of accounting, Holders of Claims who are themselves in bankruptcy, and regulated investment companies and those holding, or who will hold, Claims, the Common Stock, or any other consideration to be received under the Plan, as part of a hedge, straddle, conversion, or other integrated transaction). No aspect of state, local, estate, gift, or non-U.S. taxation is addressed. Furthermore, this summary assumes that a Holder of a Claim holds only Claims in a single Class and holds Claims as “capital assets” (within the meaning of section 1221 of the IRC). This summary does not address any special arrangements or contractual rights that are not being received or entered into in respect of an underlying Claim, including the tax treatment of any backstop fees or similar arrangements (including any ramifications such arrangements may have on the treatment of a Holder under the Plan). This summary also assumes that the various debt and other arrangements to which the Debtors are a party will be respected for U.S. federal income tax purposes in accordance with their form.

For purposes of this discussion, a “**U.S. Holder**” is a Holder that is: (1) an individual citizen or resident of the United States for U.S. federal income tax purposes; (2) a corporation (or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes) created or organized under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia; (3) an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of the source of such income; or (4) a trust (A) if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary

jurisdiction over the trust's administration and one or more United States persons has authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (B) that has a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury Regulations to be treated as a United States person.

If a partnership (or other entity treated as a partnership or other pass-through entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes) is a Holder of a Claim, the tax treatment of a partner (or other beneficial owner) generally will depend upon the status of the partner (or other beneficial owner) and the activities of the partner (or other beneficial owner) and the entity. Partners (or other beneficial owners) of partnerships (or other pass-through entities) that are Holders of Claims should consult their tax advisors regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Plan.

**ACCORDINGLY, THE FOLLOWING SUMMARY OF CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING AND ADVICE BASED UPON THE INDIVIDUAL CIRCUMSTANCES PERTAINING TO A HOLDER OF AN INTEREST OR A CLAIM. ALL HOLDERS OF INTERESTS AND CLAIMS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS FOR THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND NON-U.S. TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.**

**A. Certain Tax ~~Treatment~~Consequences to Holders of Interests**

In accordance with the Plan, Holders of Common Stock Interests and Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests ~~may not receive any recovery under the Plan. To the extent a Holder of an Interest in LMC will not receive any recovery under the Plan, such Holder will generally recognize a loss in an amount equal to~~will retain their respective Common Stock Interests and Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests. Thus, such Holders will not recognize gain or loss pursuant to the Plan. Subsequent to the Effective Date, such Holders may or may not receive distributions from the Company or otherwise realize value from the sale or exchange of their Common Stock Interests and Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests. Distributions from the Company (other than liquidating distributions) generally would be treated as dividends to the extent of any historical or current-year's earnings and profits of the Company and, to the extent in excess of such earnings and profits, as a return of basis and thereafter as capital gain. Proceeds from one or more liquidating distributions or from a sale or exchange generally would result in a gain (or loss) to the extent the total amount realized in such liquidation or sale or exchange exceeds (is less than) such Holder's adjusted tax basis in such Interest~~in LMC~~. Capital losses are subject to various limitations under the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC").

**B. Certain Tax ~~Treatment~~Consequences to Holders of General Unsecured ~~Trade~~Claims**

In accordance with the Plan, Holders of General Unsecured ~~Trade~~Claims may or may not receive full recovery under the Plan. To the extent a Holder of a Claim will not receive full recovery under the Plan, such Holder generally will be able to recognize a bad debt loss in an amount equal to the excess of (i) such Holder's adjusted tax basis in such Claim over (ii) the fair market value of the amount recovered under the Plan. Such loss generally will be ordinary in character to the extent such Claim was held by such Holder in its trade or business.



### C. Certain Tax Consequences to Holders of Section 510(b) Claims

In accordance with the Plan, Holders of 510(b) Claims may receive payments for their Claims. Such Holders generally will recognize gain (or loss) to the extent the fair market value of the amount a Holder recovers under the Plan exceeds (or is less than) such Holder's adjusted tax basis in such Claim.

### D. ~~C.~~ Certain Tax Consequences to the Debtors

#### **1. Cancellation of Indebtedness Income**

##### **a. In General**

In general, absent an exception, a debtor will realize and recognize COD Income upon satisfaction of its outstanding indebtedness for total consideration less than the amount of such indebtedness. The amount of COD Income, in general, is the excess of (a) the adjusted issue price of the indebtedness satisfied, over (b) the sum of (i) the amount of Cash paid, (ii) the issue price of any new indebtedness of the taxpayer issued, and (iii) the fair market value of any other new consideration (including stock of the debtor) given in satisfaction of such satisfied indebtedness at the time of the exchange.

Under section 108 of the IRC, a debtor is not, however, required to include any amount of COD Income in gross income if the debtor is under the jurisdiction of a court in a case under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and the discharge of debt occurs pursuant to that proceeding. Instead, as a consequence of such exclusion, a debtor must reduce its tax attributes by the amount of COD Income that it excluded from gross income pursuant to section 108 of the IRC. In general, tax attributes will be reduced in the following order: (a) NOLs and NOL carryforwards; (b) general business credit carryovers; (c) minimum tax credit carryovers; (d) capital loss carryovers; (e) tax basis in assets (but not below the amount of liabilities to which the debtor remains subject); (f) passive activity loss and credit carryovers; and (g) foreign tax credit carryovers. 163(j) Carryforwards are not subject to reduction under these rules. Alternatively, a debtor with COD Income may elect first to reduce the basis of its depreciable assets pursuant to section 108(b)(5) of the IRC. The reduction in tax attributes occurs only after the tax for the year of the debt discharge has been determined. Any excess COD Income over the amount of available tax attributes will generally not give rise to U.S. federal income tax and will generally have no other U.S. federal income tax impact.

##### **b. Limitation of NOL Carryforwards and Other Tax Attributes**

After giving effect to the reduction in tax attributes pursuant to excluded COD Income and the worthless stock deduction rules described above, Debtors' ability to use any remaining tax attributes post-emergence may be subject to certain limitations under sections 382 and 383 of the IRC. ~~No determination has yet been made as to whether the~~ The transactions ~~would contemplated herein, though, are not expected to~~ trigger limitations under section 382 or 383.

*i. General Section 382 Annual Limitation*

Under sections 382 and 383 of the IRC, if a corporation undergoes an “ownership change,” the amount of its NOLs and, if the corporation has an overall “net unrealized built in loss” in its assets, and certain other tax attributes of the Debtors allocable to periods prior to the Effective Date (collectively, “**Pre Change Losses**”) that may be utilized to offset future taxable income generally are subject to an annual limitation. This discussion refers to the limitation determined under section 382 of the IRC in the case of an “ownership change” as the “**Section 382 Limitation.**”

However, ~~if~~ the transactions ~~did~~ trigger the Section 382 Limitation and if a corporation (or consolidated group) has a net unrealized built-in loss at the time of an ownership change (taking into account most assets and items of “built-in” income and deductions), then generally built-in losses (including amortization or depreciation deductions attributable to such built-in losses) recognized during the following five years (up to the amount of the original net unrealized built-in loss) will be treated as Pre-Change Losses and similarly will be subject to the annual limitation. In general, a corporation’s (or consolidated group’s) net unrealized built-in loss will be deemed to be zero unless it is greater than the lesser of (a) \$10,000,000, or (b) 15 percent of the fair market value of its assets (with certain adjustments) before the ownership change.

In general, the annual Section 382 Limitation on the use of Pre Change Losses in any “post-change year” is equal to the product of (i) the fair market value of the stock of the corporation immediately before the “ownership change” (with certain adjustments) multiplied by (ii) the “long term tax exempt rate” (which is the highest of the adjusted federal long-term rates in effect for any month in the 3-calendar-month period ending with the calendar month in which the “ownership change” occurs). If the corporation has an overall “net unrealized built-in gain” as determined pursuant to IRS Notice 2003-65, the Section 382 Limitation may be increased to the extent that the Debtors recognize certain built-in gains in their assets during the five-year period following the ownership change (or are treated as recognizing built-in gains pursuant to the safe harbors provided in IRS Notice 2003-65). Section 383 of the IRC applies a similar limitation to capital loss carryforwards and tax credits. Any unused limitation may be carried forward, thereby increasing the annual limitation in the subsequent taxable year. As discussed below, however, special rules may apply in the case of a corporation which experiences an ownership change as the result of a bankruptcy proceeding.

*ii. Special Bankruptcy Exception*

An exception to the foregoing annual limitation rules generally applies when so called “qualified creditors” of a debtor company in chapter 11 receive, in respect of their claims, together with existing shareholders with respect to their stock, at least 50 percent of the vote and value of the stock of the Debtors (or a controlling corporation if also in chapter 11) pursuant to a confirmed chapter 11 plan (the “**382(l)(5) Exception**”). Under the 382(l)(5) Exception, the Debtors’ Pre Change Losses are not limited on an annual basis but, instead, the Debtors’ NOLs are required to be reduced by the amount of any interest deductions claimed during any taxable

year ending during the three-year period preceding the taxable year that includes the Effective Date, and during the part of the taxable year prior to and including the Effective Date, in respect of all debt converted into stock in the reorganization. If the 382(l)(5) Exception applies and the Debtors undergo another ownership change within two years after consummation, then the Debtors' Pre Change Losses are eliminated in their entirety.

Where the 382(l)(5) Exception is not applicable (either because the debtor does not qualify for it or the debtor otherwise elects not to utilize the 382(l)(5) Exception), a second special rule may apply (the "**382(l)(6) Exception**"). When the 382(l)(6) Exception applies, the annual limitation will be calculated by reference to the lesser of (a) the value of the Common Stock (with certain adjustments) immediately after the ownership change or (b) the value of the Debtors' assets (determined without regard to liabilities) immediately before the ownership change. This differs from the ordinary rule that requires the fair market value of a debtor corporation that undergoes an ownership change to be determined before the events giving rise to the change. The 382(l)(6) Exception differs from the 382(l)(5) Exception in that the debtor corporation is not required to reduce its NOLs by interest deductions in the manner described above, and the debtor may undergo a change of ownership within two years without triggering the elimination of its Pre Change Losses.

~~The Debtors have not determined whether, if section 382 applies to the transactions, they will be eligible for the 382(l)(5) Exception and, if eligible, whether the Debtors will decide to affirmatively elect out of the 382(l)(5) Exception so that the 382(l)(6) Exception instead applies.~~

The Debtors do not expect section 382 or section 383 to apply to the transactions. In addition, on or after the Effective Date, the Debtors intend to adopt stock trading restrictions (similar in substance to the stock trading restrictions currently in force with respect to trading in the Common Stock and Foxconn Preferred Stock) with respect to its Common Stock and Foxconn Preferred Stock, which will substantially reduce the likelihood of an ownership change under section 382 after the Effective Date.

**THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN ARE COMPLEX. THE FOREGOING SUMMARY DOES NOT DISCUSS ALL ASPECTS OF FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION THAT MAY BE RELEVANT TO A PARTICULAR HOLDER IN LIGHT OF SUCH HOLDER'S CIRCUMSTANCES AND INCOME TAX SITUATION. ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM OF THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED BY THE PLAN, INCLUDING THE APPLICABILITY AND EFFECT OF ANY STATE, LOCAL OR NON-U.S. TAX LAWS, AND OF ANY CHANGE IN APPLICABLE TAX LAWS.**

## **ARTICLE VI**

### **SOLICITATION AND VOTING PROCEDURES**

The solicitation procedures attached to the Disclosure Statement Order (the "**Solicitation Procedures**"), which are incorporated into this Disclosure Statement by reference and

summarized below, will be used to collect and tabulate votes on the Plan. The Disclosure Statement Order establishing the Solicitation Procedures should be read in conjunction with this Disclosure Statement and in formulating a decision to vote to accept or reject the Plan. In the event of any conflict between the Solicitation Procedures and this Disclosure Statement, the Solicitation Procedures will control.

#### **A. Holders of Claims and Interests Entitled to Vote on the Plan**

As discussed above, Holders of Claims in Class 3 (General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims), Class 4 (Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests), and Class 5 (Common Stock Interests) (collectively, the “Voting Classes”) are Impaired under the Plan and may, in certain circumstances, receive a distribution under the Plan. Accordingly, Holders of Claims in the Voting Classes are entitled to vote on the Plan and should refer to the Disclosure Statement Order and Solicitation Procedures attached thereto for further instructions on voting.

#### **B. Voting Record Date**

The Record Date for determining whether Holders of Claims or Interests are entitled to vote on the Plan and receive the Solicitation Package (as defined below) in accordance with the Solicitation Procedures is [●].

#### **C. Solicitation Package**

The package of materials (the “**Solicitation Package**”) to be sent to Holders of Claims and Interests in the Voting Classes contain:

1. a cover letter from the Debtors describing the contents of the Solicitation Package and urging the Voting Classes to vote to accept the Plan;
2. a copy of this Disclosure Statement, together with the exhibits hereto, including the Plan, attached as Exhibit A;
3. a copy of the Disclosure Statement Order entered by the Bankruptcy Court;
4. a copy of the notice of the Confirmation Hearing, the Confirmation Objection Deadline, and the Voting Deadline (the “**Confirmation Hearing Notice**”);
5. an appropriate form of Ballot with return instructions and a prepaid, return envelope; and
6. any other materials ordered by the Bankruptcy Court to be included as part of the Solicitation Package.

In addition, the following materials will be sent to Holders of Claims not in the Voting Classes (*i.e.*, Classes 1 and 2) as of the Voting Record Date and Holders of Unclassified Claims as of the Voting Record Date:

1. a copy of the Confirmation Hearing Notice; and
2. a notice informing such Holders that are not entitled to vote under the terms of the Plan.

The Plan, the Disclosure Statement, all Plan Documents, including the Plan Supplement, will be made available online at no charge at the website maintained by the Debtors' Voting Agent at <https://www.kccllc.net/lordstown>. The Debtors will provide parties in interest (at no charge) with hard copies of the Plan and/or Disclosure Statement, as well as any exhibits thereto, upon request to the Voting Agent electronically at [www.kccllc.net/lordstown/inquiry](https://www.kccllc.net/lordstown/inquiry) or by telephone at (877) 709-4757 or (424) 236-7235 (International).

#### **D. Voting on the Plan**

The voting deadline to accept or reject the Plan is [4:00 p.m.] (Prevailing Eastern Time) on [●], 2023, unless extended by the Debtors (the "**Voting Deadline**"). You may submit your Ballot via first class mail, overnight courier, or hand/personal delivery at the address listed below or online at the KCC website listed below. Ballots will not be accepted by facsimile, email, or other electronic means of transmission. Additional details on voting are discussed herein and set forth in Ballots delivered to Holders of Claims or Interests entitled to vote on the Plan.

For your vote to be counted, you must return your properly completed Ballot in accordance with the voting instructions on the Ballot on that it is *actually received* by Kurtzman Carson Consultants, LLC (the "**Voting Agent**"), on or before the Voting Deadline.

#### **DELIVERY OF BALLOTS BY MAIL**

Lordstown Ballot Processing  
c/o KCC  
222 N. Pacific Coast Highway  
Suite 300  
El Segundo, CA 90245

#### **ONLINE SUBMISSION OF BALLOT**

Submit your Ballot via the Voting Agent's online portal at [www.kccllc.net/lordstown](https://www.kccllc.net/lordstown). Click on the "Submit Electronic Ballot (e-Ballot)" section of the website and follow the instructions to submit your Ballot.

Special procedures are set forth in the Disclosure Statement Order and Solicitation Procedures for beneficial holders who hold securities through a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company, or other agent or nominee ("**Nominee**"). If you received a Solicitation Package addressed to or sent from your Nominee, please return your Ballot to your Nominee allowing enough time for your Nominee to cast your vote on a Ballot or Master Ballot before the Voting

Deadline. Please review the Disclosure Statement Order and Solicitation Procedures for further information concerning such special voting instructions.

#### E. Special Notice Concerning Releases Associated with Voting

Pursuant to Article VIII.D of the Plan, each holder of a Claim or Interest that is entitled to Vote on the Plan and (i) affirmatively votes to accept the Plan or (ii) votes to reject the Plan and does not affirmatively opt out of the third party releases provided for in Article VIII.D by checking the box on the applicable Ballot or form indicating that they opt not to grant such releases in the Plan submitted on or before the Voting Deadline, conclusively, absolutely, unconditionally, irrevocably, and forever released, waived, and discharged, from the Claims specified in the following paragraph, each of the following Persons and Entities (“Released Parties”) in their capacity as such: (i) the Debtors; (ii) the Post-Effective Date Debtors; (iii) each of the Debtors’ Estates; (iv) the UCC, (v) each of the UCC Members, solely in its capacity as a UCC Member; (vi) the EC; (vii) each of the EC Members, solely in its capacity as an EC Member; and (viii) with respect to each of the foregoing Entities in clauses (i) through (vii), their respective current and former officers, directors, employees, attorneys, accountants, investment bankers, consultants and other professionals other than Excluded Parties, each in its capacity as such; *provided that*, notwithstanding anything in the foregoing, any Person or Entity that is an Excluded Party shall not be a Released Party; *provided further that*, notwithstanding anything in the foregoing, any Person or Entity that opts out of the releases shall not be a Released Party

Each Holder of a Claim or Interest that is entitled to Vote on the Plan and (i) affirmatively votes to accept the Plan or (ii) votes to reject the Plan and does not affirmatively opt out of the third party releases provided for in Article VIII.D by checking the box on the applicable Ballot or form indicating that they opt not to grant such releases in the Plan submitted on or before the Voting Deadline, shall release the Released Parties from any and all Claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, Causes of Action, remedies, and liabilities whatsoever (in each case, whether prepetition or postpetition), including any derivative Claims asserted or that may be asserted on behalf of the Debtors or their Estates, that such Entity would have been legally entitled to assert in their own right (whether individually or collectively) or on behalf of the Holder of any Claim or Interest, or any Claims related to or asserted in the Putative Class Actions, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising, in law, equity, or otherwise, based on or relating to, or in any manner arising from, in whole or in part, the Debtors or the conduct of their business (in each case, whether prepetition or postpetition), the formulation, preparation, dissemination, or negotiation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created or entered into in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Chapter 11 Cases, the pursuit of Confirmation, the pursuit of Consummation, the administration and implementation of the Plan, including the distribution of property under the Plan, or any other related agreement, or upon any other act or omission, transaction, agreement, event, or other occurrence taking place on or before the Effective Date (in each case, whether prepetition or postpetition) related or relating to the foregoing; *provided that*, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the foregoing, the releases set forth in this Article VIII.D of the Plan shall not be construed as (i) releasing any Released Party from Claims or Causes of Action arising from an act or omission that is judicially determined by a Final Order to have constituted actual fraud, willful



misconduct, or gross negligence, (ii) releasing any timely filed Proof of Claim (as may be validly amended under the Plan or as maybe permitted by the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules) or any post-Effective Date obligations of or under (A) any party or Entity under the Plan, (B) any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease to the extent such Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease has been assumed by the Debtors pursuant to Final Order, or (C) any document, instrument, or agreement executed to implement the Plan, or (iii) releasing any rights to distributions required to be paid or delivered pursuant to the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

Holders of Claims or Interests may have independent claims against one or more of the Released Parties. Because a vote in favor of the Plan will release whatever claims do exist, if any, against the Released Parties, creditors should consult their own counsel for information and advice as to whether any such claims exist and the value or merit of any such claims. If a Holder of Claims or Interests does not wish to give the releases contemplated under the Plan, then the Holder should vote to reject the Plan and check the applicable box on the Ballot to opt-out of the releases or abstain from voting on the Plan. Any party in interest may object to the proposed third-party release provisions. The Debtors have the burden of proof at the Confirmation Hearing to satisfy the applicable standards for third party releases.

**FOR THE AVOIDANCE OF ANY DOUBT, PURSUANT TO THE THIRD PARTY RELEASES IN THE PLAN, EACH RELEASING PARTY SHALL BE DEEMED TO HAVE CONCLUSIVELY, ABSOLUTELY, UNCONDITIONALLY, IRREVOCABLY, AND FOREVER RELEASED, WAIVED, AND DISCHARGED EACH RELEASED PARTY FROM (AMONG OTHER CLAIMS AS MORE FULLY SET FORTH IN ARTICLE VIIL.D OF THE PLAN) ANY CLAIMS RELATED TO OR ASSERTED IN THE PUTATIVE CLASS ACTIONS (WHICH ACTIONS INCLUDE, FOR THE AVOIDANCE OF ANY DOUBT, (I) THE OHIO SECURITIES CLASS ACTION, (II) THE DELAWARE SHAREHOLDER CLASS ACTION, AND (III) THE POST-PETITION SECURITIES ACTION). PURSUANT TO THE RELEASES, RELEASING PARTIES WOULD BE RELEASING THEIR RIGHTS TO ANY RECOVERIES ARISING FROM THE PUTATIVE CLASS ACTIONS IF SUCH HOLDERS DO NOT OPT OUT OF THE RELEASES PROVIDED FOR IN THE PLAN AND ARE BOUND BY THE THIRD-PARTY RELEASE PROVISIONS OF THE PLAN.**

## **ARTICLE VII**

### **RISK FACTORS TO CONSIDER BEFORE VOTING**

#### **A. Risk of Amendment, Waiver, Modification or Withdrawal of the Plan**

The Debtors and the Post-Effective Date Debtors, as applicable, reserve the right, in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules and consistent with the terms of the Plan, to amend the terms of the Plan or waive any conditions thereto if and to the extent that such amendments or waivers are necessary or desirable to consummate the Plan.

The potential impact of any such amendment or waiver on the holders of Claims and Interests cannot presently be foreseen, but may include a change in the economic impact of the Plan on some or all of the proposed Classes or a change in the relative rights of such Classes.

**B. Parties May Object to the Plan's Classification of Claims and Interests**

Section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code provides that a plan may place a claim or an interest in a particular class only if such claim or interest is substantially similar to the other claims or interests in such class. The Debtors believe that the classification of the Claims and Interests under the Plan complies with this requirement. Nevertheless, there can be no assurance that the Bankruptcy Court will reach the same conclusion or that parties will not object to the proposed classification.

**C. The Debtors May Not Be Able to Obtain Confirmation of the Plan**

The Debtors may not receive the requisite acceptances to confirm the Plan. In the event that votes with respect to Claims in the Class entitled to vote are received in number and amount sufficient to enable the Bankruptcy Court to confirm the Plan, the Debtors intend to seek Confirmation of the Plan by the Bankruptcy Court. However, if the requisite acceptances are not received, the Debtors may not be able to obtain Confirmation of the Plan. Even if the requisite acceptances of the Plan are received, the Bankruptcy Court might not confirm the Plan as proposed if the Bankruptcy Court finds that any of the statutory requirements for confirmation under section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code has not been met

If the Plan is not confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court, there can be no assurance that any alternative plan ~~of liquidation~~ would be on terms as favorable to Holders of Allowed Claims as the terms of the Plan. In addition, there can be no assurance that the Debtor will be able to successfully develop, prosecute, confirm and consummate an alternative plan that is acceptable to the Bankruptcy Court and the Debtors' creditors.

**D. The Chapter 11 Cases May Be Converted to Cases Under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code**

The Bankruptcy Court denied the motion filed by Foxconn to dismiss or convert the Chapter 11 Cases. Nevertheless, if the Bankruptcy Court finds at a later date and pursuant to another motion to dismiss or covert that it would be in the best interest of Holders of Claims and Interests or upon the showing of cause, the Bankruptcy Court may convert the Chapter 11 Cases to cases under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. In such event, a Chapter 7 trustee would be appointed or elected to liquidate our assets for distribution in accordance with the priorities established by the Bankruptcy Code. Although the value, if any, that would be available to any of the Debtors' various stakeholders (including creditors and stockholders) would be uncertain in any bankruptcy proceeding, the Debtors' believe that liquidation under Chapter 7 would result in significantly smaller distributions being made to our stakeholders than those we might obtain under Chapter 11 primarily because of the likelihood that the assets would have to be sold or otherwise disposed of in a distressed fashion over a short period of time rather than in a controlled manner and as a going concern.

### **E. The Conditions Precedent to the Effective Date of the Plan May Not Occur**

As more fully set forth in the Plan, the Effective Date is subject to a number of conditions precedent. If such conditions precedent are not met or waived, the Effective Date will not occur.

### **F. Holders of Claims and Interests May Recover Less Than Projected**

Recoveries to Holders of Claims and Interests of the Debtors will be affected by numerous factors. First, the Cash available for Distributions is uncertain and will depend, in part, on ~~the~~whether or not the asset sale to LandX is consummated, any value that can be realized from the Debtors' remaining assets, the outcome of the ~~sale process, the~~ Foxconn Adversary Proceeding, or any other Causes of Action pursued by the Debtors, and any other efforts to monetize and realize value from the Debtors' assets. The sale process may not generate any additional proceeds for the Debtors estates. Further, although the Debtors believe that the Causes of Action set forth in the Foxconn Adversary Proceeding have merit, litigation is inherently uncertain and the outcome is hard to predict. The Debtors could expend considerable resources prosecuting the Causes of Action in the Foxconn Adversary Proceeding without obtaining a favorable outcome.

~~In addition, Holders of General Unsecured Trade Claims will be paid on a *pro rata* basis solely from a pool of Cash described in the Plan as the GUTC Cash Pool Account. Among other things, recoveries to Holders of General Unsecured Trade Claims could be reduced if the amount of General Unsecured Trade Claims ultimately Allowed against the Debtors and/or the amount of costs and expenses incurred by the Claims Administrator are higher than projected by the Debtors.~~

Further, recoveries to Holders of Claims and Interests ~~other than General Unsecured Trade Claims also~~ will be affected by the amount of Claims and Interests ultimately Allowed against the Debtors. The Debtor's expenses could be higher than projected and Distributions could be reduced by, among other things, the prior payment of fees, costs, and expenses of the Debtors or the costs to administer the Plan. Further, recoveries to a Holder of a Claim or Interest in a particular class will be affected by the amount of Allowed Claims required to be paid by the Debtors pursuant to the Plan, which are *pari passu* or senior to the Claim or Interest held by such Holder.

Although the Debtors have made commercially reasonable efforts to disclose projected recoveries in this Disclosure Statement, as discussed above, it is possible that the amount of Allowed Claims will be materially higher than any range of possible Allowed Claims the Debtors have considered to date, and thus recoveries could be materially reduced or eliminated. In addition, the timing of actual distributions to holders of Allowed Claims and Allowed Interests may be affected by many factors that cannot be predicted. Therefore, the Debtors cannot guarantee the timing of any Distributions.

### **G. The Allowed Amount of Claims May Differ from Current Estimates**

There can be no assurance that the estimated Allowed Claim amounts set forth in the Plan and herein are correct, and the actual amount of Allowed Claims may differ from the

estimates. The estimated amounts are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, the actual amount of Allowed Claims may vary from those estimated in the Disclosure Statement. Furthermore, a number of additional claims may be Filed, including on account of (i) rejection damages for executory contracts and unexpired leases rejected pursuant to the Plan (which may be filed up until the Rejection Damages Bar Date set forth in Article III.I of this Disclosure Statement) and (ii) governmental claims (which may be filed up until the Governmental Bar Date on December 26, 2023). Such claims may be substantial. Any such claims may result in a greater amount of Allowed Claims than estimated in the Disclosure Statement.

## **H. Valuation of the Assets Is Speculative**

Any valuation of any of the assets to be distributed under the Plan is necessarily speculative, and the value of such assets could potentially be zero. Accordingly, the ultimate value, if any, of these assets could materially affect, among other things, recoveries to the Debtors' creditors, including Holders of Claims and Interests in the voting classes.

## **I. Risks Related to Income Taxation**

There are several income tax considerations, risks and uncertainties associated with the Plan. Interested parties should read carefully the discussions set forth in Article VII of the Disclosure Statement regarding certain United States federal income tax consequences of the transactions proposed by the Plan.

## **J. The Sale Process May Not Result In Consummation of a Sale**

As ~~detailed above, on August 8~~described above in Article III.C of this Disclosure Statement, on October 18, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court ~~approved the Bidding Procedures for conducting a comprehensive marketing and sale process for some or substantially all~~entered an order approving the sale of certain of the Debtors' assets. ~~There is no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully complete any such dispositions, the timing or pricing and other terms of any such transactions. The Karma claims exacerbated the challenges faced by the Company as it pursues the sale process because they interfered with the Company's ability to assure potential buyers that they will acquire good title to the assets. However, the Debtors and Karma reached the Karma Settlement Agreement, which has now been approved by the Bankruptcy Court.~~ to LandX, as assignee of LAS Capital, for a gross cash purchase price of approximately \$10.2 million pursuant to the terms of the the APA. Although the Debtors anticipate that the sale of assets to LandX will be consummated as contemplated, there can be no assurances that this will be the case.

~~The failure to consummate a sale of some or substantially all of~~Furthermore, the Debtors<sup>2</sup> ~~assets or to generate substantial proceeds, may be unable to realize significant value from their remaining assets. These outcomes~~ may have a material impact on the ultimate recovery for stakeholders, including creditors.

**K. Certain Impacts on Distributions as a Result of Treatment of Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests**

Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests, which are Unimpaired and deemed to Accept the Plan pursuant to Article III.B.5 of the Plan, may be found to be Impaired. In such a case, the Debtors would be required to satisfy additional requirements under the Bankruptcy Code if Foxconn were to vote to reject the Plan.

In addition, the Bankruptcy Court or another court may find that Foxconn's entitlement to the Liquidation Preference or other amounts with respect to its Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests has been triggered, in which case, absent subordination of the Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests, or other relief, Holders of Common Stock Interests and Holders of Claims with the priority of Common Stock Interests would likely not receive a distribution under the Plan unless and until the Liquidation Preference and other amounts with respect to Foxconn Preferred Stock Interests is paid in full.

**L. ~~K.~~ Certain Risks to Holders of Interests**

Under the Plan, the Holders of Interests (other than Section 510(b) Claims) will continue to hold their Interests after the Effective Date of the Plan and the Debtors are authorized to operate after the Effective Date. Such operations will not include ownership or operation of the Purchased Assets (described and defined in Article III.C of this Disclosure Statement), but could include efforts by the Debtors to enter into one or more transactions to maximize the value of their tax attributes. The nature and result of any post-Effective Date operations is speculative and uncertain. ~~It~~

Moreover, while the Post-Effective Date Debtors intend to continue and maintain securities disclosure and reporting obligations after the Effective Date, there is no assurance that the Post-Effective Date Debtors will be able to do so. In turn, this may restrict, limit, or otherwise impact the ability of Holders of Common Stock Interests to trade such Interests after the Effective Date, including under Rule 144 of the Securities Act.

In addition, in order to preserve the tax attributes of the Debtors, Holders of Interests may be restricted by the Debtors' organizational documents, the Confirmation Order or other order of the Bankruptcy Court from transferring their Interests after the Effective Date. Even if no such restriction is implemented, the Interests are not expected to be listed on any national securities exchange and the market for trading Interests after the Effective Date may be limited.

Further, there can be no assurance that the Debtors will be able to identify or consummate a transaction that ~~monetizes their~~optimizes the tax ~~attributes~~efficiency of the Debtors. As a result, the value of Interests after the Effective Date is highly uncertain.

**M. ~~L.~~ Litigation**

As is the case with most litigation, the outcomes of any litigation involving the Debtor, or any other Retained Cause of Action commenced, or preserved, prior to the Effective Date, are difficult to assess or quantify.

**ARTICLE VIII**  
**ALTERNATIVES TO CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN**

If the Plan is not confirmed and consummated, the Debtors' alternatives include (i) seeking a liquidation of the Debtors under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code or dismissal of the Chapter 11 Cases, or (ii) the preparation and presentation of an alternative chapter 11 plan.

**A. Liquidation under Chapter 7 or dismissal**

If the Plan is not confirmed and consummated, the Debtors' alternatives include (i) seeking a liquidation of the Debtors under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code or dismissal of the Chapter 11 Cases, or (ii) the preparation and presentation of an alternative chapter 11 plan.

The Debtors believe that the Plan is the best alternative available to creditors and interest holders because the Plan provides for an orderly liquidation of the Assets. Furthermore, the Debtors believe that the Plan also provides creditors and interest holders with a degree of certainty that would not exist if the Assets were subject to liquidation outside of the Plan and eliminates the risks and expenses of the marketplace and continual administration of the Debtors. In this regard, in the event of a liquidation under Chapter 7, general unsecured creditors would likely not receive distributions in as large of an amount as they will likely be entitled to under the Plan and equity Interests would likely not be entitled to any recovery, and the following is likely to occur:

- i. Additional administrative expenses, including trustee's commissions, fees for trustee's accountant, attorneys and other professionals likely to be retained, would be incurred with priority over General Unsecured ~~Trade~~ Claims under section 507(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code and would materially reduce creditor recovery.
- ii. Distributions would likely be substantially delayed, while expenses of administration would continue to grow.

Accordingly, it is the Debtors' belief that in a Chapter 7 liquidation of the Debtors, the unsecured creditors would not receive a distribution. Accordingly, the Debtors believe that the Plan is in the best interests of creditors. See Liquidation Analysis attached hereto as **Exhibit C**.

If the Plan is not confirmed, the Estates may lack sufficient funds to continue the Chapter 11 Cases or return a meaningful recovery to stakeholders, and they could be converted to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code in which a trustee would be elected or appointed to



liquidate and distribute the Debtors' Assets to creditors in accordance with the priorities established by the Bankruptcy Code. In addition, the Debtors believe that liquidation under chapter 7 would result in smaller distributions being made to creditors than those provided for under the Plan because of (i) the increased costs and expenses under chapter 7 arising from fees payable to a trustee in bankruptcy and professional advisers to such trustee, and (ii) the time required to make distributions in a chapter 7 case. Alternatively, the Debtors could seek to dismiss the Chapter 11 Cases. The Debtors believe that recoveries to creditors would be meaningless under such a scenario. Moreover, they believe that obtaining Bankruptcy Court approval of a structured dismissal is an uncertain outcome.

Accordingly, the Debtors have determined that confirmation of the Plan will provide each holder of an Allowed Claim or Interest with a recovery that is not less than the amount such holder would receive pursuant to liquidation of the Debtors under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

### **B. Alternative Chapter 11 Plan.**

If the Plan is not confirmed, the Debtors or any other party in interest could attempt to formulate a different chapter 11 plan. Alternatives to the Plan may include differing treatment to General Unsecured Creditor or Holders of Interests. If an alternative plan is pursued, creditors and equity holders would lose the recoveries derived from the Plan. Accordingly, the Debtors believe that the Plan enables creditors and equity holders to realize the highest recoveries under the circumstances.

## **ARTICLE IX** **CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN**

The Bankruptcy Court will confirm the Plan only if all of the requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code are met. Among the requirements for confirmation are that the Plan is (A) accepted by all impaired Classes of Claims and Interests entitled to vote or, if rejected or deemed rejected by an impaired Class, that the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" as to such Class; (B) in the "best interests" of the Holders of Claims and Interests impaired under the Plan; and (C) feasible.

### **A. Acceptance of the Plan**

The Bankruptcy Code defines "acceptance" of a plan by a class of (i) Claims as acceptance by creditors in that class that hold at least two-thirds (2/3) in dollar amount and more than one-half (1/2) in number of the Claims that cast ballots for acceptance or rejection of the Plan and (ii) Interests as acceptance by interest Holders in that class that hold at least two-thirds (2/3) in amount of the Interests that cast ballots for acceptance or rejection of the Plan. Holders of Claims or Interests that fail to vote are not counted in determining the thresholds for acceptance of the Plan.

If any impaired Class of Claims or Interests does not accept the Plan (or is deemed to reject the Plan), the Bankruptcy Court may still confirm the Plan at the request of the Debtors if, as to each impaired Class of Claims or Interests that has not accepted the Plan (or is deemed to reject the Plan), the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" under the

so-called “cram down” provisions set forth in section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. The “unfair discrimination” test applies to classes of claims or interests that are of equal priority and are receiving different treatment under the Plan. A chapter 11 plan does not discriminate unfairly, within the meaning of the Bankruptcy Code, if the legal rights of a dissenting class are treated in a manner consistent with the treatment of other classes whose legal rights are substantially similar to those of the dissenting class and if no class of claims or interests receives more than it legally is entitled to receive for its claims or interests. The test does not require that the treatment be the same or equivalent, but that such treatment be “fair.” The “fair and equitable” test applies to classes of different priority and status (e.g., secured versus unsecured; claims versus interests) and includes the general requirement that no class of claims receive more than 100% of the allowed amount of the claims in such class. As to the dissenting class, the test sets different standards that must be satisfied in order for the Plan to be confirmed, depending on the type of claims or interests in such class. The following sets forth the “fair and equitable” test that must be satisfied as to each type of class for a plan to be confirmed if such class rejects the plan:

- **Secured Creditors.** Each holder of an impaired secured claim either (a) retains its liens on the property, to the extent of the allowed amount of its secured claim, and receives deferred cash payments having a value, as of the effective date of the plan, of at least the allowed amount of such secured claim, (b) has the right to credit bid the amount of its claim if its property is sold and retains its lien on the proceeds of the sale, or (c) receives the “indubitable equivalent” of its allowed secured claim.
- **Unsecured Creditors.** Either (a) each holder of an impaired unsecured claim receives or retains under the plan, property of a value, as of the effective date of the plan, equal to the amount of its allowed claim or (b) the Holders of claims and interests that are junior to the claims of the dissenting class will not receive any property under the plan.
- **Interests.** Either (a) each equity interest holder will receive or retain under the plan property of a value equal to the greater of (i) the fixed liquidation preference or redemption price, if any, of such equity interest and (ii) the value of the equity interest or (b) the Holders of interests that are junior to the interests of the dissenting class will not receive or retain any property under the plan.

**IF ALL OTHER CONFIRMATION REQUIREMENTS ARE SATISFIED AT THE CONFIRMATION HEARING, THE DEBTORS WILL ASK THE BANKRUPTCY COURT TO RULE THAT THE PLAN MAY BE CONFIRMED ON THE GROUND THAT THE SECTION 1129(b) REQUIREMENTS HAVE BEEN SATISFIED.**

#### **B. Best Interests Test**

The Bankruptcy Code requires that each holder of an impaired claim or interest either (1) accepts the plan or (2) receives or retains under the plan property of a value, as of the effective date, that is not less than the value such holder would receive if the debtor were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. This requirement is customarily referred to as the “best interests” test. The Debtors believe that the value of any distributions to Holders of

Allowed Claims and Interests in a chapter 7 case would be less than the value of distributions under the Plan.

### **C. Feasibility**

The Bankruptcy Code requires that a chapter 11 plan provide for payment in full of all administrative and priority claims unless holders of such claim consent to other treatment. Each Holder of an Allowed Other Priority Claim will receive payment in full in Cash or other treatment rendering such claim Unimpaired, unless such Holder agrees to less favorable treatment. The Debtors therefore believe that the Plan is feasible.

### **D. Confirmation Hearing and Plan Objection Deadline**

Section 1128(a) of the Bankruptcy Code requires the Bankruptcy Court to hold a confirmation hearing upon appropriate notice to all required parties. The Confirmation Hearing is scheduled for **[●], 2023 at [●] (Prevailing Eastern Time) (the “Confirmation Hearing”)**, or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard, before the Honorable Mary F. Walrath, United States Bankruptcy Judge. The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court without further notice except for the announcement of the continuation date made at the Confirmation Hearing, at any subsequent continued Confirmation Hearing, or pursuant to a notice filed on the docket for the Chapter 11 Cases. The Bankruptcy Court has directed that any objections to confirmation of the Plan be filed and served on or before **[●], at 4:00 p.m. (Prevailing Eastern Time) (the “Plan Objection Deadline”)**.

Section 1128(b) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that any party in interest may object to the confirmation of a plan. Any objection to confirmation of the Plan must be in writing, must conform to the Bankruptcy Rules and the local rules of the Bankruptcy Court, must set forth the name of the objector, the nature and amount of Claims or Interests held or asserted by the objector against the Debtors’ estates or properties, the basis for the objection and the specific grounds therefor, and must be Filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served upon all of the below parties in accordance with the Bankruptcy Rules and the local rules of the Bankruptcy Court.

**If to the Debtors, to:**

Lordstown Motors Corp.  
~~27000~~38555 Hills Tech ~~Ct~~Dr.,  
Farmington Hills, MI 48331  
Attn: Melissa Leonard

-and-

~~Richards, Layton & Finger, P.A.~~  
~~One Rodney Square~~  
Womble Bond Dickson (US) LLP  
9201313 North King Market Street, Suite 1200  
Wilmington, ~~DE~~Delaware 19801  
~~Attn: Kevin Gross~~  
~~Attn: Paul N. Heath~~  
Attn: ~~Daniel~~Donald J. ~~DeFraneesechi~~  
~~Attn: Amanda R. Steele~~Detweiler  
~~Attn: Jason M. Mardon~~  
Morgan L. Patterson  
~~gross@rlf~~don.detweiler@wbd-us.com

~~defraneesechi@rlf~~morgan.patterson@wbd-us.com  
~~heath@rlf.com~~  
~~steele@rlf.com~~  
~~madron@rlf.com~~

White & Case LLP  
Southeast Financial Center  
200 South Biscayne Boulevard, Suite 4900  
Miami, Florida 33131  
Attn: Thomas E Lauria  
Attn: Matthew C. Brown  
Attn: Fan B. He  
tlauria@whitecase.com  
mbrown@whitecase.com  
fhe@whitecase.com

-and-

White & Case LLP  
1221 Avenue of the Americas  
New York, New York 10020  
Attn: David M. Turetsky  
david.turetsky@whitecase.com

White & Case LLP  
111 South Wacker Drive  
Suite 5100  
Chicago, Illinois 60606  
~~(312) 881-5400~~

Attn: Jason N. Zakia  
jzakia@whitecase.com

-and-

White & Case LLP  
555 South Flower Street, Suite 2700  
Los Angeles, CA 90071  
Roberto Kampfner  
Attn: Roberto Kampfner  
Attn: Doah Kim  
Attn: RJ Szuba  
rkampfner@whitecase.com  
doah.kim@whitecase.com  
rj.szuba@whitecase.com

**If to the ~~Committee~~UCC, to:**

Troutman Pepper Hamilton Sanders LLP  
Hercules Plaza  
1313 N. Market Street, Ste 5100  
Wilmington, DE 19801  
Attn: David M. Fournier  
Attn: Marcy J. McLaughlin Smith  
Attn: Tori L. Remington  
david.fournier@troutman.com  
marcy.smith@troutman.com  
tori.remington@troutman.com

-and-

Troutman Pepper Hamilton Sanders LLP  
3000 Two Logan Square 18th & Arch Streets  
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2799  
Attn: Francis J. Lawall  
francis.lawall@troutman.com

Troutman Pepper Hamilton Sanders LLP  
875 Third Avenue  
New York, NY 10022  
Attn: Deborah Kovsky-Apap  
deborah.kovsky@troutman.com

-and-

Troutman Pepper Hamilton Sanders LLP  
4000 Town Center, Suite 1800  
Southfield, MI 48075  
Attn: Sean McNally  
sean.mcnally@troutman.com

**If to the EC, to:**

500 Delaware Avenue, Suite 1500  
Wilmington, DE 19801  
Attn: Eric J. Monzo  
Brya M. Keilson  
emonzo@morrisjames.com  
bkeilson@morrisjames.com

Brown Rudnick LLP  
7 Times Square  
New York, NY 10036  
Attn: Robert J. Stark  
Bennett S. Silverberg  
rstark@brownrudnick.com  
bsilverberg@brownrudnick.com

-and-

One Financial Center  
Boston, MA 02111  
Attn: Tristan G. Axelrod  
Matthew A. Sawyer  
taxelrod@brownrudnick.com  
msawyer@brownrudnick.com

**UNLESS AN OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION IS TIMELY SERVED AND FILED, IT MAY NOT BE CONSIDERED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT.**

**E. Payment of Statutory Fees**

All fees payable pursuant to section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code prior to the Effective Date shall be paid on or before the Effective Date. All such fees that arise after the Effective Date shall be paid by the Estates, the Post-Effective Date Debtors, or the Claims Administrator in the ordinary course. The Post-Effective Date Debtors and the Claims Administrator shall have the obligation to pay quarterly fees to the Office of the United States Trustee pursuant to section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code until the Chapter 11 Case is closed, dismissed or converted. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, the U.S. Trustee shall not be required to file any proofs of claim with respect to quarterly fees payable pursuant to section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code.

**F. Governing Law**

Except to the extent that the Bankruptcy Code or other federal law is applicable, or to the extent an exhibit hereto or a document in the Plan Supplement provides otherwise, the rights, duties and obligations arising under the Plan shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to the principles of conflict of laws thereof.

**G. Notice of Entry of Confirmation Order and Relevant Dates**

Promptly upon entry of the Confirmation Order, the Debtors shall file on the docket and serve upon parties who have entered their appearance a notice of the entry of the Confirmation Order and all relevant deadlines and dates under the Plan.

**H. Modification of the Plan and Amendments**

The Plan may only be amended, modified or supplemented in the manner provided for by section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code or as otherwise permitted by law without additional disclosure pursuant to section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code. [The Debtors shall consult with the UCC and EC with respect to any amendment to, modification or supplementation of the Plan prior to the Effective Date.](#)

**I. Revocation, Withdrawal or Non-Consummation of Plan**

If the Debtors revoke or withdraw the Plan with respect to any one or more of the Debtors, or if confirmation or consummation of the Plan does not occur as to any Debtor, then, as to such Debtor, (a) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects and (b) any settlements and compromises embodied in the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant the Plan and not otherwise approved by a separate Final Order shall be deemed null and void and nothing contained in the Plan and no acts taken in preparation for consummation of the Plan shall (i) constitute or be deemed to constitute a waiver or release of any Claims against or Interests in such Debtor or any other Person, (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights of any of the Debtors or any other Person in any other further proceedings involving such Debtor or (iii) constitute or be deemed to constitute an admission of any sort by the Debtors or any other Person. None of the filing of the Plan, the taking by the Debtors or other party in interest of any action with respect to



the Plan or any statement or provision contained in the Plan shall be or be deemed to be an admission by the Debtors or other party in interest against interest, or be or be deemed to be a waiver of any rights, Claims or remedies that the Debtors or other party in interest may have, and until the Effective Date all such rights and remedies are and shall be specifically reserved. In the event the Plan is not confirmed and the Confirmation Order is not entered, the Plan and the Plan Documents and any document contained in the Plan Supplement, and any statement contained in the Plan or ~~such documents~~ Plan Documents, may not be used by any Person (and any government, governmental agency or any subdivision, department or other instrumentality thereof) against the Debtors and other parties in interest. The Debtors shall consult with the ~~Committee~~ UCC and EC with respect to the revocation or withdrawal of the Plan with respect to any one or more of the Debtors.

#### **J. Binding Effect**

The Plan shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Debtors and the Post-Effective Date Debtors and the Holders of all Claims and Interests and their respective successors and assigns.

#### **K. Severability of Plan Provisions**

If, prior to the Effective Date, any term or provision of the Plan is held by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void or unenforceable, the Bankruptcy Court, at the request of the Debtors in consultation with the ~~Committee~~ UCC and the EC, shall have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be applicable as altered or interpreted. Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration or interpretation, the remainder of the terms and provisions of the Plan will remain in full force and effect and will in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated by such holding, alteration or interpretation. The Confirmation Order shall constitute a judicial determination and shall provide that each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with the foregoing, is valid and enforceable pursuant to its terms.

#### **L. No Admissions**

AS TO CONTESTED MATTERS, ADVERSARY PROCEEDINGS AND OTHER CAUSES OF ACTION OR THREATENED CAUSES OF ACTION, THE PLAN SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE OR BE CONSTRUED AS AN ADMISSION OF ANY FACT OR LIABILITY, STIPULATION, OR WAIVER, BUT RATHER AS A STATEMENT MADE IN SETTLEMENT NEGOTIATIONS.

#### **M. Dissolution of the ~~Committee~~ UCC and EC**

On the Effective Date, the ~~Committee~~ EC shall dissolve and all members, *ex officio* members, employees, attorneys, financial advisors, other Professionals or other agents thereof shall be released from all rights and duties arising from or related to the Chapter 11 Case or the Plan and its implementation, and the retention or employment of the ~~Committee's~~ EC's attorneys

and financial advisors and other agents shall terminate, ~~provided, that,~~ the ~~Committee~~<sup>EC</sup> shall continue in existence and its Professionals shall continue to be retained with respect to (i) applications Filed or to be Filed pursuant to sections 330 and 331 of the Bankruptcy Code and (ii) any appeals of the Confirmation Order.

Following the Effective Date, the UCC shall continue in existence and its Professionals shall continue to be retained with respect to (i) the duties and activities of the UCC set forth in the Plan, (ii) applications Filed or to be Filed pursuant to sections 330 and 331 of the Bankruptcy Code, and (iii) any appeals of the Confirmation Order; provided however that with respect to the role of the UCC set forth in clause (i) of this paragraph, the fees and costs payable to the UCC and its Professionals shall not exceed \$25,000 in the first thirty (30) days following the Effective Date and \$15,000 in each of the next succeeding five thirty (30) day periods, provided that the difference between the maximum fees and costs payable during any thirty (30) day period and the actual amount of fees and costs actually incurred during such period may only be carried forward and added to the maximum fees and expenses payable in any subsequent thirty (30) day period. In no event shall the total fees and costs paid to the UCC in respect of its duties and activities under the Plan exceed \$100,000 (the “UCC Aggregate Cap”). The Post-Effective Date Debtor shall be entitled to review all of the fees and expenses incurred by the UCC after the Effective Date for reasonableness and any dispute regarding such fees and costs shall be resolved by the Bankruptcy Court.

Within the first six (6) months following the Effective Date, the UCC shall be automatically dissolved upon the conclusion of the Claims reconciliation process, or at any such other time within such period determined by the UCC. If the Claims resolution process has not been concluded within the six (6) months following the Effective Date, the UCC shall continue to exist until the earliest to occur of: (a) the conclusion of the Claims reconciliation process and (b) the end of the eighteenth (18<sup>th</sup>) month following the Effective Date; provided, that the UCC may agree to dissolve at any time prior to its required termination. In the interest of clarity, the parties agree that the UCC shall remain subject to the UCC Aggregate Cap regardless of its date of dissolution.

#### **N. Time**

In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by the Plan, unless otherwise set forth in the Plan or determined by the Bankruptcy Court, the provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 9006 as in effect on the Petition Date shall apply. With regard to all dates and the periods of time set forth or referred to in the Plan, time is of the essence.

#### **O. Successors and Assigns**

The rights, benefits and obligations of any Person (and any government, governmental agency or any subdivision, department or other instrumentality thereof) named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of, any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign of such Person (and any government, governmental agency or any subdivision, department or other instrumentality thereof).

**P. Conflict between Plan, Disclosure Statement and Plan Documents**

In the event of any conflict between the terms and provisions in the Plan and the terms and provisions in the Disclosure Statement, any Plan Document or any document in the Plan Supplement, the terms and provisions of the Plan shall control and govern.

**Q. Substantial Consummation**

On the Effective Date, the Plan shall be deemed to be substantially consummated under sections 1101 and 1127(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

**R. Plan Exhibits**

Any and all exhibits to the Plan or other lists or schedules not filed with the Plan shall be filed with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court at least seven (7) Business Days prior to the Plan Objection Deadline, unless the Plan provides otherwise. Upon such filing, such documents may be inspected in the office of the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court during normal court hours. Holders of Claims or Interests may obtain a copy of any such document upon written request to the Debtors in accordance with Article I.H of the Plan or online at <https://www.kccllc.net/lordstown>. The Debtors explicitly reserve the right to, in the exercise of its sole and absolute discretion, modify or make additions to or subtractions from any schedule to the Plan and to modify any exhibit to the Plan prior to the Plan Objection Deadline.

**ARTICLE X**  
**CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION**

The Debtors believe the Plan is in the best interests of all stakeholders and urge all Holders of ~~Impaired~~ Claims ~~entitled~~ and Interests in voting classes to vote ~~in favor of~~ to accept the Plan.

The UCC also supports the Plan and urges all Holders of General Unsecured Claims to vote to accept the Plan.

Furthermore, the EC supports the Plan and urges all Holders of Common Equity Interests to vote to accept the Plan.

Dated: ~~September 1~~ October 24, 2023  
Wilmington, Delaware

Respectfully submitted,

LORDSTOWN MOTORS CORP. AND ITS  
AFFILIATED DEBTORS

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title: Authorized Officer

**EXHIBIT A**

**Plan**

**EXHIBIT B**

**Organizational Chart**

**EXHIBIT C**

**Liquidation Analysis**

~~**{To Come}**~~



**Exhibit D**

**Foxconn Complaint**

<b>Summary report:</b> <b>Litera Compare for Word 11.4.0.111 Document comparison done on</b> <b>10/24/2023 1:51:12 AM</b>	
<b>Style name:</b> 2 WC StandardSet	
<b>Intelligent Table Comparison:</b> Active	
<b>Original DMS:</b> iw://AMERICAS_DMS/AMERICAS/124968166/1	
<b>Modified DMS:</b> iw://AMERICAS_DMS/AMERICAS/124968166/6	
<b>Changes:</b>	
Add	924
Delete	806
Move From	50
Move To	50
Table Insert	8
Table Delete	1
Table moves to	0
Table moves from	0
Embedded Graphics (Visio, ChemDraw, Images etc.)	1
Embedded Excel	0
Format changes	0
<b>Total Changes:</b>	1840